IF YOU ARE WEDDED

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THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1897. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

COWBOY BIKERS.

How these hardy riders have adopted the silent steed on the western ranches.

TARIFF SMUGGLERS

Try to outwit customs officers. Read about them tomorrow.

FIRST EDITION

THE WEATHER

Forecast for New England: Thunder storms, severe in some localities; cooler; southwesterly gales.

ALMANAC, MONDAY, AUG. 16.
Sun rises—4:53; sets, 6:41.
Length of day—13:51.
Moon rises—8:17 p. m.
High water—1:30 a. m.; 2 p. m.

SENTENCED TO DIE

Canovas Assassin Court Martialed Yesterday

RETURNED MINER FROM ALASKA TALKS

Says Many Fool-hardy Ones Will be Frozen.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—Michael Qingiolillo, the anarchist assassin of Premier Canovas del Castillo of Spain, who was tried by court martial at Vergar yesterday, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

KLONDIKE IS INACCESSIBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Daniel Gable, an old experienced miner, has returned from Dyea, Alaska, and says it is impossible to get through to the Klondike region before spring. He says many will be frozen up all winter, if they attempt to get through and may perish.

FUNERALS.

REED—The funeral of George Reed occurred yesterday afternoon from the residence of his parents, 1055 Lakeview avenue, Dracut. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

TULLY—The funeral of Ernest Tully son of Peter and Lena Tully, took place yesterday afternoon at their residence, No. 137 Jewett street. Rev. Mr. Hall conducted the service and interment was made in the Edson cemetery.

RILEY—The funeral of Winnifred Riley took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 419 Lakeview avenue. The casket was surrounded by a large number of floral tributes, which testified to the esteem in which the deceased was held by her associates. The bearers were Michael Soully, Thomas Mullarkey, Oscar Morgan, Thomas Donnelly, Bartholomew Mullen, and John Flannery. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'CONNELL—The funeral of Richard O'Connell took place from his late home on Fay street this morning and was very largely attended.

At 8.30, sixty members of the fire department, led by acting chief Norton, and headed by the Lowell Military band, marched from the Central fire station to the late home of the deceased. The funeral cortege then proceeded to the Sacred Heart church, where a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated for the repose of his soul. Mgr. William H. O'Connell of Rome, a brother of the deceased, officiated, with Rev. Michael Ronan, deacon; and Rev. Fr. McRory, O. M. I., sub-deacon. The choir, directed by Miss Adelaide Sullivan, rendered Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos in the Lebera were sung by Mr. James Murphy. Mr. James E. Donnelly sang "I Love to Hear my Savior's Voice," and "Calvary," was finely rendered by Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan. After the service the cortege proceeded to the Catholic cemetery where the interment took place.

Among the floral offerings placed on the grave of the deceased were a mammoth arch on the base of which was a fireman's hat, inscribed "L.F.D." from the fire department and a cross and anchor inscribed "Hope" from Hope Company, of which deceased was a member. The bearers were eight members of the fire department.

DEATHS.

LUDWIG—John A. Ludwig, aged 41 years, died yesterday at his home, 321 Worthen street.

VINING—Bertha Vining, aged 17 years, died Saturday afternoon at the Lowell General hospital.

LITTLEHALE—John Littlehale, one of the oldest and best known residents of Tyngsboro, whose family name has been identified with the town almost during its existence, died Saturday night, at the age of 77 years, of heart disease.

CITY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The democratic city committee will meet at 8 o'clock tonight in Jackson hall, to take action on the death of the late secretary, John F. Tully. Treasurer Owens has ordered a nice floral offering from "Dick" Griffiths.

A BIG FISH.

Edward Cahill, Peter Davey, George Nawn, and J. Gallagher went fishing in Boston harbor yesterday, and Mr. Cahill caught a codfish which, when dressed, weighed 16 pounds.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

PRINCE HENRI WOUNDED

Pierced by the Sword of Count of Turin a Duel

THE COUNT OF TURIN.
Young Nephew of Italy's King, Who Resented Criticism of Italian Officers on the Field of Honor.

Deadly Combat Yesterday at 5 O'clock—Count of Turin Hurt in the Arm—Account of Duel and Arrangements Therefor.

Paris, Aug. 16. — The Count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans fought a duel with swords at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in the Bois de Marchaux, at Vaneresson. M. Leontieff acted as umpire. The fighting was most determined and lasted 25 minutes. There were five engagements, of which two were at close quarters. Prince Henri received two serious wounds in the right shoulder and the right side of the abdomen. The Count of Turin was wounded in the right hand. Prince Henri was taken to the residence of the Duc De Chartres and received medical attendance.

The condition of Prince Henri is as satisfactory as could be expected. The doctors, after consultation, express the opinion that no important organ was touched, but absolute rest is necessary for recovery.

Owing to rumors at Naples and elsewhere the public had not expected the duel to come off. It was, therefore, quite private.

The official account furnished by the seconds recites fully the circumstances leading up to the encounter.

The Count of Turin, considering the letters of Prince Henri of Orleans to The Figaro offensive to the Italian army, wrote him on July 6 demanding a retraction. This letter could not be answered until Aug. 11, the day of the arrival of Prince Henri in France. The prince replied to the count's demand by telegram, maintaining the right of a traveler to record his experiences.

The official account then describes the arrangements for the duel, gives the names of the respective seconds and says: At their first interview they agreed that the encounter was inevitable. By common accord the conditions were settled as follows:

The weapon to be the duelling sword; each combatant to use that of his own country, but the blades to be of equal length; either combatant being at liberty to maintain the ground he gains and each to be allowed the space of 15 meters within which to advance or retire; each assault to continue four minutes; the combat to be resumed in the positions occupied and only to be terminate on the decision of the four seconds or the advice of the doctor, when one of the adversaries is manifestly in a state of inferiority; the conduct of the meeting to be entrusted alternately to the two parties, lots being drawn at commencement.

This latter feature of the arrangement was due to the formal objection of the seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans to the direction of the encounter by a fifth party. At a later meeting the seconds decided upon the rendezvous.

The proces-verbal then proceeds to describe the encounter. It says that in the first assault Prince Henri was hit in the right breast, though the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue. On the strength of the report of the doctors the seconds decided that the combat must go on.

The second assault was stopped, because the combatants came into close quarters.

In the third assault the Count of Turin was hit in the back of the right hand, but the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue.

In the fourth assault the umpire, Major Leontieff, declared that the sword of Prince Henri was bent and stopped the engagement long enough to furnish his royal highness with a new weapon. In the fifth assault the combatants again got into close quarters and were immediately stopped, Prince Henri, in a counter blow, being hit in the right lower region of the abdomen. The doctors on both sides examined the wound and declared that Prince Henri was rendered by it clearly inferior to his antagonist. Major Leontieff and M. Mourichon proposed that the combat be stopped, and this was done by common accord. While his wound was being dressed, Prince Henri, raising himself upon the ground, extended his hand to the Count of Turin, saying, "Allow me, monseigneur, to shake hands with you." The count extended his hand.

The physicians present were Drs. Teupet and Hartmann on behalf of Prince Henri and Dr. Carle on behalf of the Count of Turin. This account of the fighting was signed by the seconds.

The details of the duel show that the encounter was very sharp and determined. Immediately on the crossing of swords Prince Henri vigorously pressed his adversary. The Count of Turin retreated to the limit of the ground, and then resuming the offensive touched his opponent. The third and fourth assaults ended in long engagements within guard. The Temps says that the wound in the abdomen of Prince Henri is serious, but not alarming. Had the Count of Turin's steel gone half a centimetre deeper the intestines would have been perforated.

After his wound has received a preliminary dressing Prince Henri walked to his carriage unaided.

The Count of Turin, accompanied by his seconds, left Paris for Italy yesterday afternoon. He was not experiencing any special distress from his wound.

The seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans were M. De Leontieff, governor general of the equatorial provinces of Abyssinia, and M. Raoul Mourichon. The Count of Turin's were General Count Avogadro Di Quinto and the Marquis Carlo Di Ginori.

JOY AT ROME.

Rome, Aug. 16.—The news of the result of the duel was received here with the greatest enthusiasm. Crowds filled the streets, cheering for the Count of Turin and the army and calling upon the bands in the public squares to play the royal hymn.

SQUADRON INCREASED.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 16.—The largest fleet of warships ever gathered in this once famous harbor, and even in any harbor on the New England coast, is here now. Yesterday morning the squadron was joined by the battleship Iowa and cruisers Texas and Brooklyn, which came over from Cape Cod during the night. Admiral Sicard demonstrated that there was water enough in this harbor to float all the vessels, and they were anchored inside. This made each vessel easy of access, and all day crowds of sightseers thronged the decks. The fleet will sail tonight for Portland.

2 O'CLOCK

AT TRULL FARM

Lightning Causes Great Destruction to Property

HOUSE AND BARN BURNED TO GROUND

Scarcity of Water Baffled the Firemen

A lightning bolt during the storm yesterday afternoon caused the total destruction of the entire set of buildings on the noted old Trull farm in Tewksbury, just beyond the city line.

The Trull estate is an old landmark on Andover street and is situated just beyond the Pickering residence and opposite the Clark road. The buildings consisted of a two-story house, an immense barn and a long shed, connecting the house and barn.

About 4.30, during the heavy shower, a bolt of lightning struck the barn and a sheet of flame spread through it.

The nearest fire alarm box in Lowell is that numbered 47 at the Butler estate. An alarm was rung in from that box at 4.45 o'clock and the fire department responded quickly. The scene of the fire being over a mile distant from the box, the horses had a long and tedious pull, and after arriving there, the firemen could find no water to extinguish the flames which had already destroyed the entire barn.

Steamer 3 was taken around back of the John E. Foster house to a well and a suction rigged to it. The steamer sank in the soft soil to the hubs and after the fire, it took five horses to get it out.

Firemen and spectators worked hard to get out the furniture before the fire reached the house. Everything was reached and covered with rubber blankets. The absence of water made it impossible to check the flames, the steamer taking all the water from the well in a few minutes.

The fire made a brilliant sight and could be plainly seen for miles around.

The barn which was the first to go, contained between 60 and 75 tons of hay. The horses were in pasture and thus escaped while the other live stock was taken out all right.

The Trull farm has for the last 60 years or so been the residence of Larkin Thorndike Trull, who is now 78 years of age. He is an uncle of Larkin T. Trull of this city. He and his wife have been well known and respected residents of Tewksbury for a long time. The loss of their home comes on them as a heavy blow which cannot be measured in money. The buildings, except the barn, are old, and the actual loss was estimated yesterday at $5000. The barn was built at a comparatively recent date.

Those who saw the bolt state that it scattered the shingles in every direction.

The buildings were insured, but there was no insurance on the new hay. The recall sounded at 8 o'clock.

The grand parade of the Pawnee Bill Wild West show will occur here on Wednesday morning next.

The members of the Bohemian boat club and lady friends will enjoy a sail on the river, Thursday night.

The liquor inspectors made a seizure yesterday from Annie Powland, No. 20 Howe street, and Naclsse Duclas, No. 487 Market street.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A WHOLE SUIT, $3.50

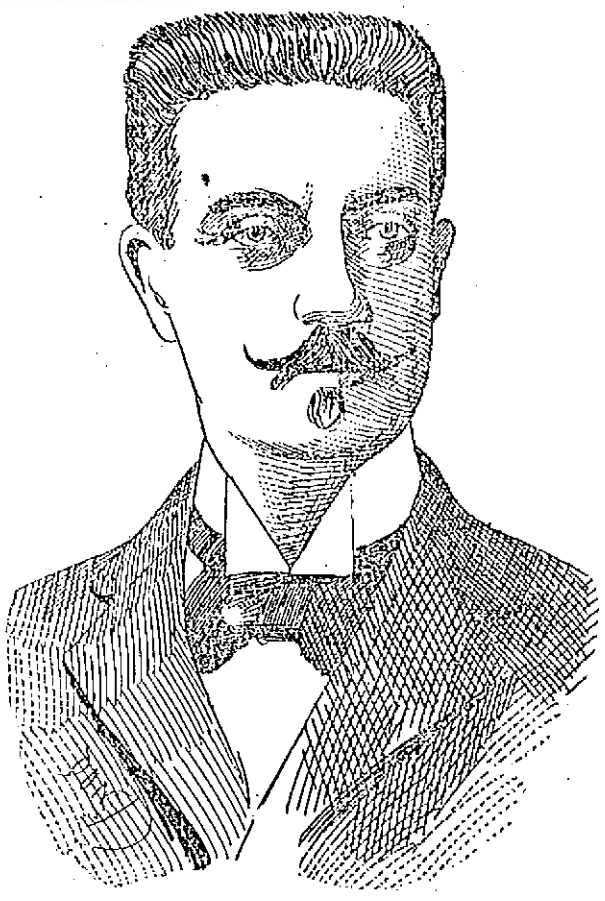
Strictly pure Linen Crash, Single Breasted, from 34 to 46 breast measure, thoroughly shrunk and made to fit. The rainy weather has washed $1.50 off the price.

Another Lot

Very best Linen Crash, Single and Double Breast, nearly every size—some stouts among them. The Five Dollar price on them this week represents about half their value.

Open, City Hall.

Merrimack Clothing Company



PRINCE HENRI OF ORLEANS,
Decendant of French Royal Family, Who Declared That Conduct of Italian Officers in Abyssinian War Was Cowardly.

JOHN F. TULLY

A YOUNG MAN WELL KNOWN IN DEMOCRATIC POLITICS.

John F. Tully, aged 32 years, died at his home 105 Westford street, last evening.

Deceased was for several years secretary of the Democratic city committee, and devoted his time to his official duties, leaving nothing undone that would aid in the success of the party. He succeeded James A. Sullivan as secretary two years ago and

JOHN F. TULLY.

since then has been re-elected by a unanimous vote. He stood well in the party ranks and held a good, clean record as a democrat. He has been ailing for a short time and in the winter of 1894-5 was obliged to seek rest and strength in the warm climate of San Mateo, Florida. Upon his return he showed signs of improvement but soon after began to decline, and his friends expected his death at almost any time. Chairman Hennessy will call a meeting of the city committee to take action on his death.

He leaves a mother, five sisters and one brother, Dr. Tully of Fitchburg. Funeral at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning from St. Patrick's church.

CLOUDS ON SPAIN'S HORIZON.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—The political horizon is menacing. Senor Romero Robledo has publicly declared in favor of the retention of Captain General Weyler and against any reconciliation with the dissident conservatives. It is expected that this will upset the plans of the conservative party and of the court, and will compel the queen regent to summon the Liberals.

CANOVAS' ASSASSIN TRIED.

Vergara, Spain, Aug. 16.—Michael Angiolillo, alias "Golli," was tried here yesterday by court martial for the murder of Senor Canovs Del Castillo at the baths of Santa Agueda on the 8th inst. The sentence of the court will not be divulged until it has been confirmed by the supreme council of war.

Bristol, Vt., Aug. 16.—Dora E. Cushman, the 15-year-old girl of Dr. A. J. Cushman of Lincoln, was found dead in a pasture near her father's house yesterday by a searching party which had been out all night. The girl went blackberrying Saturday afternoon, and when she did not return search was made. Arthur Cushman, the girl's brother, found the body, and an autopsy will be held to determine the cause of death. There are suspicious circumstances attending the death, and the disappearance of a young man from town is believed to have something to do with it.

Alfred Packer, convicted of killing five companions who were lost in the mountains with him in 1873 and eating their flesh and sentenced at Denver to the penitentiary for 40 years, has applied for a pardon. He [illegible] that [illegible] of his companions were killed by [illegible], who had become crazy, and that he shot the madman dead as the latter was rushing toward him with a hatchet.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Joseph A. Desrosiers of J. L. Chalifoux's, and Mrs. Hubert Bissonnette and Miss Eva Bissonnette started Sunday night for a three weeks' trip to Laurentic, P. Q.

Miss Nora Maguire and Miss Nora Lynch will spend their vacation at Woburn Centre as the guests of Miss Lizzie Cahill.

Mr. Ezra L. Mansur of the firm of Mansur & Donovan, and his wife and daughter Harriet, are enjoying a few weeks' sojourn at Conord, N. H.

The Misses Ella Murphy and Nellie Scanlan are visiting friends in Fitchburg and before returning will visit points of interest in Leominster, Shirley, and Ayer. They will be home September 1.

C. H. Dempsey left last night to join the May Irwin company.

Misses Nora Lynch and Nora Maguire are visiting friends in Woburn.

Charles R. Hadley and wife will spend the next two weeks at Bethlehem, N. H.

James H. Dunphy leaves today for Old Orchard where he will join a party of friends.

Mr. G. G. Cook of the firm of Cook, Taylor & Co., and Mr. Fred Billingsley, have gone to Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Monday Mr. George W. Patten, of the firm of Patten & Roberts, florists, and Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus A. Patten of Tewksbury, leave for Providence, R. I., to attend the annual convention of the Society of American Florists.

Mr. James Syme Hastings, with the O'Donnell and Gilbride company, leaves tomorrow for Terra Beane, P. Q., to be gone two weeks. He will also visit the Thousand Islands and other places of interest on the St. Lawrence river.

Frank J. Morissey, the local runner, won second position in the quarter mile event at the races of the Working Boys' Home at Boston Saturday. There were 300 starters in the race.

Mr. Timothy O'Sullivan and Mr. Charles F. Harrington of the firm of O'Sullivan Brothers, have gone on a two weeks' sojourn at Old Orchard, Mt. Desert, and Bar Harbor.

Mr. John F. Flynn of O'Sullivan Bros.' shoe store will spend his vacation at York beach.

Mr. T. J. Caskin and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carley, and the Misses Sarah Caskin and Annie Clark of this city, and Miss Agnes Sisheta of Lawrence left for a two weeks' sojourn at Wellfleet, Mass., today.

Anton Seidl and Dvorak Meet.

Anton Seidl, after his successful appearance as a Wagner leader at the Bairouth festival, paid a visit to his friend Antonin Dvorak, the great Bohemian composer, whose acquaintance he made in New York city when Dr. Dvorak was head of Mrs. Thurber's National conservatory. In the course of Dvorak's "American exile," as he has been heard to call it, he and Seidl were in the habit of meeting at a certain Viennese coffeehouse on Broadway, where over their coffee and cigars they discussed American and European musical matters and frowned at the musical critics who occasionally came to disturb their peace by importunate requests for interviews. Thus these two inherently dissimilar men became fast friends and soon made common cause against their many detractors and would be rivals.

COULD EAT ONLY SOUP

A Grand Stomach Tonic — Dyspepsia and Dizziness Cured.

"I had dyspepsia and could hardly eat anything except soup or food in liquid form. When I finished a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla my stomach would bear substantial food and I have had no trouble from dyspepsia since. I was also troubled with [illegible] spells, and Hood's Sarsaparilla [illegible] relief." Mrs. NANCY J. JUDKINS, 107 Central St., Peabody, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectually. 25 cents.

A little early, may be, but the summer hat may be a little worn. If so, new ones for fall are here.

Not all of them, but a good showing in Tourists and Derbys.

New colors, too, a little gayer than you've seen them for some years.

Good as these are, prices are as low as we've ever known them to be.

PUTNAM & SON,

No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Colonel James H. Haskell, the inventor of the famous multi-charge gun, died at Passaic, N. J., yesterday.

Henry D. Jones, 38, of Quincy Point, was found dead at his sister's house in Roxbury, Mass., yesterday morning, having committed suicide by inhaling gas.

James Coffey, aged 39, committed suicide in South Boston by cutting his throat last evening. He had a family in Sharon. Ill health and loss of work were the causes that led to the act.

Brown cottage at Plum island, Me., occupied by a Mr. Taylor, his wife and daughter, burned last night. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were seriously burned, and the latter's injuries will prove fatal.

A race war broke out at Little Rock, Ark., yesterday over an attempt by a deputy sheriff to arrest a negro. Three men, two colored and one white, were killed, another fatally wounded and two badly hurt.

Charles Kraft of San Francisco made a new bicycle mark for 20 miles yesterday. With the assistance of six tandems he covered the triangular course in 48:56, lowering McDonnell's world's records by 2 seconds.

Senator G. Costa, Italian minister of justice, is dead. Shortly before he expired he sent a touching deathbed telegram of farewell to King Humbert. Marquis Di Rudini, the premier, will temporarily assume the portfolio.

The body of Charles L. Wardwell, who, while temporarily deranged, escaped from his attendants at Winterport, Me., and fled to the woods Thursday morning, was found in a vacant lot near his home yesterday. He died from exhaustion and exposure.

The tactics of Germany in the peace negotiations and the continual delays of Tewfik Pasha are producing a good deal of agitation at Athens in favor of an appeal by the government to the nation to continue the war with Turkey by means of an obligatory loan.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday, September 3d, in the Savings Department of the Traders National Bank will draw interest from September 1st at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum compounded semi-annually. Bank hours 8 to 4 daily, Saturday 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m. Nos. 30 Middlesex Street and 11 Post Office Avenue, street floor.
CHAS. J. GLIDDEN, Pres.
WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

$34 A Fine Piano, seven octaves, made by Lord & Co., I will sell for $34
GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street.

GOOD SATISFACTION. Our Teas and Coffees give good satisfaction to our patrons. If you are not already one of our many customers we would like to have you begin now. DICKSON BROS.' 68 Merrimack Street.

TABLES FOR EVERYBODY with one pound of our 60c. tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers 77 E. Merrimack street, Telephone 89-3.

Sick Bicycles

No matter what the cause of the ailment, we guarantee a cure in every case. A corps of skilled physicians constantly in attendance.

Geo. H. Bacheider,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 637-3.

VACATION'S DETAILS.

Can we help you? Negligee Shirts, light weight Underwear, Collars, Cuffs Neckwear and Golf Caps Yachting Caps and Straw Hats.
Let us try.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

EMERALDS LOST

Mathews Finally Got After Them

AND WALLOPED THEM 24 TO 8

Twohey the Star Player of the Game.

Outside of the playing of Twohey of the Mathews at the Fair Grounds, Saturday, there was nothing to enthuse over, for the game was one of the most tiresome ever played. The Emeralds particularly the crack players, Ganley and Connors, were way off. The former couldn't field and the latter couldn't pitch, simply throwing what the youngsters call "coaxers." Eugie Donovan was rattled, too, something unusual, while McGuane's errors were excusable, being made through his efforts to spoil hits. Twohey played magnificently for the Mathews, playing a short field. He turned a base hit into a put out, and later in the game made a circus catch. His batting was fine. The Mathews played Clifford and Babb of the Mt. Washingtons of Everett and they did effective work. Mr. J. Mahoney umpired well and the attendance was large. After the game, Manager Donovan of the Emeralds challenged the Mats to play them a game with the same team for from $100 to $500 a side. The score:

MATHEWS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Roche, 2b	4	1	1	3	4	3	1
Nestor, ss	4	3	1	1	1	4	1
Allard, l	5	3	2	2	1	0	0
Vaughn, 3b	4	4	3	4	2	2	1
Thornton, 1b	6	3	3	6	12	0	0
Ledwidge, m	6	2	1	1	2	0	3
Twohey, r	6	5	4	5	2	1	0
Babb, c	6	1	2	4	3	1	0
Clifford, p	5	2	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	45	21	18	27	27	11	[illegible]

EMERALDS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Ganley, l	3	2	1	1	1	0	3
Den. Murphy, m	5	0	0	0	3	0	1
Dan Murphy, r, c	5	2	2	4	6	2	0
McGuane, 3b	5	1	2	2	1	0	3
Castles, 2b	5	1	2	2	4	1	1
Donovan, ss	5	1	1	1	1	3	3
Garrigan, 1b	3	0	1	1	5	1	0
Farley, c, r	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Connors, p	4	1	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	39	8	10	12	24	10	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Mathews	6	5	2	0	0	1	0	10	x	—24
Emeralds	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	— 8

Earned runs—Emeralds 3, Mathews 5. Two base hits—Twohey 2, Thornton. Three base hit—Thornton, Babb, Roche Dan Murphy. Stolen bases—Twohey, Ganley, McGuane, Connors. Double play—Nestor to Roche to Thornton. Bases on balls—By Connors 8, by Clifford 3. Hit by pitched ball—Roche, Vaughn. Struck out—By Connors 7, by Clifford, 3. Wild pitch—Connors. Time—2h. 30m. Umpire—M. J. Mahoney. Attendance—1200.

STANDING OF CLUBS AND GAMES YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston	64	30	.681
Baltimore	60	30	.667
Cincinnati	59	32	.648
New York	54	36	.600
Cleveland	50	44	.532
Chicago	47	51	.480
Pittsburg	42	51	.452
Louisville	43	54	.443
Philadelphia	42	53	.443
Brooklyn	38	54	.413
Washington	37	55	.402
St. Louis	26	72	.265

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Newport	56	26	.683
Brockton	51	30	.630
Pawtucket	42	42	.500
Fall River	36	45	.433
Taunton	34	50	.407
New Bedford	29	54	.349

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto	56	36	.609
Buffalo	59	39	.602
Syracuse	57	40	.583
Springfield	50	38	.568
Providence	47	45	.511
Scranton	39	45	.464
Montreal	31	59	.344
Wilkesbarre	25	62	.281

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland ..... 0 4 3 4 0 2 0 0—13
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3— 3
Batteries—Powell and Zimmer; Lucid and Douglass.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—3
Chicago ..... 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Batteries—Rhines and Vaughn; Briggs and Kittredge.

At Providence—
Providence ..... 0 1 1 0 3 0 1 0 0—6
Springfield ..... 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0—5
Batteries—Braun and Egan; Korwan and Duncan.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo ..... 0 4 2 0 0 0 0 2 0— 8
Toronto ..... 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 6 0—10
Batteries—McPartland and Zahner; Taylor, Gaston and Snyder.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse ..... 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 —3
Montreal ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries—Willis and Ryan; Becker and McNamara.

SOUTH ENDS DEFEATED.

The South Ends last Saturday were defeated in their game against the Elms.

About 1000 persons witnessed the hotly contested game on the South common, when the Elms succeeded in defeating the South Ends by a score of 24 to 16 and winning $25 also. The game was characterized by heavy batting, both pitchers coming in for a full share of it. The South Ends played a listless game, Reagan being the only man who played the game properly, while the Elms played with a snap and vigor that landed them the victory. The score by innings:

Elms ..... 3 0 2 1 8 3 3 5 0—21
South Ends ..... 0 0 0 2 5 3 2 8 1—16

Batteries—Niland and Vendette; Fratus, Coughlin and Fitzpatrick. Umpire—Michael Kane. Time of game—2h. 35 m.

COLLINSVILLES, 20; ECHOES, 8.

The Echoes got a severe drubbing Saturday afternoon, being defeated by the Collinsvilles, 20 to 8. The Collinsvilles outfielded their opponents at every point. The game was a good one. The Belvidere boys had three different pitchers in the box, all being hit hard. Leary and Harman made home runs. The score:

Collinsvilles, 20; Echoes, 8.

Struck out—By Leary 7; by Dowd 5; by Panton 2. Bases on balls—off Leary 6; off Dowd. Hit by pitched ball—Smith Mansfield, Scully. Wild pitches—Dowd 2; Leary 1. Umpire—John J. McCarthy of Lowell.

NO GAME AT MOUNTAIN ROCK.

The game scheduled at Mountain Rock between the Burkes and the Y.M.C.I.'s Saturday afternoon was not played. Only two or three members of the Y.M.C.I. team showed up, it is said, and the game was consequently declared off.

CLOVER CLUB

HAD A GREAT TIME AT THE PICNIC.

The Clover club had a big time at the annual picnic at Nabnasset Saturday afternoon. Six hundred took part in the outing, and enjoyed the boating, swinging and a fine program of sports.

At base ball the Clovers toyed with the Granitevilles for five innings with the following result:

Clovers ..... 1 0 9 0 1—11
Granitevilles ..... 0 0 1 0 0— 1

Other sports resulted:

100-yard dash—Won by Cunningham; Crowely second.

Running hop, step and jump—Cunningham 1st, Hoyle, 2d.

Running broad jump—Cunningham 1st; Crewley 2d.

President James J. Barrett of the Clover club was general manager.

Music for dancing was furnished by the Crescent orchestra, J. T. O'Connell director.

The committee on sports was: David Dixon, William O'Neil, John T. O'Connell.

OVERCOME BY HEAT

A PAWTUCKETVILLE BOY SUCCUMBED TO THE WEATHER.

While two boys residing on Dunphey street, Pawtucketville, were waiting for a car on Central street yesterday afternoon the younger of them was overcome by the heat and fell to the sidewalk. He was sent home.

CONTRACT AWARDED

FOR WORK ON VARNUM SCHOOL ADDITION

Acting Mayor "Charlie" Howe and Supt "Dick" Bray opened bids for work on the Varnum school addition Saturday evening, and awarded the contracts to the lowest bidders. The bids are as follows:

Carpenter work—E. G. Twohey, $8763; Whittet & McDonald, $8466; T. M. Alkley, $7737; W. H. Wiggin, $7683; C. P. Conant, who got the contract, $7367.

Plastering—S. D. Butterworth, $2600; D. Moody Prescott, $2550; Thomas Kelly, $2160; James Meers, $2145; James Walker, $1975; James Walsh, who got the contract, $1875.

Brick work—J. Jalbert, $13,739; F. O. White, $12,561; J. H. Walker, $10,993; P. O'Hearn, $10,850; John Swett, $10,098; Dennis Kelly, $9800; Connors Bros., who got the contract, $9365.

Doors and frames—J. H. Huntley, $2319.70; Pratt & Forrest, $1842; Amasa Pratt, who got the contract, $1580.

Metal work—Daniel Cushing, $1164; H. H. Wilder, $1149; W. A. Mack, $1145; T. Costello, who got the contract, $1097.

Iron and steel work—Daniel Cushing, $2675; Chelmsford Iron foundry, $2670; Joel Knapp & Son, who got the contract, $2497.

Slating—T. L. Douglass, $951; Robert Goulding & Co., $893; James Burns who got the contract, $870.

Boiler for Pawtucketville school—Richard Dibbins, $385; Scannell & Wholey, who got the contract, $350.

HEALTH BULLETIN

ISSUED FOR THE MONTH OF JULY.

The Health bulletin for July shows that there were 174 deaths during the month. The place of death was: Ward one, 8; ward two, 27; ward three, 10; ward four, 14; ward five, 10; ward six, 22; ward seven, 48; ward eight, 15; ward nine, 10; almshouse, 1; Lowell hospital, 1; Lowell General hospital, 1; St. John's hospital, 6.

The contagious diseases reported were: Diphtheria, 1; scarlet fever, 5; measles, 21; typhoid fever, 3.

RETURNS FROM CORPORATIONS.

Lowell Bleachery, Eliot C. Clarke, treasurer.—Annual meeting July 13, 1897; certificate filed Aug. 3, 1897. Real estate and machinery, $455,712; capital stock, $150,600; cash and debts received, $61,637; debts, $140,000; manufactures and merchandise, $33,259; profit and loss, $18,588. Total, $258,588.

Hamilton Manufacturing company, Chas. B. Amory, treasurer—Annual meeting, July 8, 1897; certificate filed, Aug. 5, 1897. Real estate and buildings, $971,849; machinery, $625,151; cash and debts receivable, $1,440,451; manufactures and merchandise, $761,339; Mill No. 7, $3597; capital stock, $1,500,000; debts, $1,634,654; profit and loss, $400,149; reserve for depreciation, $279,794. Total, $3,814,597.

PAWNEE BILL AT LAKEVIEW.

Beginning today, Aug. 16, Pawnee Bill's historic Wild West show, with its great hippodrome, museum, and cosmopolitan celebrities will exhibit at Lakeview park. At the evening performance there will be enchanting scenes under the calcium lights, and grand pyrotechnic displays.

Y.M.C.I.L TROLLEY PARTY.

On Thursday evening, Aug. 26, the members of the Y.M.C.L.I. of Centralville will treat themselves and their friends to a moonlight trolley party to Mountain Rock. The event of the evening in the way of sports will be a relay race between the Y.M.C.L.I. team and the Celtics.

TWO DROWNED

In the Surf at Atlantic City

OWING TO THE UNDERTOW CAUSED BY STORM

One Struggled in View of 10,000 People.

Atlantic City, Aug. 16.—Two venturesome bathers were drowned in the surf here yesterday. They were Thomas C. Laswell, aged 21 years, of Princeton, Ind., and an unknown man supposed to be an excursionist from Philadelphia. Young Laswell came here yesterday on his first visit to the seashore. Laswell seemed to be unaware of the dangerous undertow and got beyond his depth. The life guards made a brave effort to save the drowning man, but the surf was so heavy that they were unable to reach him. Laswell struggled in the water for about 15 minutes in full view of about 10,000 people. The body afterwards came ashore. The second drowning occurred at about 3 o'clock, and the body had not come ashore up to a late hour last night. The surf was the heaviest of the season, owing to a gale which prevailed, and between 25 and 30 persons were rescued, many of them women.

CRISP GOSSIP

At the L. I. B. picnic at Lynn Wednesday, I heard a good story supposed to have originated at one of the meetings of the society years ago. It was told by an old timer, formerly of Lowell to a red hot L. I. B., the story teller winking at the rest of the party when his auditor was not looking.

"Some 25 years ago," he said, "there was internal trouble in the society, owing to the condition of the funds and it was decided to discuss the matter fully at a certain meeting. When the night of the meeting came about all the members were present, and it had hardly been called to order when one of the members jumped up and said: 'Mr. Chairman, I'm not much at making speeches, but I know this. There are mice in the pantry, there are mice in the treasury, and they are nibbling at our funds, Mr. Chairman.'

"'Mice, is it?' said another member, rising in an instant. 'It's not mice at all, but —— old rats, Mr. Chairman, and I move we set a trap for them right now.'"

CYCLING NEWS.

Edward E. Vickery of Centralville wants to ride John Baker a 10 or 15 mile road race.

It is expected that a number of Lowell riders will take part in the L. A. W. meet at Nashua, Aug. 28.

W. A. Chase won his trial heat in the 2.40 class at the Haverhill meet Saturday afternoon, in 2m. 28s. He came in second in the final heat.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Bartlett wheeled on their tandem to Crescent beach yesterday.

LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

When anything American is brought into competition with the productions of other countries, the patriotic citizens of this great republic generally pronounce an unhesitating verdict in favor of their own land. Fair-minded people who have witnessed the performances of the London Vaudeville Company, however, are of the opinion that native talent has a pretty close contest for supremacy with the foreign artists who have made their successes in the music halls of London, Paris, and Vienna. In this entertainment, which comes to Glen Forest Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 19th, 20th and 21st, the best attractions of the metropolitan vaudeville theatres have been combined with the latest amusement novelties from abroad, the performance embracing the most laughable comedians, the sweetest singers, the most sensational acrobats and concortionists. As a means of comparison between the artistic merits of the old world and the new, it is interesting in the extreme, while as a performance of strikingly original and high-class characteristics, it stands without a peer in the realm of vaudeville today.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The democratic headquarters in the next campaign will be in the Hildreth building. Three rooms will be engaged for the work of the committee.

Pres. Markham of the Woolen spinners' union will be an active candidate for the democratic nomination in the common council in Ward 4.

It is announced that Daniel Lyons the well known stone mason, will be a candidate for the common council in Ward 2. Mr. Lyons has many friends is in sympathy with the workingman, and should make a good run.

MR. DAY RESIGNED.

Mr. Charles Day, the well known employe of the No. 3 weave room of the Appleton mills has resigned his position, at which occasion he was made the recipient of a beautiful watch chain and charm by the employes of that room. The presentation speech was made by Mr. James Arthur.

GANNON WON THE CUP.

Members of C Company shot for the Parker Cup at the Dracut range Saturday afternoon with the result that Private Gannon won it. The scores:

Lieut. Colby ..... 5 4 5 4 4 4 4 5 5 4—44
Priv. Hahn ..... 5 4 4 5 5 5 5 4 4 4—45
Corp. Sanders ..... 4 5 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4—42
Priv. Gannon ..... 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 4 4 4—46

SKETCHMAKERS DINE.

The Sketchmakers' association of the Lawrence district a union of manufacturing sketchmakers and engravers, held its semi-annual banquet Saturday night at the New City hotel, Manchester. The Lowell men present were: James A. Fraser, Albert Smith, Manfred Gulline and Arthur Hope.

OFF FOR NEW YORK.

Martin Flaherty left for New York city last night, where he will assist in training Austin Rice, who expects to fight Sammy Kelly shortly. There is no truth in the report that Flaherty was to box Downey tonight.

BUNTING CRICKETERS

DEFEATED THE CRACK ELEVEN OF BOSTON.

The U. S. Bunting cricket team defeated the Zingaris of Boston on the South common Saturday afternoon, 65 to 56. The game was exciting from start to finish, and there were some fine plays. Burns played a magnificent game, taking four wickets for eight runs. Orton had a most deceptive curve. The Buntings won the toss and took the bat. The score:

U. S. BUNTING.

D. Hird, b Keene	16
J. Smith, c Draper, b Orton	19
W. Oath, c Orton, b Keene	1
J. Comber, b Orton	3
J. Patrick, b Keene	2
M. Burns, c Keene, b Orton	0
M. Meiklejohn, b Orton	1
W. Bingley, not out	6
J. Farrell, b Orton	15
T. Haughton, b Orton	0
M. Mitchell, b Orton	0
Extras	2
Total	65

ZINGARIS.

Draper, b Hird	9
Caesar, run out	2
T. Maginnis, caught out, b Smith	2
J. Keene, b. Smith	11
T. Orton, run out	5
C. Maginnis, b Burns	3
R. Turner, b Burns	2
Joliffe, not out	13
Robinson, b Burns	2
Hamburger, run out	3
R. Firth, caught out, b Burns	0
Extras	7
Total	56

A DRAWN GAME.

The North Billericas and Methuens played a drawn game on the Billerica grounds Saturday afternoon.

For the Billericas, Bradstreet and Tinker were the only ones to reach double figures, while Whitehead took 7 wickets for 14 runs, and Hutchinson 3 for 17. Hogson did good work with the bat for the visitors, piling up 21 before he was bowled by Whitehead. The score:

NORTH BILLERICA.

Hutchinson, b Wade	2
Garner, b Earnshaw	0
Broadbent, b Bretherick	11
Tinker, run out	12
Nelson, b Tetley	3
Whitehead, b Tetley	0
Heap, c Ferneau, b Bretherick	0
Stevenson, b Bretherick	0
Radcliffe, not out	4
Haslam, b Tetley	6
Brown, c Tetley, b Bretherick	0
Extras	2
Total	40

METHUEN

Wade, b Whitehead	1
Earnshaw, b Whitehead	0
Bamber, c Brown, b Whitehead	0
Hamer, c Stevenson, b Whitehead	6
Hodgson, b Whitehead	21
Ferneau, b Whitehead	0
Tetley, c Hutchinson	0
Bretherick, b Whitehead	1
Bastow, b Hutchinson	0
Whittaker, b Hutchinson	7
Clark, not out	1
Extras	3
Total	40

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

Population, 87,000; total deaths, 45; deaths under five, 25; infectious diseases, 2; acute lung diseases, 1; typhoid fever, 1; diphtheria, 0; scarlet fever, 0; croup, membraneous, 0; measles, 0; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 1; death rate, 26.9 against 23.9 and 22.1 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 6; scarlet fever, 2; diphtheria, 1; membraneous croup, 0; measles, 1.

CHIEF HOSMER ATTENDS.

Chief Hosmer left today to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Fire Chiefs, which meets at New Haven, Conn., tomorrow. He will be absent until the latter part of the week, during which time First Assistant Norton will be acting chief.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, AUGUST 14th.

6—Mary Weston, 6, cer. hemorrhage.
Felix Davis, 8 mos., chol. inft.
7—Samuel Farson, 81, senile debility.
Catherine Murphy, 71, valvular heart disease.
Harry E. Chamberlin, 26, blood poisoning.
Timothy J. Dean, 7 mos., meningitis.
Francista Jugues, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Josephine Gauthier, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Francois Duchesne, 3 days, debility.
John W. Kelley, 1 day, infantile.
8—William J. Clark, 38, accidental drowning.
Unknown man, 30, railroad accident
Alfred Thellen, 5, meningitis.
Marie A. Bourassa, 7 mos., chol. inft.
Marie A. Cote, 4 mos., chol. inft.
9—Bridget Whalen, 67, intestinal obstruction.
Mary Cary, 64, dysentery.
Marie L. Willett, disease of liver.
Susie A. Abel, 30, tuberculosis of lungs.
Timothy Maroney, 26, accidental drowning.
Amanda Carpenter, 22, congestion of lungs.
Bertram M. Goulet, 1, dentition.
10—Honore Pelletier, 74, pleurisy.
Henry C. Boulger, 24, heart disease.
Fred A. Wilkins, 1, meningitis.
11—James H. Bradley, 46, apoplexy.
Oscar F. Hirsch, 32, typhoid fever.
Stanley G. Hat, 1, spinal meningitis
Patrick F. Mulligan, 1, chol. inft.
Charles A. Driere, 10 mos., chol. inft.
John Mellro, 9 mos., enteritis.
Edith Stewart, 7 mos., chol. inft.
Alfred Briere, 5 mos, chol. inft.
William T. Arnold, 5 mos., enteritis.
Charlotte Bradbury, 2 mos., chol. inft.
Mary E. Wood, 2 mos., chol. inft.
Leo Shanley, 3 mos., cer. hemorrhage.
Maria F. Horne, 1 mo., chol. inft.
Alexandre Philippe, 15 days, meningitis.
12—Louise Dumais, 46, heart disease.
Jennie F. Palmer, 41, hydronephrosis.
Alma Lemaire, 3, bronchitis.
Marie A. Girard, 9 mos., chol. inft.
Yvone Iliche, 3 mos., diarrhoea.
13—Sarah Kavanaugh, 80, enteritis.
—Girard P. Dadman, City Clerk.

THE GREATER NEW YORK.

Only Five States In the Union Which Equal It In Population.

Within the limits of Greater New York, according to the latest official declarations, there are living upward of 3,000,000 people.

There are only five states in the Union which contain a population of 3,000,000. Those five states are New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Missouri.

Measured by population, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the sixth state of the Union.

Now, place alongside that fact another fact equally salient. Within the boundaries of Greater New York there is property of the assessed value of over $2,732,000,000.

There is not one state in the Union, except New York itself, whose assessed valuation by the census of 1890 was equal to $2,732,000,000. Not even the valuation of the populous and wealthy state of Pennsylvania was on a par with that of the territory embraced by our consolidated city.

Measured by wealth, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the first state in the Union, for its wealth exceeds that of any other state except New York, and is by far the larger fraction of the total wealth of the Empire State.

When they come to choose a mayor to wield the executive power of their newly created city, the people of Greater New York must remember that for all practical purposes they will be choosing the governor of the sixth state of the Union in point of population and the first state of the Union in point of wealth.

To administer a public trust of that magnitude our first mayor should be a man of inflexible integrity and of tried and proved capacity. Besides that, he should be an unmortgaged man, upon whose official freedom of action no party boss holds a lien.—New York World.

ABOUT NOTED WOMEN.

Marie Seebach, the German actress who died in St. Maurice recently, was for a long time the leading woman tragedian of the German stage. She scored her first success in Hamburg as Gretchen in Goethe's "Faust."

Mrs. Alexander Campbell, widow of the founder of the Campbellite sect, which now numbers over 1,000,000 communicants, died lately at Bethany, W. Va.

Miss Frances Willard, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, spends part of her summer vacation riding a bicycle through New York state.

Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany has insisted that the money subscribed for a statue to her father, the late Duke Frederick, shall be used for charitable purposes.

The queen of Italy possesses a unique and interesting collection of shoes and gloves worn by famous empresses and queens, in which are seen those worn by Queen Elizabeth of England, Marie Antoinette of France, the Czarina Catherine II and Queen Christina of Sweden.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.

Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make PO-MELIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak. TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.

F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Bealieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Willson & Co.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

Two blocks from Broadway, one block from Eighth street, Sixth Ave. elevated railroad.

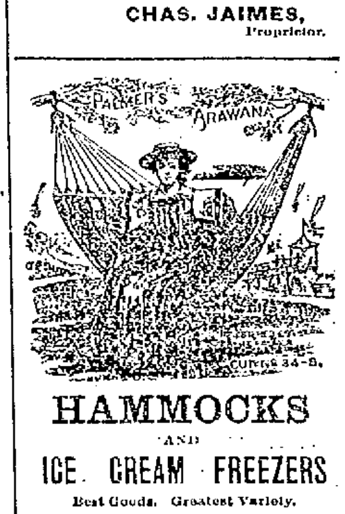
American and European Plans.

Best Table d'Hote in the city, $1.25. Large and sumptuous apartments for transient and permanent guests. Quiet and homelike hotel

Rooms, $1.00 Per Day and Upwards.

Special rates during the summer months. Convenient to all steamship lines and railroads.

CHAS. JAIMES, Proprietor.



HAMMOCKS AND ICE CREAM FREEZERS

Best Goods. Greatest Variety.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

GLEN FOREST

3 Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 19, 20 and 21, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

THE LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY.

PRESENTING AN OLIO OF NOVEL SPECIALTY ACTS. Afternoon and Evening.

3 Days: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 16, 17 and 18, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

EXTRA ATTRACTION.

Madame Bartlie, Soprano Soloist, and Little Blanche, Character Vocalist, with Theron D. Perkins' Band.

NEW SPECIAL ATTRACTION THE ZOO

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO Salisbury Beach via Str. Merrimack

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with steamer daily at 7.30 a. m.

On and after June 30, Half Holiday Excursion daily, except Mondays. Cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 12 m. 40 mile sail 25c. Steamer stops at Newburyport. Special rates for parties of fifty or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill.

DERBY & MORSE

72 MIDDLE STREET,

keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; S. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

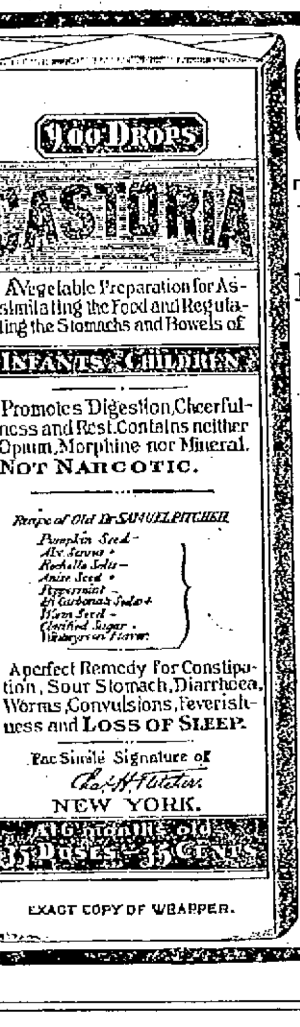
$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to



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The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

At Lakeview Park

ONE WEEK, Beginning Monday, Aug. 16.

PAWNEE BILL'S HISTORIC WILD WEST

Mexican Hippodrome, Indian Museum, Cosmopolitan Celebrities, and Grand Fireworks Exhibition.

The Only Wild West Traveling by its own Train of Palace Cars.

SEE THE FEATURES!

REAL INDIANS, REPRESENTATIVES OF ALL THE WARLIKE TRIBES.

Sioux, Pawnees, Apaches, Cherokees, Cheyennes, Chickasaws and Comanches. Great Chiefs like Spotted Tail, Afraid of His Horse, Left Hand and others.

WILD RIDERS FROM THE PAMPAS.

In whirlwind equestrian exhibitions and those majestic sons of the Orient's great desert,

A Band of Genuine Bedouin Arabs

Whose feats of skill with the rifle and bayonet and displays of agility and strength have never been equalled.

THE ONLY HERD OF LIVING BUFFALO.

A SPLENDID MEXICAN BAND.

MISS MAY LILLIE,

The beautiful and only lady rifle shot, who, with unerring aim, breaks glass balls while riding at full speed on the back of a horse.

Scenes of enchantment at night when the whole plain is lit up with brilliant calcium lights, making the interior as light as the noonday sun.

WONDEROUS PYROTECHNICAL DISPLAYS.

COWBOYS' PASTIMES AND VAQUEROS' VAGARIES.

INDIAN SKILL WITH THE BOW AND ARROW.

Nothing Omitted at One That is Given in the Other.

LADIES AND CHILDREN SPECIALLY PROTECTED.

SEATS FOR EVERYBODY.

ADMISSION, - - 25 CENTS.

CHILDREN UNDER NINE YEARS, HALF PRICE.

ONE TICKET ADMITS TO ALL.

THE GRAND STREET PARADE

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Marvelous Cavalcades of Genuine Celebrities and every feature of the grand historical congress of wondrous people and animals follow their great commander, PAWNEE BILL.

A KALEIDESCOPE OF NOVELTIES AND A RARE COLLECTION OF CURIOSITIES

THE INDIAN MUSEUM.

Which every one must see without fail.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performances begins one hour later.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All dr[illegible]

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will give you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell, Mass.

Office hours: 8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

TO CONVEY WRITING.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH WILL SEND FAC-SIMILES OF LETTERS BY WIRE.

A Wealthy Company Will Introduce Professor Gray's Wonderful Invention Shortly—The Instrument Can Also Transmit Outline Sketches of Faces, Buildings, Etc.

Since the invention of the telephone and its adoption for general use, no rival has entered the field for years.

Now the rival is here at last, backed by practically unlimited capital.

It is called the telautograph and renders possible the transmission of handwriting, in facsimile, by wire with the same facility that the voice is carried by the telephone.

The instrument is now almost ready for the market and is in the hands of the Gray National Telautograph company, with General T. M. Logan president, John W. Johnston general manager and W. H. Eckert general superintendent.

General Superintendent Eckert is the brother of President Eckert of the Western Union Telegraph company, and was the first man in the country to establish and direct the Bell telephone. He is fully conversant with all the possibilities inherent in the new instrument. He and the other officials of the company are now establishing companies and the new system in adjacent small towns and cities to demonstrate the possibilities of the telautograph before bringing it into New York city. In this manner they expect to demonstrate the facts. They claim that it is self registering and that the person addressed, if absent, will find the message on his return.

It works noiselessly so that messages cannot be overheard.

It cannot be tapped so as to intercept or steal a message.

It is not affected by induction or leakage.

It is simple and easily kept in order.

The invention had its birth in the fertile brain of Professor Elisha Gray, late chief of the electrical congress held during the World's Columbian exposition.

When Professor Gray first completed his apparatus and invention, with which he contemplated entering the field against the telephone, he was handicapped by the great expense. It was at first necessary to use four wires, and the expense of operating was just double that of operating the telephone. This fact withdrew it from the field for a time as a possible rival.

Now, however, the invention is completed to such an extent that two wires only are necessary. Today the telautograph is operated upon the same lines as the telephone. The conditions are the same as to wires, switchboards and the concomitants.

The sender writes his message on the tablet affixed to the transmitting instrument and a stylographic pen on the receiving instrument at the other end of the line duplicates every stroke of the sender's pencil, not forgetting the lifting and returning to dot an "i" or cross a "t," every motion being recorded exactly on the tablet of the receiving instrument.

In its general principle the mechanism is very simple. Two fine cords run from the sender's pencil around drums on either side of the tablet. The string is kept taut by a light spring on the drum shaft. Thus every motion of the pencil causes one or both of the drums to rotate. On the receiving instrument are two similar drums, which by a series of electrical impulses are forced to rotate in unison with those on the sending instrument. The cords wound on the drums of the receiver are each joined by an aluminium rod, which is forced outward by a spring as far back as the slack of the cord will allow. In this manner the winding or unwinding of the cords on the drums of the receiving instrument causes a stylographic pen at the junction of the two aluminium rods to follow every horizontal motion of the pencil at the distant end of the line.

The next necessity to effect is the touching of the pen point to the paper only where the pencil touches it. To effect this the tablet in which the sender writes has an exceedingly small vertical movement. When pressed down by the pencil in writing, a circuit is formed, which allows the recording pen at the farther end of the line to drop the paper. The circuit is broken when the pen is lifted from the paper, and the pen on the receiving instrument is lifted above the tablet, so that no matter what horizontal movement the pencil makes, such as dotting an "i" or crossing a "t" the pen will follow the movement without marking the paper.

The current necessary to operate the instrument is exactly the same as that required by telephone and no difficulty is experienced in working over long distances or in working as many instruments as are required in one circuit.

Records on both instruments are made on continuous rolls of paper about five inches wide. At the end of the line the sender raises the paper mechanically for the next line by pushing a lever, which operates the tablet at both ends of the line. The writing is fine or large according to the capacity of the stylographic pen.

Not only is it possible to transmit handwriting by this wonderful instrument, but outline sketches of faces, figures or buildings can be accurately recorded on the receiving tablet.

One of the chief uses of the instrument will be found in the transmission of messages where absolute accuracy is important, such as the sending of train orders or communications between the different departments of large mercantile or manufacturing establishments. Physicians, who will not telephone or telegraph prescriptions for fear that a slight error might result in the loss of life, will be able to transmit prescriptions without fear of their going astray as regards ingredients.

The invention has made such an impression upon several judges of the supreme court that one of them has declared unhesitatingly that he would admit as evidence the writing recorded upon a receiving tablet of a telautograph.

Exchanges will be established similar to those in use by the telephone companies at no extra cost to the subscriber. No attendant is needed to look after the receiving instrument, and other defects of telephone and telegraphic systems are overcome.

The telautograph can be locked in a desk, and when the owner comes to the office the next morning he will find autograph messages awaiting him on the tablet.—New York Journal.

TALKED WITH A GHOST.

Professor Dolbeare of Tufts Relates a Strange Experience.

Professor A. E. Dolbeare of Tufts college, who is well known as an electrical expert, says he has not only seen a ghost, but has conversed with it. He says it proved its identity to him by performing a peculiar trick with its shadowy fingers that no other ghost could have done. Professor Dolbeare's story reached the ears of the Society For Psychical Research, and he is a marked man from this time on.

Professor Dolbeare recently returned to Boston from Eliot, Me., where the convention of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers was held in honor of Moses G. Farmer, one of the pioneer inventors in the field of electricity. During many years of his life Mr. Farmer lived at Bitter Sweet, a homestead place, where he died a few years ago and where his daughter, Miss Sarah J. Farmer, still lives. Miss Farmer entertained Professor Dolbeare, and during his visit he slept in a room somewhat noted locally as the "room of the seven doors."

"Let me tell you something about that room," said Professor Dolbeare, "or rather about something that happened to me there. I had been talking of Farmer with his daughter in the evening, and when I turned in I was thinking of him. How long I lay there before sleeping, or whether I went to sleep at all, I do not know, but presently I was conscious of some presence in the room. A moment later I saw Farmer standing by the bed. At least I recognized the figure as that of Farmer, and I was surprised, but I do not recall that I was very much startled. 'Hello!' he said or something of that sort, a salutation, at all events. I replied in kind and said, 'Who are you?' 'I am Farmer,' was the answer, and he held out his hand to me.

"I shook hands with him, and I thought as I did so that the fingers felt a little cold. I released the hand and was thinking about the matter while considering what next to say. When I looked up, he was gone. If I was awake at the time, I fell asleep again. At any rate, I let the matter pass, though somewhat puzzled, but very soon I found the figure was again standing by the bed. I do not know that I doubted it was Farmer, but I thought I would make certain, so I said:

"'How shall I know you are Farmer?'

"'I will show you my hand,' he said. In the dark I saw he was holding out his hand that I might see it, but I was determined to take nothing for granted, so I said:

"'But how shall I know it is Farmer's hand?'

"'I'll show you my finger,' he replied, and then he crooked up one of the fingers in such a peculiar way that I tried to imitate him. I could not do it without the assistance of the other hand, and while I was trying to perform the little trick the figure disappeared. I puzzled over the vision, or dream, or what you choose, for some time, but then I once more went to sleep—if I had been awake—and I saw nothing more of the figure. In the morning I told Miss Farmer of my experience, to her very great interest. When I came to the trick of the fingers, she looked at me, astonished.

"'That,' she said when illustrated as best I could, 'was a favorite little trick of my father. Few people could do it.'

"It appears," Professor Dolbeare concluded, "that whenever Farmer met a person to whom he took a liking, when the acquaintance came to an informal footing, it was his way to hold out his hand, crooking his finger in the way I have shown you, to say, 'Can you do that?' It was a little thing perhaps, but peculiar to the man. We all have minor characteristics by which we may be known."—New York Sun.

Canovas and the World's Fair.

Major Fred Brackett, appointment clerk of the treasury department, was in Spain in 1891 representing the World's fair. He spent three months there and retains a pleasant impression of Prime Minister Canovas, who was assassinated recently. Senor Canovas was then at the head of the Spanish ministry, and Mr. Brackett found it necessary to see the minister and ask his co-operation in arousing the Spaniards to the importance of an exhibit at the great fair. "I found Senor Canovas attractive, courteous and agreeable," said Major Brackett the other day. "He fully coincided with my plans, and in a short time after my interview with the prime minister the cortes made an appropriation. After this I made a visit to the provinces of Spain, having previously asked the minister for letters of introduction to the governors. These he quickly gave, not postponing the matter, as is the Spanish custom with nearly everything. On reaching the provinces I found that Senor Canovas had sent personal letters to the governors commending my project and asking every assistance. The result was that my visit was successful and pleasant. The minister was full of enterprise. He was one of the most pleasant men I ever met."—New York Tribune.

NOT TO PAY ROYALTIES.

Canada Will Not Charge Ten Per Cent on Klondike Gold.

The Canadian government has abandoned its scheme to compel miners going into the Klondike diggings to pay a royalty of from 10 to 15 per cent upon all gold mined by them. The announcement that such an attempt would be made called forth vehement protests from the politicians and business men of the northwest and Pacific coast, who realized that under existing conditions such a policy could only lead to serious trouble and probably bloodshed.

The storekeepers of British Columbia are too busy just now compelling prospectors to buy in British territory or pay duty to consent to any policy which would cause further irritation. Frank Oliver, a member of parliament for Alberta, put the case against the taxation scheme strongly before the government. In a memorial to the ministry he said:

"There is only one good point about this proposition—namely, that it is so preposterous that it will never have any effect under the circumstances and conditions which exist in the Yukon, and, probably, if the authorities ever look into the matter they will realize this before making the attempt to collect such a royalty. If the diggings are not rich, this tax would either be impossible or it will prevent mining, and if they are rich it would simply bring on a fight in a region which, all things considered, Canada could not expect to rule by main force except at a cost that would be much greater than the profit."—New York Sun.

Work by a Woman Astronomer.

The abstruse calculations of the ephemeris of the sun for 1901 and half of the calculations for 1902 have just been completed for The Nautical Almanac by a handsome young married woman, the mother of four little daughters.

This woman is Mrs Elizabeth Preston Davis of Washington, who since 1888 has been engaged in astronomical work of this sort. She has also computed the orbits of the new comets discovered at the Lick observatory and has calculated for the use of Professor Simon Newcomb the perturbative functions of Mars and Jupiter and of the earth and all the planets whose orbits are inside that of Jupiter, says the New York World.

This remarkable fact is a reminder that several American women have attained pre-eminence in this science. The more notable of these are Elizabeth Preston Davis, recently a graduate student of Johns Hopkins university; Miss Charlotte Angus Scott of Bryn Mawr, and Mrs. Christine Ladd Franklin, who took the course necessary to secure the degree of Ph. D. at Johns Hopkins, making mathematics her specialty, and who would have received the degree with distinction but for the fact that she wore petticoats instead of trousers.

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AT BREAK OF DAWN.

BY H. ADDINGTON BRUCE.

With the going down of the sun behind the blue hills on the far side of the little lake the old soldier, standing on the shore, turned to his cottage home but a few yards from the water's edge. This evening, as every fine night in summer for a couple of years, he had taken a walk along the lake shore road, and this night in particular he was returning home in a very happy frame of mind, for the morrow was Independence day, sacred in his heart above all other days of the year, and the ruddy glow of the dead sun had presaged a beautiful day.

He sighed, however, as he walked to the little rose grown house beyond the willows, for there came to his mind the memory of another Independence day, years ago, the last his father, a soldier like himself and a warrior of the Revolution, had spent on earth. With the closing hours of that day his father had passed away, and yet to the veteran this all seemed but as yesterday. His sadness was cleared away and his face brightened again when he saw his old wife, with young George, their grandson, waiting in the porch for him. He waved a salute to them in military fashion, and the boy hastened out to meet him.

"Yes, George," said the veteran, as if in answer to the lad's unspoken question, "it will be fine tomorrow. The sun and the birds promise us that, and I have never known both to be wrong. So after supper we will set about getting everything ready, and we will celebrate the day as we always do."

The boy's face broke into a ripple of smiles, for to him came visions of a trip to the city in the morning, a row or a drive with his grandfather in the afternoon and fireworks at night, with the old soldier telling tales of the war at a big bonfire, which he would kindle on the shore.

After the evening meal, which they did not take long in eating, the old man asked for his pipe, and when George had filled it for him he drew his chair near the window and sat there puffing contentedly, watching the moths flutter desperately at the lamp chimney. The room was a cozy one, with its homely but comfortable furnishings, its tall family clock in the corner, its bunches of pansies, carnations and roses in every

THE VETERAN WATCHED HER.

conceivable spot. The boy sat at the table reading, while his grandmother started to do some knitting.

All at once the veteran looked away from the moths and said, "George, get out the flag."

From an adjoining room George brought out the banner, a silk one, beautifully woven, but showing the unmistakable wear of time. Holes in it had been carefully patched by the hands of the old woman, and her eyes rested lovingly on its folds as she recognized the old work. The flag was one kept for just such times as the morrow, to be run up on the lofty pole in the garden. The old soldier's eyes glistened with a soft emotion as he smoothed the banner across his knees and spread it on the floor.

"The same old flag, mother," said he simply, "the flag of our country, as dear to us now as when we came here first to live together till the end."

"Yes, John, my husband," was her proud answer, "and pray God George will always honor it as you have."

"You need have no fear, mother," replied the veteran, looking up at the young man standing before him. "I have no doubt of him. The boy is from the same stock as we are and just as ready."

"Grandmother," said George, "here's a little hole in it, a fresh one. Shall I call the girl in to mend it?"

"Oh, no, no!" anxiously. "I can still do all that myself, dear, thank God, though it may be for the last time. Please give it over to me. Look, father. Watch me fix this."

Save for the monotonous tick tock of the old oaken clock there was silence in the room while the old woman's needle plied slowly in and out of the silk. The veteran watched her with a sort of quiet pride. As her task was completed the clock struck 9.

"Nine o'clock," said the soldier reflectively. "It is good time we all went to bed, for we will have a long day before us before tomorrow night comes."

The night passed quietly and rapidly away, for all in that rose clad cottage were sound sleepers. The old soldier, however, was up before daylight, and, throwing open his casement window, leaned far out to take a look at the weather. It was certainly going to be a fine day. As yet there was but a weak glimmering in the east, where the sun would presently break through, and the world looked limpid and cool in the gray dusk of the early morning. As the soldier leaned out of the window enjoying the fragrance of the dew steeped roses that climbed in clusters just beneath the window frame he felt a light touch on his shoulder, and, turning, he saw his wife at his side.

"Are you happy this morning, John?" she asked.

"Quite," said he. "And you, dear?"

"Yes, indeed," was the answer. "Let us go out into the garden. I heard George getting up some time ago, and he is out now, I expect."

Surely enough, they found him a few minutes later at the foot of the flagpole, which stood on a little knoll. He was busy tying the banner to the cord running up the pole.

"Ah," said the veteran, "that is right, my boy! See how rosy it is getting in the east. Just a moment or two, and then"—

A glorious gleam of brightness appeared in the east, and at the same instant the boom of a cannon across the lake broke in upon the old man's speech. With the noise of the cannon a strange pallor came into his face, and he almost fell to the ground. George noticed it and started to come to his assistance, but he only waved him back, and, pointing to the banner, with a look of exaltation, cried:

"Run up the flag!"

Those were the last words he ever spoke.

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THE FOURTH IN GOTHAM.

A Deserted City—How Some Famous Men Celebrate.

The glorious Fourth in New York is generally celebrated by every one going out of town for the day. Not that the Gothamite fails in his patriotism—he is full of that feeling every day in the year—but, the Fourth being a legal holiday, all hands take a day in the woods, in the green fields or at the seashore. Consequently the streets of New York are deserted, and the whole of Manhattan Island looks like an abandoned market. The firemen, the men who drive the ambulances and hospital attendants, however, usually have their hands full on this particular holiday, for, although the Fourth is a day fraught with all things enjoyable for both young and old, there is hardly any one who does not remember a New York Fourth of July when things went wrong at least once and very seriously. From the aged veteran who goes out to see the fireworks and gets a spark in his eye to the small boy who holds his toy pistol "to see if it will kick" there are sure to be casualties more or less serious.

Ask any prominent man in Gotham for his Fourth of July experiences, and he will tell you a good story. This is especially true of H. O. Du Val, private secretary of Chauncey M. Depew, for Mr. Du Val was born on July 4. He tells a story about his most unlucky Fourth, something like this: One Fourth of July, when I was about 7 or 8, I arose full of patriotism and went out to have a good time with my firecrackers. I also had a number of birthday presents, which made me still happier. In fact, the intense patriotism which I have always displayed for the Fourth has its origin a little, I think, in the fact that I get many presents on that day. Well, on this particular day I went out with my presents, such as could be carried, and my firecrackers and was having the 'largest kind of a time' when a boy near me—I do not now think purposely—threw a firecracker down the back of my neck. I wore a little shirt waist and a kilt, and it seemed as if the whole outfit had caught fire in half a minute. Of course I was burned, although not seriously so, but enough to make me very cautious how I moved about and very careful not to get near the fire again, for that day at least."

Another famous New Yorker met with bad luck once on July 4, when a mere baby. That was Oliver Sumner Teall, and he was but 5 years old at the time. It is said that people who have passed through great dangers can never accurately describe the events as they occurred, and that is why Mr. Teall cannot tell exactly about that explosion. "I was playing with a pinwheel," said he, "when it went off in some mysterious way, and, still more mysterious, it seemed to carry me off with it. I flew up into the air, heavy though I was with five years of chubbiness, and when I came down there was less of Ollie and a great deal more of bowl than there had been. My eyes seemed gone, my curls surely were gone and my little dress was missing in some of its important links. I lived. But, oh, I remembered that Fourth for a many a long day."

The veteran caterer Delmonico says he is extremely fond of the Fourth and always celebrated with the small boys. Banker D. O. Mills says the Fourth is the most glorious day in the year, not even excepting Christmas. General Benjamin F. Tracy says he does not care for fireworks now, and when he was a boy and hankered after such things he was too poor to buy them. Lawyer Abe Hummel invariably celebrates the day by taking a wagon load of pretty girls for a drive through Central park.

Richard Croker will celebrate his Fourth of July in "dear old Lunnon," and there will be more Americans in England's metropolis to remember the day than in any previous year. The wealthier Americans who happen to be in London will visit that famed seat of Waldorf Astor, where the great landowner has prepared quite a celebration. Mr. Astor's well known antipathy to fireworks is likely to limit the day's observance to quiet festivity, but three years ago he set a dinner of 300 covers on the Thames bank, and 14 members of parliament sat down to it and drank the health of the president of the United States. At Cliveden preparations have been making for nearly two months, and the number of Mr. Astor's guests will run into the hundreds. The official celebration of the day in England will, of course, be that held in the American embassy in London. So fully recognized in England are the customs incident to this day that it is an understood thing that no one connected with the embassy shall be asked to any affair that is timed to cover the Fourth of July. For 30 years the queen of England and the Prince of Wales have been represented at the banquet given by the American minister on that day.

HARRISON AYRES.

THE WRONG GIRL.

She Resented His Insisting Upon Going Out Between the Acts.

It did not take place in the city of Washington, because no man in Washington leaves a lady alone while he goes out between the acts at a theater unless it be his wife, and, of course, that doesn't count.

But it did occur, and the man in the case was perhaps 30, the girl 22, and the theater was one in which the melodrama has its home. The girl was pretty, and there was that kind of a jaw hedging the lower part of her rosy cheeks that ought to have been a hint to the young man. The young man was a very fair sample of the average chap who makes $1,200 to $1,500 a year.

Between them and the aisle sat a big man of 60 with his wife and two daughters, and the big man had a voice bigger than he was. When the curtain went down on the first act, there was a slight scrap between the couple, which ended in the young man not going out between the first and second acts because the wait was short and he hadn't time to argue. The girl's cheeks were redder than before when the curtain went up, and the set of her jaw was firmer.

At the next fall of the curtain there was a slight scrap again, which ended this time in the young man dragging himself over four people and leaving the girl to sit alone until he was ready to come back to her.

Two minutes later the girl dragged herself after him, over the same four people. But she stopped in the aisle long enough to say something to the big man with the two daughters. Then she disappeared.

It was a long wait, and just as the curtain started up the young man hurried down the aisle, and was about to drag himself over four people when the big man called his attention to the vacancy which had occurred during his absence.

The young man's jaw dropped, and he actually grew red in the face.

The big man handed him a ring with a bright little diamond glistening in it.

"She gave me that and told me to give it to you," he said, with a menace in his tone as he looked over at his own girls, "and she said if you ever came to her house again or spoke to her her father would thrash you as you deserved."

The young man was paralyzed.

"And I want to say," added the big party, "that if the old man ain't able to do it, he can call on me."

Then he let the young man go, and the way he went was a caution to a flying machine.—Washington Star.

Behold him there in the orchestra,
That chap with the jumbo fiddle!
Though placid now is his vertebra
As a cake on an ice cold griddle,
There will come a time when his spinal cord
Will break at the temperate zone,
And you'll wonder how the man can afford
Such a liberal slack of bone.

Just take him in. What a frigid thing
He seems in a quiet pose,
Like the center pole in a circus ring
Or a scarecrow waiting for crows!
Like a marble bust or a tufa crust
Stuck up in a solemn place
Is the chap that soon will his jug'lar thrust
O'er the wing of the double bass.

Ha, ha! The maestro's baton taps,
There's a stir in the broadcloth seam,
The hinge of the spinal column snaps
And crooketh the elbow beam!
Anon there glides a giant bow
O'er the fiddle's big abdomen,
And the overture, in its easy flow,
Seems only a pleasant omen.

But mark! There's an obligato called
With an accelerando spurt,
And the way that bridge of size is mauled
Imperils the old man's shirt,
For he dives down over the bulging breast
Of his ten foot violin
And saws and saws at the tough old chest
Till you'd think he'd cave it in.

Then he wags his bow with a jerk and a squeak
Through a rising agitato,
And the off hand scals up the wire bound peak
Like a bee stung Thomas cat O.
The ague tackles his every limb,
And seams give way in his jacket,
And—well, if you'd live to note his vim
At the grand finale's racket,

You'd say, as you saw his brisk contails
In a meteoric spatter
And his whole anatomy whiz like flails
In an old time thrashing patter,
"There isn't a man in the world, I vow,
Or in t'other orbs of space
That earns his bread by the sweat of his brew
Like the man of the double bass."
—Wade Whipple in Boston Courier.

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For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 5.10 p. m., (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (via steamer), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.
For Castine Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones, from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
Southern Division.
On and After June 27, 1897, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.21, §6.43, †7.45, *8.31, §9.15 *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, §3.00, 4.25, §5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.44, 6.28, §6.46, 7.05, 7.31, *7.32, 7.33, *7.48, §7.51, *8.57, §9.19, *9.50, 11.03, *11.43 a. m. 12.16, 1.43, §3.03, †3.41, *4.02, 4.28, 5.22, §5.49, *8.22, *7.43, 8.49 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7.23, *7.25, 8.48, *9.10 a. m; 4.25, 5.53 p. m.
For Woburn, 6.28, 7.05, 7.33, *7.48, 11.03 a.m.; 1.43, 4.28, 5.49 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., 4.25, 5.53 p. m.
*Note—Express. §Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.25, 10.00 a. m; 4.43 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.50, 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.13, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m., and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.41 9.18, 9.40, 10.59 a. m; 12.03, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.40, 6.50, 8.10, 8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.19 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.03 a.m., 2.00, 5.02, 6.10, 8.40 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.40 a. m; 12.03, 1.40, 5.40, 13.10 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m.; 3.45 p. m., Saturday only till August 31, inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.40 a.m; 1.54, 8.40 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.40 a. m.; 12.03, 18.10 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.40 a. m.; 18.41 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke —1.54, 8.40 p. m., daily except Sunday.
[illegible] Daily for Montreal.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
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Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

Sherman is a snarler rather than a diplomat.

Senator Platt seems to have met his most formidable foe in Seth Low, candidate for the mayoralty of the greater New York.

Fall River has a bribery case of large proportions. All our leading cities are apparently trying to rival Lowell in municipal muddles.

The Greenhalge club, composed of a number of the late governor's admirers, intends to enter vigorously into the fall campaign.

Spain seems to be on the verge of a revolution. She will soon have enough to do to preserve order at home without giving any attention to Cuba.

That poem, written for the Sun, and dedicated to the electric car conductor, would indicate that Cora Hass has a worthy rival in the person of Wildie Thayer.

The recent discovery of gold at Redding, Cal., in Mexico, and at New Butler, N. J., will serve as a sort of antifebrine to those stricken with the Klondike fever.

Senator Hoar is an adept in dealing favorably with both sides of a question. He praises President Andrews of Brown University and says the corporation did just right.

The Citizen explains to its own satisfaction why ten conductors were dropped by the Lowell & Suburban railroad company, but no official of the company endorses the Citizen's view of the case.

J. Ten Eyck has been nearly "functioned" to death. His many receptions put him out of condition for the national regatta at Philadelphia. He will need to guard against these deadly complimentary fetes. They have defeated hundreds of champions.

PROSPERITY ON PAPER.

Bradstreet's and Dun's mercantile agencies are now doubling their efforts to improve business on paper. They have rendered great service to the republican party during the past nine months by holding up to public view everything that might inspire confidence, and by minimizing or overlooking the most flagrant proofs that republican promises of approaching prosperity were wholly delusive.

Even now, when the tariff panacea has been applied to the situation, the merchants as well as the mills will candidly say that there is little or no improvement, that prosperity may be coming, but assuredly it has not yet arrived.

DEATH TO ANARCHISTS.

It is reported that certain dangerous Spanish anarchists are coming to this country, and that Immigration Commissioner Powderly has taken steps to prevent their admission to this country. That's right. There should be an international organization representing all the civilized powers to stamp out anarchy. While there may be some cause for the existence of revolutionary bodies in Spain, Russia, or in England, yet there is no justification anywhere for anarchism which aims merely at the overthrow of all government or the subversion of lawfully constituted authority. The moment a man admits that he is an anarchist, he should be thrown into prison, if not hanged outright, because that profession includes the crime of treason against all government, for which the punishment is death. And yet the anarchists are tolerated in this country and elsewhere until they commit some crime such as that which horrified the world a few days ago in the assassination of the Spanish premier.

Mary Ellen Lease may never realize her ambition to be president. She may never be able to convince the people that she is strictly sane and a woman of sound judgment, but we don't know of anything more convincing on this point than a letter she has written on the labor problem in which she says:

"The intelligence of the nineteenth century has been used to get the greatest amount of labor for the least amount of money.

"While this condition exists a conflict between greed and self-preservation is inevitable.

To the intelligence she might have added the wealth, the power, and the legislative machinery of the country have all been used for the same purpose—to oppress labor. No wonder the coal mine serfs rebel.

NO COMPARISON.

"No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

BETTER than cure is prevention. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you may keep well, with pure blood, strong nerves and a good **APPETITE.**

SUNBEAMS

Prompt Action.

Teacher—Now, Tommy, if you were to have three balls and some one were to give you another what would you have?

Tommy—I'd take me base.—New York Journal.

His Mining Kit.

"So Luke has gone gold hunting in Alaska!"

"That's what he said."

"Did he take along a big outfit?"

"You bet! Two faro layouts and a wheel."—Detroit News.

Preferred Another.

Revivalist (in eastern Kentucky)—Oh, young man, I come this night to lead you to grace!

Young Kaintuck—Not to her, preacher. Lead me to her sister Sal.—New York Sunday Journal.

Gotham Values.

Philadelphian—I suppose everything is pretty dear in New York, isn't it? Nothing cheap there?

New Yorker—Nothing cheap except life. —New York Weekly.

HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

Behold the mansion reared by dædal Jack.

See the malt stored in many a plethoric sack
In the proud cirque of Ivan's bivouac.

Mark how the rat's felonious fangs invade
The golden stores in John's pavilion laid.

Anon with velvet foot and Tarquin strides
Subtle grimalkin to his quarry glides—
Grimalkin grim that slew the fierce rodent
Whose tooth insidious Johann's sackcloth rent.

Lo! now the deep mouthed canine foe's assault
That vexed the avenger of the stolen malt
Stored in the hallowed precincts of that hall
That rose complete at Jack's creative call.

Here stalks the impetuous cow with crumpled horn
Whereon the exacerbating hound was torn
Who bayed the feline slaughter beast that slew
The rat predacious whose keen fangs ran through
The textile fibers that involved the grain
Which lay in Hans' inviolate domain.

Here walks forlorn the damsel crowned with rue,
Lactiferous spoils from vaccine dugs who drew
Of that corniculate beast whose tortuous horn
Tossed the clouds in fierce, vindictive scorn
The harrowing hound whose braggart bark and stir
Arched the lithe spine and reared the indignant fur
Of puss, that with verminicidal claw
Struck the weird rat in whose insatiate maw
Lay reeking malt that erst in Juan's course we saw.

Robed in senescent garb that seems in sooth
Too long a prey to Chronos' iron tooth,
Behold the man whose amorous lips incline,
Full with Eros' osculative sign,
To the lorn maiden whose lactalble hands
Drew albu-lactic bovine wealth from lacteal glands
Of that immortal bovine by whose horn
Distort to realm ethereal was borne
The beast catulean, vexer of the sly
Ulysses quadrupedal, who made die
The old mordacious rat that dared devour
Antecedaneous ale in John's domestic bower.

Lo! here, with hirsute honors doffed, succinct,
Of saponaceous locks, the priest who linked
In Hymen's golden bands the torn unthrift
Whose means exiguous stared through many a rift
Even as he kissed the virgin all forlorn
Who milked the cow with implicated horn
Who in fine wrath the canine torturer skied
That dared to vex the insidious muricide
Who let auroral effluence through the pelt
Of the sly rat that robbed the palace Jack had built.

The loud cantankerous Shanghai comes at last
Whose shouts aroused the shorn ecclesiast
Who sealed the vows of Hymen's sacrament
To him who, robed in garments indigent,
Exosculates the damsel lachrymose,
The emulgator of that horned brute morose
That tossed the dog that worried the cat that kilt
The rat that ate the malt that lay in the house that Jack built.

—Duluth Herald.

Trying Again.

"Papa," said the ice baron's beautiful daughter, "mamma and I want $5,000 for charitable purposes. Can you let us have it?"

"I suppose so, my dear," said the indulgent parent, "but isn't that quite a large sum for charity? What disposition do you intend to make of it?"

"You remember," said the fair girl, "the younger son of that English duke who will inherit the title and estates of his father, and who was so attentive to me last summer?"

"I do," said the ice baron. "Is he trying to borrow money already?"

"No, indeed. He has returned home without proposing, and mamma and I have decided to go to a summer resort for the purpose of securing another."

"And where does the charity come in?"

"Oh, the money, you know, is to be used as a fresh heir fund."—Detroit Free Press.

No Procrastination.

"Mary!" came the voice from the top of the stairs.

"Yes, mamma," came the answering voice from the parlor.

"I want to speak to you a minute."

"Just as soon as I say 'Good night' to Harold."

"Very well, but remember I shall not allow you a minute over an hour and a half for it."—Chicago Post.

Unhugged.

She was pale, but quite calm.

"I have just met a bear in the forest," she said. She shuddered. "And, of course"—

Her voice quivered a bit now.

—"It was just my luck to have my waist all stuck full of pins."

Her eyes grew moist, but she did not weep—at least not there.—Detroit Journal.

His Name.

Socratoots—Mrs. Primpas calls her husband her "Little Pneumatic Tire."

Spats—She must love him dearly.

Socratoots—I don't think so.

Spats—Isn't it because he makes her path smooth?

Socratoots—No, because she's always blowing him up.—Pittsburg News.

POP AND THE PEACH.

The Boy Saw Them, and His Camera Did the Rest.

There was no denying that he was a bright boy. Indeed it was that very fact that made the old gentleman nervous when he saw him looking at him so intently.

"Say, pop," said the boy at last, with that lack of reverence that is born in a boy and assiduously cultivated later.

"Well?" returned the old gentleman.

"Saw you down on the beach during the bathing hour this morning," explained the boy.

"Very likely," replied the old gentleman as calmly as was possible under the circumstances.

"Mom had a headache and couldn't leave the hotel, you know."

"I recall it," said the old gentleman, beginning to scowl.

"Saw you sitting up on the beach with that peach from New York in the light blue bathing suit," persisted the boy.

"Oh, I guess you must be mistaken, Willie," suggested the old gentleman. "You mistook some one else for me."

"Oh, I guess not," returned the boy cheerfully. "She's the one mom said ought to be ashamed to wear such a suit into the water."

"I know the one you mean, Willie," replied the old gentleman conciliatingly, "but I guess you didn't see me with her."

"You guess again," retorted Willie. "I saw you on the beach with her, and afterward I saw you out in the surf, jumping her over the waves. Oh, I guess I didn't make any mistake! I'm just going up stairs to develop the pictures."

"The what?"

"Pictures. Had my camera down on the beach this morning, you know. Oh, you don't know how funny you looked, pop! I'll bet mom'll roar when she sees these."

"Where—where are the pictures now?" asked the old gentleman anxiously.

"In the camera," answered the boy. "Haven't taken the roll of film out yet. By the way, pop, you ought to have a camera. Lot's of fun when you learn how."

"Yes, I guess you're right, Willie," returned the old gentleman. "I've been thinking it over and I don't see how I've worried along so long without a camera. You don't want to sell yours, do you?"

"Oh, I don't mind. I want to get a bigger one anyway. I'll tell you what I'll do, pop. You get that big one for me that you refused to buy yesterday 'cause it cost too much, and you can have mine."

Somewhere at the bottom of the ocean at this particular seaside resort rests a camera tied to a bar of iron, while a small boy with a good head for business is amusing himself with a new one just about twice its size.—Chicago Post.

The Lesser Evil.

"Those Pumpernickel boys beat Bonnaker," remarked Gowanus to me the other morning. "Not long ago their pa and me became kind of frightened at the prevalence of smallpox in their neighborhood, and so they concluded to let Arty and Joey spend a month or two with their Uncle William and Aunt Rebecca, who had no children of their own and had always wanted to have the dear little boys come and visit them.

"This morning old Pumpernickel showed me a letter they had received from Uncle William. I just forget the first part of it, but the last sentence went this way 'Please take the two young rascals away and send along the smallpox instead.'"—New York Sunday World.

At Last.

"Henceforth," she exclaimed, "you shall be to me as a stranger!"

Her husband was fairly mad with joy. He could not speak. He could only fold her to his bosom again and again, taking care to unfold her each time, of course.

At last, then, the constraint and distrust that had subsisted between them was to be no more.—Detroit Journal.

Easily Comprehended.

American Boy—Papa, what's an absolute monarchy?

Papa—A country ruled by a king whose authority is unlimited. His word is law, and the people must do his bidding. Do you understand?

American Boy—Oh, yes, a sort of political boss.—New York Weekly.

Well Looked After.

"Brooks," said Rivers, "you ought to do something for that cold of yours. A neglected cold sometimes leads to serious consequences."

"This cold of mine isn't neglected," crossly answered Brooks. "Five or six hundred of my friends are looking after it."—Chicago Tribune.

Handicapped.

"I couldn't get a policy from that insurance company."

"Rejected?"

"Yes. I don't ride a wheel, and all pedestrians are now considered extra hazardous risks. As I'm nearsighted in one eye they wouldn't take me at all."—Detroit Free Press.

In Chicago.

Insurance Agent—You want the policy made out in favor of your wife? Her name, please?

The Victim—Don't you think we'd better leave the name out? It will save so much trouble from time to time, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Too High Priced.

"Little boy," said the kind gentleman, "I hope you do not read those pernicious dime novels?"

"Naw," said the little boy, "not when I kin git bully good stories fer a nickel apiece."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Solid.

Mrs. Slimdiet (to new boarder)—That is poundcake, Mr. Starver.

New Boarder (carefully hefting a piece) —What did you pound it with?—New York Weekly.

Uncle Eben's Philosophy.

"Hit am er unfawchnit fack," said Uncle Eben, "dat de more reason a man hab foh indignation de less comfort he's gwinter git out of it."—Washington Star.

Two Branches.

"Jumper is going to try the gold cure."

"Keeley or Klondike?"—Chicago Record.

On His Vacation.

He kicked and he swore,
He ripped and he tore,
But it did him no good, don't you see.
His brain was quite small
Or he wouldn't at all
Have touched the wrong end of the bee.

—Philadelphia Inquirer.

THE DEBT CANCELED.

"Sound Money" Campaign Contributions Repaid.

HISTORY OF AN INFAMOUS CRIME.

The Tariff Bill Was Made Solely In the Interest of Monopolies, Without Regard to Anything but Their Gain—Formulated Before the Election.

On the face of the record the tariff bill, which has received the president's signature, was prepared by the committee of ways and means and was passed by the house 13 days thereafter, and then passed the senate 67 days after that. Of course this cannot be the whole history of such a prodigious measure. The clerical work of copying such a bill could scarcely be performed in three days. In point of fact Mr. Reed, who could not, of course, have been the speaker of a house which had not come into existence, appointed the committee of ways and means in the autumn preceding, and that committee were engaged during the fall and winter months in the preparation of the future bill to be introduced into the future house.

The real history of this bill would have to start even farther back than the events above narrated. There was a national election held in the preceding November. To carry that election for the grand old party more money was required than had ever before been expended in the history of parties in this nation. Another thing also was needed —namely, an idea to catch the popular imagination. The idea pitched upon was "sound money." The real thing desired by the class who carried the sinews of war was a complete overthrow of the tariff laws and their adjustment to the private necessities of these people.

If there is in human affairs such a thing as moral certainty as distinguished from the certainty that has absolute physical proof behind it, it is certain that the price demanded and given for the means to carry last year's election was the conversion of the taxing power from the people to the hands of the few whose lobby in Washington has secured the spoils of this great victory. The bargain was struck, the funds were contributed, the rostrum was covered by an array of talent for "sound money" which for quantity and ability has never been equaled in any election, the victory was won, and early in the winter of last year McKinley, Reed and the committee to be began to prepare for the delivery of the goods.

The Dingley bill was formulated during the months between the election and the meeting of the special session of congress. The bill bears Dingley's name. Its makers were the contributors to the last campaign fund. For the first time in the history of protectionism a tariff bill has been passed without any pretense that it is made for American "industries" or "American labor" or the "home market" or any of the fine things which of old excited the imagination of reasonable patriots. There was no debate touching any of these things that used to enter into the tariff. The schedules were wanted by the friends of the "advance agent of prosperity," and they were yielded. That is the whole history of it.

It would be absurd to discuss the economic phase of a performance of this sort. That it will do anything with the national revenue nobody can affirm. We have got the tariff, and we must accept it for better or for worse. With all the history of bargaining and sale it cannot be as bad as the uncertainty of the past year. The ability of this healthy, rugged people to carry great burdens of wrong and error is wondrous. We shall now move on to a little activity in business because we all are hungry and naked and must supply these needs, whatever it costs.—Detroit News.

Despoiling the People.

The Republican majority in congress not only voted for discrimination in favor of one citizen over another, but in favor of an oppressive monopoly over all citizens. Instead of protecting the people from spoliation it grants to the despoiler of the people fresh opportunities for spoliation.

When the people see the power of the government thus abused to turn them over to the spoliation of a monster monopoly, is there cause for wonder that profound discontent agitates them? When, just as the country is emerging from a period of distress, the people see millions legislated by congress into the pockets of rich monopolists, is it strange that millions feel the sting of injustice? —St. Louis Republic.

How to Make Pineapple Tapioca Pudding.

Wash through several waters a teacupful of either flake or pearl tapioca. Soak in a quart of cold water overnight. When ready to prepare, place the tapioca with the water in which it soaked in a granite kettle on top of stove. Cook until clear, add a saltspoonful of salt, 2 teacupfuls of granulated sugar, a small pineapple grated or half a can grated pineapple and cook for half an hour. Stir often to keep from scorching. Place in serving dish, beat whites of 3 eggs very light, add gradually 4 tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar, pile on pudding, place in oven with door open for 10 minutes, then close the door and let brown. A meringue will never fall if allowed to remain in oven with door open for several minutes. Serve pudding cold with cream.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST. 161 CENTRAL ST. OPPOSITE THE WASHINGTON HOUSE

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER and JOBBER
120 LAWRENCE STREET.
All orders promptly attended to.

CURRENT EVENTS

ANNUAL VISITS EAST.

WESTERN FARMERS WHOSE HEARTS TURN TOWARD THE OLD HOMES.

Pennsylvanians Appear to Be the Most Attached to Their Eastern Birthplaces—A Party of Them Bought Ninety-five Tickets to Chambersburg, Pa.

This is the time of year when the east and the west come close together in the annual or biennial visit to the old home made by those who have found new abiding places on the prairies. It is the dream of the people of the plains to go "back east" on a visit, and when the harvest is over and it is known whether the corn crop is going to be heavy or only fair, and when the wheat is assured the trip is taken.

But it is doubtful if the possessor of a private car enters it with more smiling face or with brighter anticipations than do these excursionists get aboard the train to go a-visiting back among those with whom their early lives were spent. It means a dip into the enchanted past of their youth, and they fondly hope that they will find everything as they left it—or as they think they left it—when they departed for the prairie homes that they have made almost as beautiful as the old ones. That is the secret of the annual migration and the thousands of dollars that the western people spend on trips back east rather than on outings at the mountains or at the seashore. Few of the farmers and farmers' wives take or desire any other recreation than this trip. Said a plain, motherly woman on the east bound train the other day: "I told John—he's up in the smoking car—that I would rather go home an see the old schoolhouse than to go to California with the excursion. He rather wanted to go with 'em, but I jest wouldn't do it. We've been west six years, an haven't been back east but once, an it is time we was doin it again. Of course things won't be jest as we left 'em—they wasn't the other time—but it does me good to talk it all over an see the girls I went to school with, an everybody." That is the principle of it all—to take oneself back to the days of youth and live over the times that were so delightful then and seem far more so now in retrospect.

The Pennsylvanians are perhaps the greatest visitors in the west. There is among them a family affection that is some reflection of the sentiment of the fatherland, and especially is it seen in the emigrants who have that strain in their blood. The agent of a Kansas town railway station was made aware of this one day recently, two years after the emigration of the Quakerlike sect of River Brethren from the Pennsylvania hills to the plains of Kansas. They went to Kansas with their money in their pockets. It was estimated that when the first colony left for the west members had $500,000 in cash with them. One day the agent saw a large party come into the station. Soon one of them came to his window and said:

"I want to know what is the fare to Chambersburg, Pa."

"Thirty-four dollars, spot cash," was the reply of the agent, who thought there was some plan to get a free ride.

"That is all right," replied the man in the broad brimmed hat. "We will take 95 tickets."

While the agent stared, he laboriously counted out $3,230 in small bills, as if a collection had been taken, as indeed it probably had. The whole party went back east for a visit, and since then there have been thousands of dollars more spent at that station every year for the same purpose.

There is in the average westerner's heart, for the first few years of his residence on the plains, a determination that he will, as soon as his ship comes in and there has been amassed a fortune, return and be happy in the land of his youth. As the years go by he loses this feeling, and the visits that he makes to the eastern states intensify the satisfaction with the west that has come to be a part of his maturer nature. He realizes the difference between the ways of his fathers and those of the new generation, and after a few years of life in the breezy west is satisfied nowhere else. Of course he does not think all this. He believes that he would be supremely happy if he could go back. He dreams of the old home and the old friends, forgetful that the latter are mostly in the west like himself, while the home is owned by strangers. Some day he finds that he can go and see it, and when he has done it he comes back, grateful that his lines have been cast in the places that are so pleasant.

The pilgrimage will last until the end of fall. Then it will turn westward, and the tired men and women—mostly the latter, however—will be pouring through the transfer depots laden down with packages of sassafras from the old farm, with canes cut from the grove by the brook and with remembrances for the children.

This visiting is a good thing for the west and for the east. The former is able to present the truth of its conditions to sympathetic listeners, and the latter learns many interesting facts about western life that do not get into the papers. It would be better if the east would make more visits out west. Maybe it will some day. —C. M. Harger in Chicago Times-Herald

Scrubbing by Electricity.

The electric machine for holystoning the deck of a ship has found its counterpart in an electrical appliance for the scrubbing and mopping of floors. The new machine is fashioned very much after the model of a lawn mower. The operator pushes it along, and three revolving brushes turning at the rate of 400 times a minute, make short work of cleaning the dirtiest floors. A mopping adjustment can take the place of the brushes when necessary. The machine is actuated by a small electric motor which it carries. This motor can be attached to the street or other circuit wherever there is an incandescent lamp. The brushes cover a space 24 inches wide, and the motor develops one-half horsepower. The inventor says he can sweep and scrub 15,000 square feet in three hours, which is less than one-third of the time usually required when the same area is cleaned by hand. The machine also renders possible a great reduction in the amount of help required.

New England Leads In Manufactures.

Mr. Mulhall, the British statistician, states that no country can vie with New England in the matter of manufactures, the value of the output of which represents $319 per inhabitant, while in Great Britain it is $115, in Belgium $88 and in France $74. In 1850 the annual value of manufactures per inhabitant in Great Britain was $111, and but $4 more in 1890, while during the same period in New England it rose from $104 to $319. This shows that British manufactures during 40 years have but little more than kept pace with the population, while those of New England are three times as great per inhabitant.

TRAIN PASSED OVER HIM.

A Boy Whose Skull Is Partly Rubber Loses a Leg.

Sixteen-year-old Frank Haughawout, who lives with his parents at Asbury, on the Jersey Central railroad, was kicked in the head by a mule some months ago. His skull was fractured, and the hospital physicians said that he would not live more than a few hours. At the end of a week he was alive, and the physicians trephined his skull, removing several pieces of bone. Rubber was placed over the exposed parts of the brain. The wounds healed, and the boy recovered.

After being discharged from the hospital Haughawout developed a strange passion for racing with the railroad trains that passed his home. He would sprint along the track by the side of freight trains with great speed. Sometimes he would grab the hand iron on the cars and run alongside until the train slowed up at a watering station, a quarter of a mile away.

At 7 o'clock the other morning, while he was sprinting down the track with a tight hold on the hand iron of a freight car on a fast train, he ran into a pile of stone ballast. He was thrown under the train. Twenty-eight cars passed over him. He was found sitting up between the tracks looking at his right leg, which had been cut off below the knee.

"Go tell pop that I have lost a leg and must go to the hospital," he said coolly to a track walker who ran to him.

He was taken to the Emergency hospital at Somerville, N. J. It was found that his left leg was broken and badly crushed. It may have to be amputated.—Exchange.

A RACE TO THE ALTAR.

An Eloping Pair Outrode an Angry Brother.

Dr. Samuel Delancy Hicks, a prominent physician of Washington, and Miss Lena Speer, daughter of State Treasurer J. W. Speer of Georgia and a niece of Judge Emery Speer of the Eastern district United States court of Georgia, were married the other day after many trials and an exciting chase.

Dr. Hicks first met Miss Speer at Virginia Beach. It was a case of love at first sight. They quietly went to Norfolk and secured a license, suppressing the fact from the newspapers, but could find no minister to marry them.

The story finally got out and was telegraphed far and wide. It was seen by Miss Speer's brother, John Speer, in Atlanta. He decided to try to stop the marriage and left at once. It was a race against time. He arrived at the Beach in the morning, but just as he stepped from the train Miss Speer and Dr. Hicks mounted their bicycles and pedaled with great speed to Lynn Haven Bay, where they persuaded Rev. Dr. Robertson to make them one.

Brother Speer learned of their departure and hired a team, but the bicycle won, and when he arrived the pair had been married. He was angry at first, but calmed down and offered congratulations.

It is said the bride's parents objected bitterly to the match because Dr. Hicks is a divorced man.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

GOT MARRIED FOR FUN.

Eight Young People Afterward Find It a Reality.

District Judge Hamilton of the Eddy district recently issued an order expunging from the records in the county clerk's office of Eddy county, N. M., the marriage record of two couples, serious victims of a mock marriage. Testimony in the case of two other couples was being taken before the district attorney, with a view to asking the judge to issue a similar order.

The episode which entangled these eight young people in the matrimonial net has kept the people of Seven Rivers at a high pitch of excitement for weeks past. While at a dance J. E. Hawley, Thomas Wilson and two other young men got into a matrimonial banter with their respective sweethearts and decided to have a mock marriage. They called upon a patriarchal looking man in the assembly to perform the ceremony, which was done with due solemnity, and when it was done it turned out that the man who performed the rites was a duly qualified justice of the peace from an adjoining precinct.

The girls became alarmed. Their parents hurried them home, and next day certificates of marriage were duly filed by the justice in the county clerk's office. Then the parents of the girls took legal advice and filed suits to have the mock marriages annulled.

President's Portrait to Be on Bills.

There is a plan afoot to put a handsome portrait of President McKinley in the hands of nearly every citizen of the United States. The president, it is said, is not aware of the plan, as the intention is to surprise him.

His features, in fine, have been chosen by the treasury officials to adorn some denomination of the new series of treasury notes on which the bureau of engraving and printing has for some time been engaged.

Now the treasury is hunting high and low for a portrait that shall show the president at his very best. The quest began some time ago, and New York was the first place applied to.

Recently Claude M. Johnson, director of the bureau of engraving and printing at Washington, forwarded a request to Sarony, of Fifth avenue, for copies of all the latest photographs that had been taken by him.

Sarah Ellen.

The languid air is laden with the odor of the roses,
The burly bees are busy in the tassels of the corn,
And down the pasture pathway, where the placid pool reposes,
A man and maid are wooing in the musk of early morn.
The dewdrops flash their diamonds on the fingers of the clover,
A haze of floating amber hangs upon the distant hill,
While from a little window where wild gourd vines climb over
A voice of pent up anger is calling with a will:
"Sarah Ellen! Oh, Sarah Ellen!
De hogs am in de gyarden!
What's dat no 'count niggah, I'd lak to know?"

Higher up the saffron sky the sun is slowly streaming,
The thrush trills gayly from a tree far down upon the creek,
The honeysuckle avenues with insect life are teeming,
And from the cups the humming birds their morning nectar seek.
Far down the sun besprinkled road beyond the greening pasture,
Astride a bag of corn, the boy is riding toward the mill,
And still the lovers bill and coo, unmindful of disaster,
And still the voice is calling with an energetic will:
"Sarah Ellen! Oh, Sarah Ellen!
De hogs am in de gyarden!
What's dat no 'count niggah, I'd lak to know?"
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ZYNO

The Great Mexican Blood Tonic

35c. FOR LARGE $1 BOTTLES.

Unequalled for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Mexican King of Pain. Stops all Pains. 25 CENTS.

Mexican Worm Lozenges Removes all Worms, 25c.

Mexican Herb Ointment For Piles, Cuts and Burns, 25c.

For sale in Lowell only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 Central Street.

SHOW CASES

We have taken the agency of Judkins' Show Cases, and if you are in want of a

SHOW CASE

call and see our assortment.

Show Case Glass a Specialty.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

63-67 MARKET STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleansing, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 10, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 873 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SCHOOL SHOES

May seem a little early to mention, but money saving is ever of interest to the wise. For the children, that were $1.25 we are closing out at 85c. a pair. Ladies' Russet Button were $2.50, to close at $1.75. Ladies' Oxford in russet or black, regular price $1.50, now $1.10. We warrant every pair.

N. B.—These goods won't last long at these prices. Buy now and save money.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON STREET.

HOUSE LOTS ON THE EMERY LAND

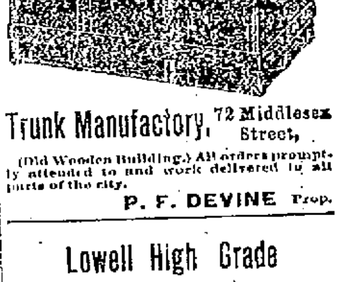
Over the new Moody Street Bridge, 6625 feet from Old Postoffice, latest improvements

Low Prices. Easy Terms.

INVESTIGATE.

A. J. RYAN, Agent

Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)
Fifth floor, take elevator.
On the land every afternoon.



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(Old Wooden Building.) All orders promptly attended to and work delivered to all parts of the city.

P. F. DEVINE Prop.

Lowell High Grade

FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

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E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 98 and 102 Lakeview Avenue. Telephone Number 474.

MORE GOLD SEEKERS OFF

Two Steamers Leave Victoria With Passengers for Klondike

A Heavy Royalty on Mining on the Canadian Side—A Gold Commissioner Appointed for Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 16.—There were in Victoria yesterday close upon 1000 men of every class and from every part of the world who were wildly anxious to get started on the long trip to the new Eldorado. These men had tickets which will carry them to Skagway Bay on the big collier Bristol or on the steamer Islander, both of which sailed yesterday. The Bristol was fitted with bunks and stalls for horses from the bottom of her hold to the top of her cabin deck, and every bunk and stall is occupied, close upon 500 men going on the Bristol, and just as many horses and mules. Even the big collier is filled up, the feed for the animals and the outfits for the men taking up an immense amount of space.

The Islander has just as big a crowd, but much of the space on her is taken up by a contingent of mounted police, their horses, dogs and outfits. They realize that they have a winter's trip before them before they reach Dawson City, and are taking dogs and sleighs.

The horses will be taken as far as possible, and, when they are of no more use, will be killed and used as food for the dogs. A few of the men are going up with the idea of purchasing cheap outfits from men who have become discouraged and are turning back, but most of them are well provided and all are taking pack animals, they having in this respect taken the advice of men who went before and have written of the great difficulty in securing animals or Indians to pack their supplies across the pass.

W. W. E. Canovan of Ottawa, who was a member of the Canadian boundary survey, in which capacity he learned much about Alaska, left on the Islander. Mr. Canovan is going to look over the ground for the Klondyke Placer, Mining and Prospecting company of Bradford, Paris and Ontario. This company will send out a large party in the spring to prospect and work claims in the Canadian Yukon.

GOVERNMENT'S TITHE.

Klondyke Miners Must Pay 10 and 20 Per Cent to Dominion Treasury.

Ottawa, Aug. 16.—The regulations formulated by the Dominion government covering the collection of a royalty on gold mined in the Yukon are published in the official gazette just issued. They are as follows:

"That upon all gold mined on the claims referred to in the regulation for the government of placer mining along the Yukon river and its tributaries a royalty of 10 per cent shall be levied and collected by officers to be appointed for the purpose, provided that the amount mined and taken from a single claim does not exceed $500 per week, and in case the amount mined and taken from any single claim exceeds $500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 10 per cent upon the amount so taken out, up to $500, and upon the excess or amount taken from any single claim over $500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 20 per cent, such royalty to form part of the consolidated revenue and to be accounted for by the officers who collect the same in due course.

"That the times and manner in which such royalty shall be collected and the persons who shall collect the same shall be provided for by regulations to be made by the gold commissioner, and that the gold commissioner be and is hereby given authority to make such regulations and rules accordingly.

"That default in payment of such royalty, if continued for 10 days after notice has been posted upon the claim in respect of which it is demanded, or in the vicinity of such claim, by the gold commissioner or his agent, shall be followed by the cancellation of the claim.

"That any attempt to defraud the crown by withholding any part of the revenue thus provided for by making false statements of the amount taken out may be punished by cancellation of the claim, in respect of which fraud or false statements have been committed or made; and that in respect of facts as to such fraud or false statement or nonpayment of royalty, the decision of the gold commissioner shall be final."

COTTON CROP PROSPECTS.

New Orleans, Aug. 16.—H. M. McNeil, the well known cotton statistician, has issued a circular on the growing crop. After referring to the correctness of his estimates made in July, 1894, of the crop of the season, Mr. McNeil says: "At this moment for this year, the promise is equal to any previous year in every state but Texas, and on the greatest acreage, even allowing that Texas should fall short of her maximum production per acre by 1,000,000 bales the, cotton outlook is for a crop of at least 9,750,000, with 500,000 to 1,000,000 within the range of possibilities. This figure of 9,750,000 is really very conservative, for a product per acre outside of Texas equal to 1894-95 would give 7,350,000 bales, and a maximum for Texas would be 3,950,000 bales, from which, allowing 1,000,000 off, you would have a crop of 10,000,000 bales. The crop is now so far advanced from recent rains and heat that it will reach maturity and be independent of frost at an unusually early date, and should no soon have good rains in Texas, her crop also would be near perfection, and the possibilities for the total crop would then be something enormous."

STORM AT ATHOL.

Athol, Mass., Aug. 16.—A severe thunder storm, accompanied by heavy wind, struck Athol about 5 p. m. yesterday, damaging property and obstructing travel. The duration of the storm was very brief, but the wind was cyclonic in force. The outbuildings of D. F. Proctor, on the Orange road, were demolished, and a grove of large pines near his house levelled to the ground. The road leading to South Athol and Orange was rendered impassable by falling trees. In town several accidents resulted from horses being scared by falling branches. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Derby, with a friend and little son, were driving through Main street when a limb, broken from a pine tree, struck their horse, rendering him unmanageable. The ladies jumped from the carriage, which was upset by the wind and the horse's actions. Mrs. Derby was rendered unconscious through fright, but none of the party sustained serious injuries.

POM KWANG SOH CREMATED.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The body of Pom Kwang Soh, the former Korean minister to this country, whose death occurred here last Friday, was yesterday cremated according to the expressed wish of the deceased, and his ashes placed in the keeping of the present minister, Chin Pom Ye. Later they may be returned to Korea. Yesterday afternoon the body was taken from the Fourteenth street residence, where it had lain in state, and conveyed to Lee's crematory on Pennsylvania avenue, followed by a long line of carriages containing personal friends and prominent members of the Blavatsky branch of the Theosophical society, of which Mr. Soh was a member. The brief and simple funeral services were conducted by George M. Coffin, president of the society.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Gertrude Tompkins, wife of Eugene Tompkins of Boston, died very suddenly of heart failure yesterday aboard the steam yacht Tilawarra, which arrived at this port Saturday night. Mrs. Tompkins had been in apparently good health until within a few days, but nothing serious was expected. She arose as usual and went to the cabin and laid down, and a few minutes later was found by her husband laying on the floor dead. The remains were taken to Boston last night by special train.

NEW 12-POUND HAMMER RECORD.

New York, Aug. 16.—Thomas Flannagan, a brother of James Flannagan, the champion hammer thrower, threw the 12-pound hammer 163 feet 4 inches at the Catholic club games at Baldwin park, Jersey City Heights, yesterday. The largest authentic throw of this missile previously made was 149 feet, at the class games of the University of Pennsylvania last spring.

WELL KNOWN TRAVELING MAN.

Deering, Me., Aug. 16.—Charles O. Lord, aged 52, a well known and successful travelling man, died suddenly Saturday. Mr. Lord commenced the shoe business in Lewiston under the firm name of Lord & House in 1866. In 1876 he entered the employ of A. F. Cox & Son of Portland, where he continued as a travelling salesman until his death.

MAINE AGRICULTURAL REPORT.

Augusta, Me., Aug. 16.—The 39th annual report of the secretary of the Maine board of agriculture, Hon. B. W. McKeen, is ready to send out. It contains 21 fine cuts of scenery, showing model farm surroundings, etc. Cuts are also given showing farm implements of most approved paterns. The report contains 600 pages. Practical road improvement is a feature, and the secretary has given much attention to the chemistry of meats and their cooking. The work of the Maine agriculture experiment station is embraced in 180 pages of interesting and instructive matter. The volume concludes with the detailed report of the work of the State Pomological society for the year ended. The report is one of the most comprehensive and instructive gotten out by the board.

After Work

keen satisfaction and solid comfort comes with every pipe or chew of

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TOBACCOS

"World's Fair" cut plug smokes about right.

STRIKING MINERS

Depressed by Rain and Injunctions

PLANS OF LEADER PARTHY BROKEN UP

Evictions From Company's Houses Begun.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—A leadened sky and fitful showers contributed to the feeling of depression which existed at the miners' camps and Turtle and Plum Creeks yesterday. The men huddled together under the commissary tents and, having nothing else to do, put in the time smoking and discussing the strike in all its phases. The spirit of aggressiveness, however, has largely died out. The same grim determination to stick it out until starvation brings defeat or victory is apparent, but there are no propositions to attain their end by force or to go contrary to the sheriff's orders.

There was no marching yesterday. This has been the usual custom at all the camps of Sundays, but even if it had been otherwise the strict orders of the strike leaders would have prevented them. Sunday has usually been used by the men to do missionary work among the working miners. None of them attempted to see any of them, however, and kept severely away from the company houses.

The march into Westmoreland county will begin as soon as the injunction is settled in court. Much anxiety is expressed as to the outcome. The men stake everything on their ability to show the right to assemble and march on the public roads.

There was a large mass meeting at Plum Creek. About 1000 strikers and 20 miners from the Plum Creek mine were present. Speeches were made by President Hatchford, Samuel Gompers, James R. Sovereign and the local leaders. The meeting was orderly and there was no interference from the deputies.

Evictions from the company houses have begun. One family has already been evicted and their household goods are on the roadside near Centre. It is probable that more evictions will take place today.

WATCHING FOR ANARCHISTS.

New York, Aug. 16.—The Times says: In obedience to the orders of Immigration Commissioner Fitchie of this port the immigration inspectors yesterday made special search among the cabin and steerage passengers of La Bretagne for Palanas and Turrida Marmol, Spanish anarchists, who have been ordered to leave Europe since the assassination of Canovas, and are expected here. The inspectors said at the barge office last night that they were sure neither of the men was on La Bretagne, or any other vessel which arrived here. If they come they will be taken to the barge office and held subject to the decision of the commissioners. They will be sent back unless they can establish in the courts their right to land. Several men suspected with good reason of anarchistic sentiments have been quietly deported during the last few years, and none of them resisted. Since 1893 the rule that anarchists must return to the ports they sail from has been enforced here, but whether this action will be sustained by the courts is doubted by the commissioners themselves. An attempt was made in congress 14 years ago to enact a law forbidding the admission of anarchists and nihilists, but it was abandoned because the labor organizations made an outcry against it. Since then the immigration officials have applied the spirit of the law, depending on the discretion given them by the present law. They rule that people who are opposed to governments of all kinds and ready to overthrow them by violence are not only "undesirable persons," but are likely to become public charges, because their methods of life and speech tend to cause them to be arrested and imprisoned.

ROBBED HIS EMPLOYER.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 16.—W. S. Grant of Providence, who was employed at Bochteries' bakery at the pier, left town Friday and is charged with taking $100 belonging to his employer. The police, who have been looking for him since, located him in Saunderstown, where he was captured yesterday. Thirty-two dollars of the stolen money was returned.

TWO STORMS MET.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 16.—Two terrific thunder showers met here at noon yesterday, and the result was nearly a cyclone and a cloudburst. Two yachts at anchor in the harbor were swept from their anchorage out into the bay, and Captain Allen, in a small catboat, was blown ashore. It was quite a phenomenon, the wind blowing from the east and west at the same time.

MAUSERS FOR MEXICAN ARMY.

Mexico City, Aug. 16.—General Francisco Z. Mena, secretary of communications and public works, has been commissioned to go to Berlin and personally receive from the manufacturers 25,000 Mauser rifles and 10 rapid-firing guns, with which the Mexican army is to be equipped.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

ASSAULT ON BACHELORS

Charlotte Smith Thinks They are Morally Unfit for Office

Hill, Quincy and Curtis Held up as Horrible Examples—Mrs. Smith is President of a Womans' Rescue League.

Boston, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Charlotte Smith has furnished the press with the following letter:

Boston, Aug. 16.

To the Chairmen of the Republican and Democratic City Committee:

Gentlemen—The Women's Rescue league wishes earnestly to protest to you and to the voters of this city against the renomination of Edwin U. Curtis and Josiah Quincy for mayor of Boston. There are many reasons why they should not be selected as the standard-bearers of your parties in the fall contest, which is to be entered upon in a very short time. Both Mr. Curtis and Mr. Quincy are bachelors, and the Women's Rescue league holds that no man can be a good, honorable and upright citizen and hold a position of public trust, conferred upon him by the honest citizens of Boston, who has not entered into the holy bonds of wedlock.

Bachelors have always been failures as chief magistrates and legislators in this and every other country for the reason that the morals of a city or country cannot be upheld except by one who is himself a benedict and fears all that is morally wrong.

Both your candidates are bachelors and bachelor politicians are narrow-minded, selfish, egotistical and cowardly.

David B. Hill of New York, who posed as the bachelor presidential candidate is a typical illustration of this class of men. He is morally selfish.

Therefore it is about time to organize anti-bachelor clubs in this state. It should be the purpose of every young woman to look up the record of every man who is looking for votes, and, should his moral character be such that would unfit him for office, then his shortcomings should be the point of attack by the anti-bachelor women of Massachusetts. There are 47,000 girls between the ages of 20 and 29 years in this state who cannot find husbands as there is that number less men.

As to the bachelor politicians, they do not dare discuss the social evil question. We have too many temporarily married politicians on the market.

In conclusion we hope that these two aspirants shall not be given the nominations through your efforts, but you should relegate them once more to private life where they belong, there to lose the name they glory in.

Respectfully,
Charlotte Smith,
President Women's Rescue League.

ARMY OF HEROES

Reunion of the Soldiers of the Potomac

TO BE HELD AT TROY NEXT FRIDAY

Pres. McKinley Will be Present.

Troy, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The 23th annual meeting of the Army of the Potomac which will be held in this city Friday and Saturday is to be an event of more than usual importance, because of the presence of President McKinley, Vice President Hobart, Governor Frank S. Black and Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff. The parade will be a grand demonstration. The list of organizations which will participate is remarkably large, and the showing of the troops will be excellent. It is probable that there will be more than 3000 men in line.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the decoration of the city, and the streets will present a brilliant appearance. The military division of the parade will be composed of 1500 national guardsmen.

The president's party will arrive in Troy from Bluff Point Friday morning, and the program arranged is as follows:

Friday morning meetings of the various army corps. At 3 p. m. the parade, and at 5 p. m. a business meeting will be held in the city hall. Public exercises will be held at Music hall in the evening, at which addresses of welcome will be delivered by Governor Black and Mayor Molloy and the president of the society will respond. An oration will be delivered by Major C. A. Woodruff, U. S. A., and a poem by Captain Rossiter W. Raymond, U. S. V., will be given. President McKinley will also be one of the speakers.

SENATOR GEORGE DEAD.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 16.—The remains of the late Senator James Z. George, who died at Mississippi City Saturday, reached this city yesterday and were met at the railroad station by an immense crowd. A line of march was formed and the remains conveyed to the rotunda of the capitol, where they lie in state under military guard. Immediately after the remains were placed on the flowery bier in the capitol the lid of the coffin was removed and a continuous throng of people passed in line to view for the last time the face of the dead senator. Today the remains of the late senator will be taken to Carrollton, Miss., for burial by the side of his wife, who died only a few weeks ago.

CHIEF ARTHUR APPLAUDED.

Providence, Aug. 16.—The meetings of the Brotherhood men in this city were continued yesterday afternoon in Music hall by a meeting for all men in the train service, both union and non-union. It was well attended and extremely enthusiastic. A statement by Chief Arthur caused a great applause. He answered a question as to his opinion on federation. Said he: "So far as the engineers are concerned they put themselves on record at their convention in St. Paul. All you have to do, if you want federation on any road in this country, is to vote for it and you grand chief will approve of it."

HON. A. B. WRIGHT'S FUNERAL.

North Adams, Mass., Aug. 16.—The arrangements for the funeral of Congressman Ashley B. Wright, who died Saturday, have not yet been completed, but the services will probably be held tomorrow, with the interment at Hinsdale.

WILLIS BURIED.

Taunton, Mass., Aug. 16.—Brief funeral services were held here yesterday over the remains of Herbert A. Willis, the Charlestown convict. The body was interred today.

PRES. McKINLEY

Attended Church With His Party Yesterday

WITNESSED A SHARP ELECTRIC STORM ON CHAMPLAIN

A Dress Parade of Infantry This Week.

Bluff Point, N. Y., Aug. 16.—President McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Mrs. Alger and Master Hobart comprised the presidential party which attended service at the Trinity Episcopal church yesterday.

After the service was over the president held back, evidently wishing to mingle with the congregation in going out of the church, but the people also remained standing in their pews, seemingly unwilling to precede the presidential party in going out of the church.

The president remained indoors after his return to the hotel. He was an interested observer of the great electrical storm which visited the Champlain valley in the afternoon.

The president and party will witness a dress parade of the Twenty-first infantry at the garrison today, when regimental colors, the gift of Vice President Hobart, will be presented by Garret A. Hobart, Jr.

On Wednesday evening a military ball in the president's honor will be given at Hotel Champlain.

HER BURNS WERE FATAL.

New York, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Elizabeth Callinor, otherwise known as Bessie Jackson, the soubrette, who was mysteriously burned on Saturday morning in a West Thirty-third street boarding house, died yesterday from her injuries at a hospital. Mrs. Mary Ann Patterson, the boarding house mistress, who was said to have thrown a lighted lamp at the young woman, was held for further examination by the magistrate at the Jefferson market police court. In her dying statement to Coroner Hoeber, Mrs. Callinor denied that Mrs. Patterson had caused her injuries, and intimated that she was accidentally set on fire by a cigaret. Mrs. Callinor came to this city from Boston four months ago.

FIGHTING AGAIN IN INDIA.

Bombay, Aug. 16.—A telegram from Chernt says that sharp fighting was heard Saturday evening in the direction of Fort Shabkadr. There is great excitement at Peshawar. The women and children who have been in the cantonments at Chernt have gone into the Murree hills, northwest of Rawalpindi.

First class job printing at this office.

PARSONS PILLS

Best Liver Pill Made

Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts; five $1. Pamphlet free. I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its great power. It is safe, soothing and healing; to say sick, sensitive sufferer. Internal and External. It cures every form of inflammation. Pleasant to take dropped on sugar for colds, coughs, cramps, burns, bruises, all soreness.

I am ninety-one years and nine months old, was born September 17, 1806. I have been a standard looker for Johnson's Anodyne Liniment more than fifty years. Have found it good for it ever since. I have found it superior to any other. Mrs. WEALTHY L. TOZIER, East Corinth, Me.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free.

The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents. Six bottles, $1.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Best anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

Honest Value for Your Money

WE HAVE THE BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Our stores are filled with shoes which we are selling at lower prices than any other store in Lowell.

Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
Ladies' Serge Congress, 49c.
Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
A Good Wearing Ladies' Shoe, three different styles, 98c.
A Splendid Bargain in Children's Shoes for 65c. and 75c.
An Excellent Wearing Shoe for Boys for 85c.
The Men's Shoes we sell for $1.00 are worth $1.50.

It will pay you to look in our windows if you are coming down street today. We are constantly putting in small lots of shoes which we sell below cost.

WE GIVE TRADING COUPONS.

Boulger's White Shoe Stores

115 CENTRAL and 292 BRIDGE STS.

CATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE RECORD IS BROKEN

All other offers in this line are nothing when this one is considered.

W. F. Trumbell Will Sell a

LARGE WALNUT UPRIGHT

PIANO FOR $98.00

Stool, Cover and Book are included. Who else ever did that? Trumbell does not lead in great bargains. Come to-morrow if you will have this fine Piano for almost nothing.

101 Westford St.

Is the Place.

WHEN YOU ARE THIRSTY

Call at George W. Enright at

11 MIDDLESEX STREET,

Where nothing but the best Wines and Liquors are kept and Jones' and Britt's Ales are on draught. We keep no other brands. These are the best.

GEORGE W. ENRICHT, Prop.

FAG.

There's brain-fag and brain-fag, there's also patience-fag, which, at times, attacks us all. But there's also

WAGON AND CARRIAGE FAG.

If you're fond of driving, or of being driven, you know how distressing this sort of fag is.

Our vehicles are built with a view to resisting all the fag possible. They are reinforced from all sides. They are fag-proof above, below, all around.

When your carriages are "fagged out," you'll find the best place to have them recuperate is in our shops.

The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY

KITSON BUILDING.

KLONDYKE GOLD

WEDDING RINGS, ENGAGEMENT RINGS, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, and Finest Work in Watch Repairing.

J. D. GRANT,

64 Merrimack Street.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Big Bargains

IN LADIES'

BICYCLES

All makes and styles, from

$18 TO $26.

We have an overstock of these machines, and have decided to mark them below cost rather than carry them over.

If you want a good reliable Bicycle come to us.

Ring's Big Store,

221-223-225-227-229 Dutton St.

TRY A BOTTLE OF THE LATEST WINE

WHITE TOKAY WINE.

NEVER BEFORE SOLD IN LOWELL. FAST BECOMING THE POPULAR

75c. Bot., $2 Gal.

Sold only by

JOHN M. PEVEY,

55-57 MIDDLE STREET.

Tel. 453-3.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $42 Suits for $15, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $1 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central.

Dr. WALKER DENTIST

Save $100 ON A Piano

Buy the manufacturer's and save the dealers' profits. Five leading makes. Square Pianos, $10 and upwards; uprights, $150 and upwards. We lead on low prices and easy terms.

Doll Piano Co.,

Associate Building, 323 Merrimack Street.

SAMUEL ORR, Manager.

An Arizona City Adopts Henry George's Theory.

The first town in the United States to adopt the single tax idea as embodied in the writings and beliefs of Henry George is Prescott, Ariz. The initiative and referendum, single tax and female suffrage would seem to be a curious combination to be adopted by a

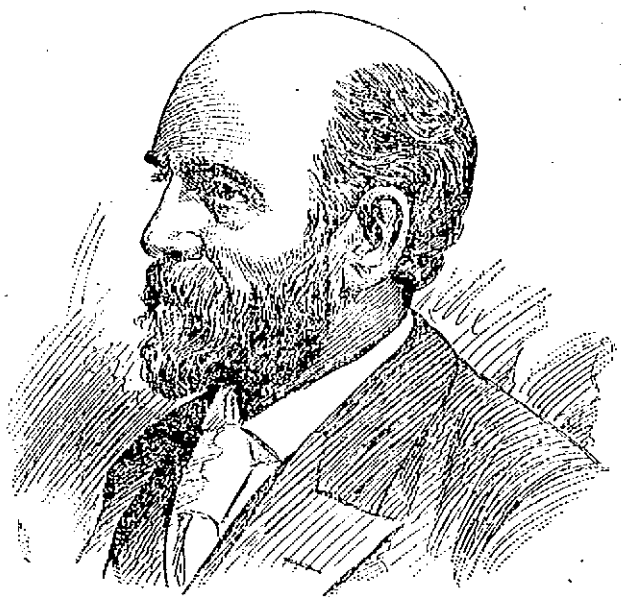
WILLIAM O'NEIL, MAYOR OF PRESCOTT.

municipality in Arizona, but all three have been accepted by Prescott, and all preliminaries necessary to carrying into operation the three plans for political advancement have been arranged.

All this has been commenced in a spirit of good natured political experiment upon the part of the citizens of Prescott, they having assured themselves that through the experiment no less can result to the municipality. More than to any other cause the experiment is due to the persuasive powers of the mayor, "Bucky" O'Neil, otherwise William O'Neil, the perpetual candidate of the Populist party in Arizona for the office of delegate to congress and an enthusiastic believer in the inclination and ability of the people to rid themselves of existing political evils. But O'Neill is the only Populist concerned in the change. The town is strongly Republican in politics, and the complexion of the city council is the same, though mayor and council were elected on a nonpartisan basis.

With the sanction of the city council, one of O'Neill's first acts on assuming magisterial robes was to appear before the territorial legislature with the draft of a bill applying to cities of 3,000 to 4,000 inhabitants and permitting the adoption of the three ideas noted. The bill, as it could concern only Prescott, went through the legislature quietly, and it is doubtful if a majority of the members knew what they were voting on.

William O'Neill, the mayor of the town, is well known on the Pacific



HENRY GEORGE.

coast as a writer of short stories with a wild western flavor.

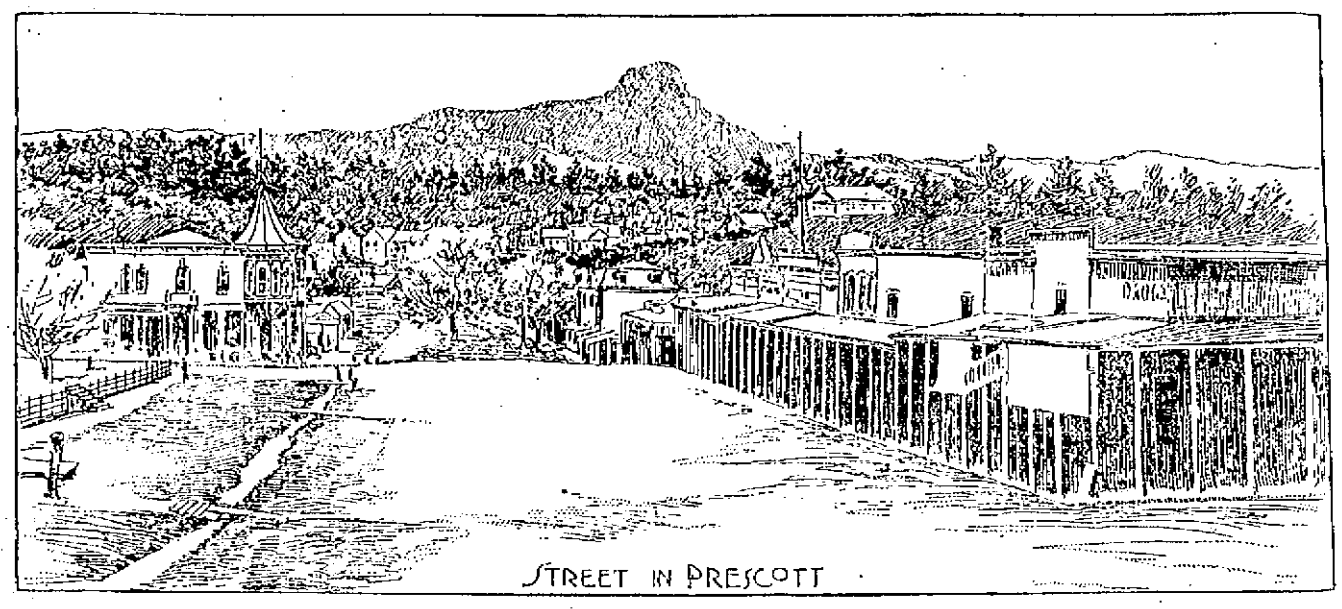
On the Monday following the suggestions contained in a message from the mayor the Prescott city council began the single tax movement by imposing a tax of $2 on every lot in the city, whether improved or unimproved, the idea being to abolish licenses, with one exception, and to gradually increase the tax on lots until all improvements and personal property are exempt from municipal taxation. The single exception on licenses is to be the saloons, which licenses, it is proposed, shall be raised to something like $1,000 per annum. This move is supported by all of the better class of such resorts.

The mayor's message, which also recommended a street tax on male citizens of $2 per annum, said in relation to the single tax recommendation that the present method of taxation involved on the part of some residents payment of taxes on four different bases—namely, a tax on his lot, a tax on his building, a tax on his stock or tools and a license tax. "Through this system," the message continues, "in addition to the risks and loss through failure or misfortune in business, the industry and energy of this class of men, who, by building up a business or industry, add to the prosperity or wealth of the community, are taxed fourfold to the real estate speculator's once, although it is the work of the commercial and industrial classes that alone gives value to any lot in Prescott. Take from Prescott its commercial and industrial interests, and every lot within its limits would be valueless. It is therefore but right that these interests and the men engaged in them should be as fairly treated as is possible in the way of equitable taxation."

Prescott is the county seat of Yavapai county, and that county embraces one of the richest gold regions on our continent. Of course this is saying a great deal, but it is quite true. The largest single nugget of gold ever discovered was picked up in Arizona and weighed out $5,000, and the territory numbers within its borders some of the richest mines in the world. The names of Wickenburg, Congress, Harqua Hala, Pine Mountain, Hillside, Jerome, etc., are known everywhere as having produced countless millions, and nearly all of them are in the county of which Prescott is the local capital.

Yavapai county is, however, not only a vast mineral belt, but is also a splendid stock country, and its agricultural capabilities, not yet fully developed by any means, are rich and susceptible of sustaining a large population. The valleys of Verde, Williamson, Lynx, Date, Chino and other creeks, also the Agua Fria river, only await the conservation and utilization of the waters of their streams to become prosperous agricultural communities, as they are now, most of them, wealth producing from precious ores. During the winter months these people of Yavapai make a warm resort of Phenix, where they enjoy the mildness of May during the coldest months, and then, during the heated season, they hie in tents to the mountain heights or to Prescott to spend the summer.

Prescott nestles in a vale of surpassing beauty, among high hills of volcanic make, and Granite dell, not far from town, is as picturesque a spot of upheaved rocks as can be found anywhere. The place is well cared for, is lighted by electricity, owns its own waterworks, has several public school buildings, numerous church edifices, one first class banking house, the Bank of Arizona, and one establishment where insolence and usury are practiced, much to the injury of local interests. There are several good hotels, an artificial ice manufactory, two daily newspapers, a trotting park and a Chinese laundryman in almost every other house in town.



Historic Reminiscences of Prof. Morse, the Inventor.

Sixty years ago this month Samuel F. B. Morse was wrestling with a great invention. Like Jacob of old, he would not let go until a blessing was won, and he did not let go until he had made a

PROFESSOR MORSE.

successfully operated telegraph instrument, using a code of letter signs which is the accepted standard today.

Like many a great man of the past and present, Morse began his life in the Old Bay State and not very far from the gilded dome of the statehouse.

Samuel Finley Breese Morse was born in what was known as the old Edes mansion on Main street, Charlestown, nearly opposite Chapman street and a short distance below Thompson square. The old house has an interesting history and, aside from being the birthplace of the distinguished inventor, is also renowned as being the oldest house in Charlestown and the first building erected after the destruction of the town, June 17, 1775.

At the time of the birth of Professor Morse his father, the Rev. Dr. Jedediah Morse, had accepted the hospitality of his friend and parishoner, Thomas Edes, while the parsonage on Town hill was being erected. The visit was prolonged by several delays, and during this time the birth of his first child, Samuel F. B. Morse, occurred. The latter was born in the front chamber of the second story of the house. Over the window of that room there is now a marble tablet which marks the event in the following inscription:

"Here was born Samuel Finley Breese Morse, 27 April, 1791. Inventor of the Electric Telegraph."

There is another marble inscription on the four story brownstone house 5 West Twenty-second street, New York, which states that the inventor spent the last years of his life there in the enjoyment of his well earned honors and died there in 1872. The building is shortly to be torn down to make room for one of the modern skyscraper office buildings, and in a few weeks laborers will probably commence the work of desecration.

The mansion in Charlestown was the home of the late Captain Robert Ball Edes and was built by his great-grandfather, David Wood, Sr., soon after the reoccupation of the town, on the site of his former place of abode. The former home was burned in the general destruction of the habitations on the day of the battle of Bunker Hill. The estate on which the house was originally erected was in the possession of Robert Chalkeley previous to the year 1656.

On his death the property was sold by his widow in 1676 to Mr. Josiah Wood and remained in the possession of the Wood family for nearly two centuries. At the close of the war of the Revolution it passed into the hands of Thomas Edes and descended to Captain Robert Ball Edes.

The tradition that the mansion was erected before the Revolution probably referred to that owned by Colonel David Wood, Jr., which stood just south of the Edes house, which was then occupied by his father, David Wood, Sr. It is said that Colonel Wood's house escaped the general destruction of June 17, 1775, and was occupied during the siege of Boston by a British commissary.

The old house is interesting both from a historical standpoint and as a relic of colonial architecture. During the present century it has undergone a change that has deprived it of much of the attractiveness that it must have originally possessed. When it came into the hands of Thomas Edes, Jr., in 1818, it had a much different appearance from that of today. It was then described as being built of wood, three stories high, the upper story low and set back a few feet from the street. From the sloping roof rose four of the large chimneys common at that time. The roof was surmounted in the center by an ornamental railing inclosing a space several feet square. The front door was on Main street and in the center of the dwelling. A low wooden fence of neat design inclosed the estate, and on either side large elm trees afforded shade.

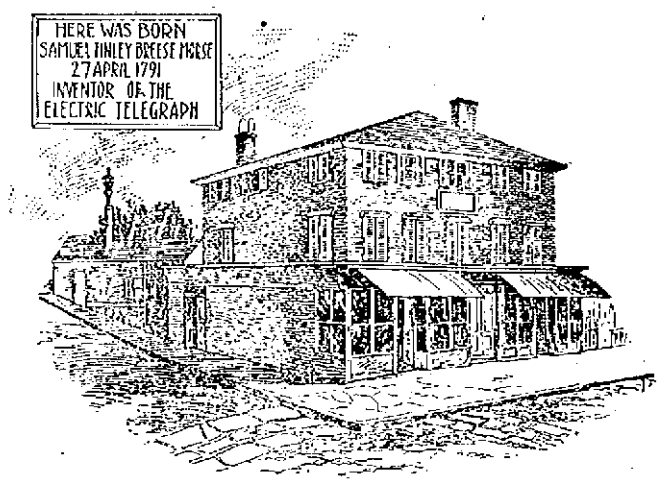
With the rapid growth of the town changes were made in the old house to accommodate its owners. The lower story was utilized for business uses and enlarged by extending it to the street. The trees and the fence disappeared as space became more valuable, the railing and two of the large chimneys on the roof were removed, and the interior was remodeled to some extent to allow room for another family.

But, despite the changes made in various parts of the house, the general exterior remains much the same. With one exception it is the only house of the same style in Charlestown.

Rev. E. G. Porter at a recent meeting of the Massachusetts Historical society read a paper on "The Morse Tablet at Rome," which is affixed to a house in the Via del Prefetti. Mr. Porter also said:

"The tablet does not say where Charlestown is, not even in what country, but as New York is mentioned it is readily assumed that Charlestown is somewhere in that part of the world. It is interesting to know that Morse's first work after leaving college was a somewhat ambitious study of the 'Landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth,' painted in his father's parsonage on the hill and forgotten for more than half a century when it was found, with the artist's name on the back of it, amid the rubbish in the attic of the city hall at Charlestown.

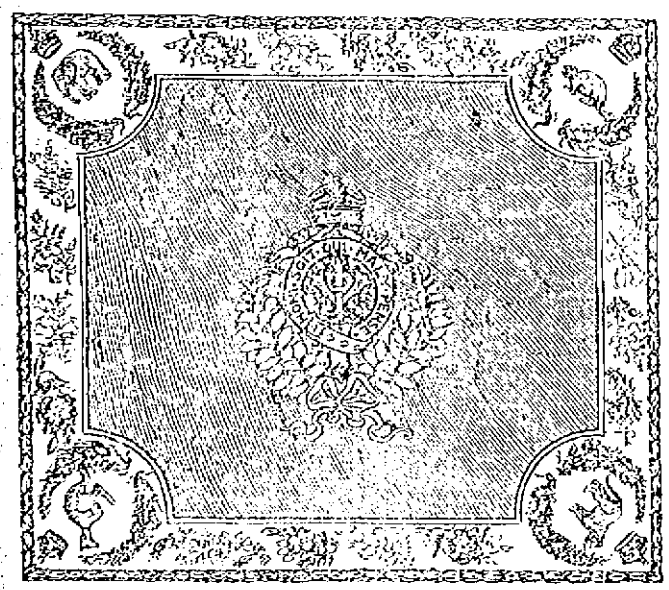
"It was brought down and hung in the mayor's office, and it may now be seen on the walls of the Public library in the same building. The canvas is about 5½ by 4½ feet. There are two prominent figures. One, partly enveloped in a cloak, stands apparently in the prow of a small open boat. The other, on the right, is a fine, tall figure, with belt, sash, drawn sword, leather breeches and high top boots, wading in the water. Between them two men are dimly seen in the boat, one of them pointing toward the shore."



WHERE MORSE WAS BORN.

THE IMPERIAL CARPET OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

The royal carpet, which was first used by Queen Victoria at the great state ceremonies at Buckingham palace in commemoration of the sixtieth year of her majesty's reign, originated with Princess Mary Adelaide, duchess of Teck, who has taken the very greatest interest in every detail of the design, which is symbolical of the strength, dominion and unity of the empire over which her majesty reigns. It is the combined gift of her royal highness, the Duke of Teck, their family and some 60 counties represented by lady secretaries of the British Silk association, promoters of British industry. The ground of the carpet is of the richest crimson, on which are found lighter shades of the same, the Tudor rose and the star of India. In the center is the garter, of royal blue and gold, surrounding the monogram "V. R. I." and surmount-



THE QUEEN'S CARPET.

ed by the crown, from which flow two ribbons bearing the dates 1837-1897. This central device is supported by a magnificent chaplet of laurels. The four corners represent, respectively, India by the tiger, Australia by the kangaroo, Canada by the beaver and South Africa by the elephant. Each animal is supported by a chaplet of oak, symbol of the mutual strength of Great Britain and her colonies, and surmounted by the crown of imperial supremacy. Connecting these corners and intwined by a broad ribbon of blue are the rose, shamrock, thistle and lotus on a ground of ivory color, the whole framed in with a band of oak leaves in gold on ruby. The make is real axminster, so that machinery was dispensed with, and each of the 4,262,000 stitches has been tied by hand.

THE NATION'S LIBRARIAN.

Mr. John Russell Young, the new librarian of congress, is probably best known as the author of the book entitled "Around the World With General Grant."

It was during his residence in London in 1877 that Mr. Young was invited by General Grant to accompany him on his famous tour around the world. In the two years he passed in the constant companionship of the great soldier was laid the foundation of a friendship only interrupted by the death of General Grant. Mr. Young wrote many brilliant articles describing the scenes and incidents of the tour and afterward revised and published them in two large volumes.

Mr. Young began his newspaper career at the age of 16 years, when he became a copy holder to the proofreaders on the Philadelphia Press. He was soon made a reporter, and his advance in his chosen profession was so rapid that before he was of age he was one of the editorial writers. When the editor of that journal, the late Colonel John W. Forney, was elected secretary of the United States senate, he took Mr. Young to Washington with him as his private secretary. While engaged in that capacity Mr. Young continued to write for The Press, and when the battle of Bull Run was fought he was present in the capacity of war correspondent and won no little credit by his description of that engagement. He remained with the Army of the Potomac as a correspondent until after the battle of Williamsburg, when an attack of typhoid fever compelled him to return to Philadelphia. Succeeding his recovery Mr. Young was appointed managing editor of the Philadelphia Press.

In 1872 he accepted an editorial position on the New York Herald and took up his residence in Europe, having charge of its foreign news service and serving The Herald in Paris and London as well as on the European continent.

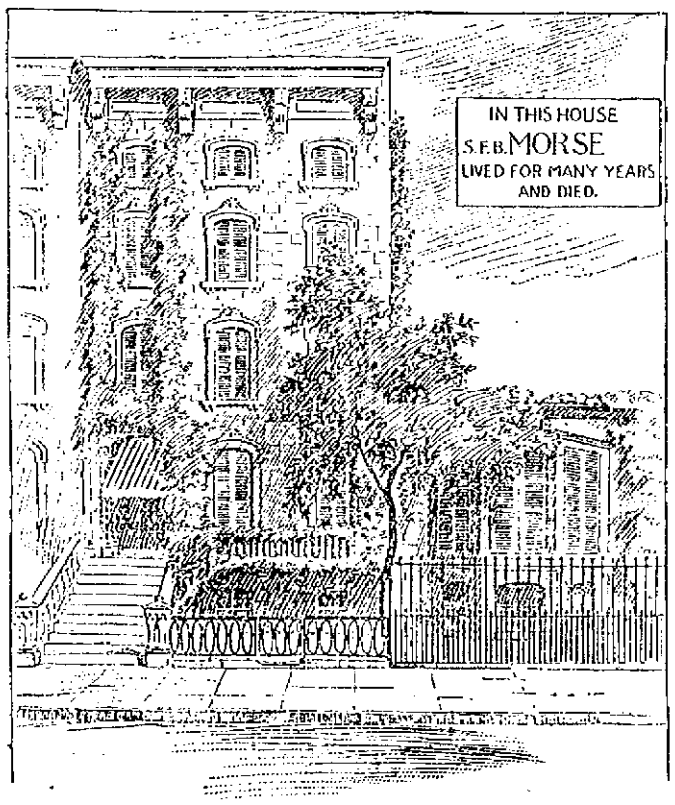
In 1882 he was appointed minister to China by President Arthur.

Under the reorganization of the executive staff of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company made by President A. A. McLeod in 1892 he was appointed fourth and afterward fifth vice president, but resigned when the company went into the hands of receivers in the following year.

Ainsworth R. Spofford, recently librarian and now assistant librarian of the Congressional library, was appointed to that position by President Lincoln in 1864.

Mr. Spofford is one of the most remarkable men to be seen in Washington. He is 84 years old, tall, thin and nervous as a sparrow. His manners are those of 50 years ago. His bows, his waves of the hand and his accurately measured courtesy are not affectations and are in sharp contrast to the grating brusqueness of some of the overbearing one session congressmen who ostentatiously walk into the library and in a loud and disturbing tone that echoes all through the silent corridors demand a certain volume to be immediately brought to Congressman So-and-so in the house of representatives, sirrah.

The prodigious memory of Librarian Ainsworth Spofford, his remarkable ability to locate any book among the hundreds of thousands under his charge and his familiarity with the contents of most of them are the basis for many good stories.



WHERE MORSE DIED.

NEW YORK TO BE A CITY OF LUTHERANS.

Greater New York will be the greatest Lutheran city in the world. The figures are as follows: New York—churches, 34; communicants, 15,991; Sunday school members, 13,683; value of property, $2,040,000; Brooklyn—churches, 39; communicants, 16,169; Sunday school members, 10,003; value of property, $1,705,000; Staten Island—churches, 4; communicants, 719; Sunday school members, 410; value of property, $50,000; Long Island—churches, 9; communicants, 1,261; Sunday school members, 1,055; value of property, $100,000; total—churches, 86; communicants, 34,273; Sunday school members, 28,211; value, $3,895,000.

In Jersey City and other places across the river within 5 miles of the city hall of New York are to be found, in addition, 11 churches, 5,455 communicant members, 5,635 Sunday school members and church property valued at $105,000. This gives a grand total for the territory within 10 miles of the city hall of 100 churches, 39,728 communicants, 33,879 Sunday school members and property valued at $4,000,000. There are also 1 orphanage, 3 hospitals, 6 immigrant missions, 2 homes for the aged and 1 deaconess home. The gospel is preached in three places in 8 different languages.

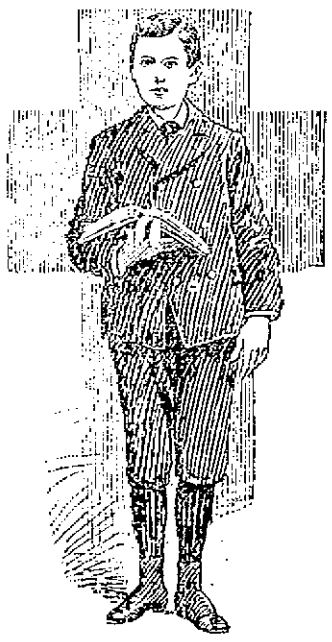
A PRECOCIOUS BOY PREACHER.

The Rev. John E. de Merritt is the youngest ordained minister in the world. He lives at Newport, Neb., with his parents, who are in very reduced circumstances. Though he has been attracting attention for some time as a most precocious child, the most extraordinary ability of the youth as a pulpit orator was not suspected until recently, when he commenced to participate extensively in revival work.

The boy was born in a dugout near Broken Bow, Neb., Oct. 4, 1885. He attended the Sunday school at Broken Bow and began his religious life in the early part of his tenth year. It was first by talking to some children in a cellar under a store in Broken Bow. He began preaching to the older people in the Baptist church of that place the same year.

The boy's father is a merchant in a small way and not able to educate the child as the little fellow's wonderful talent warrants. The parents appreciate thoroughly what might be accomplished by the infant preacher if he were given the opportunity to secure a higher education. The boy is very economical, saves every cent given him for his services and purchases books.

He has read the Bible through no less than three times and is very well acquainted with all passages of importance. Some one gave him a few volumes of Biblical Commentator Clark's works, and with these he studies out all doubtful clauses in the Bible and prepares his sermons. He never speaks from notes, and his whole delivery is of an extemporaneous nature.



REV. JOHN E. DE MERRITT.

CURRENT EVENTS

AN ALASKAN PIONEER.

Professor Lindeman, After Whom Lake Lindeman Is Named.

Lake Lindeman, often erroneously spelled Lindermann, marks one of the stages on the overland route to the Klondike goldfields. It is there that the gold hunters stop to build boats with which to navigate the Yukon. This lake

PROFESSOR E. C. LINDEMAN.

was named in honor of Professor E. C. Lindeman, a veteran scientist, mineralogist and explorer who is now living, as he has lived many years past, in Denver. Professor Lindeman is 67 years old. Forty years ago he traveled extensively in Alaska and British Columbia, visiting many of the localities which are now swarming with fortune hunters and whose names have within the last few months become familiar to every newspaper reader in the country.

It was in 1858 that he first saw the Yukon. He was then a member of a large exploring party, many of whose members left their bones in those frozen, desolate wastes. For 17 months he traveled about the country, reaching a point nearly 1,000 miles north of the lower Yukon navigation. Even at that early day it was known that there was gold in Alaska and a noted Russian scientist had so reported to his government, but it seems that his report was given but little attention. Professor Lindeman himself found many specimens and picked up nuggets of gold at the foot of Katrin hill, fully 600 miles north of the Klondike, a spot which it is doubtful if any other white man has ever visited since. Subsequently he made other trips about Alaska and knows the country thoroughly.

The professor advises prospectors to carry with them enough condensed food to last for a year, and he says that it is possible to prepare food in such a way that 50 pounds will be sufficient. He always prepared his own provisions and is willing to give any miner directions so that it can be done at home. Professor Lindeman has also visited the goldfields of South Africa and Australia. He is a native of Pennsylvania, but acquired his education and his knowledge of minerals at European universities.

WOMAN'S CUBAN LEAGUE.

A Philanthropic and Patriotic Organization of Washington Women.

A little more than two months ago a small band of Washington women organized a society for the purpose of extending material relief to the thousands of suffering women and children in Cuba. The organization is known as the Woman's Cuban league, and already the movement has become national in scope, for plans are being formed to plant branches in every city in the union. The object is to raise funds that clothes, provisions, medicines and skilled nurses may be sent to the oppressed, war stricken and suffering patriots.

The league has been incorporated and chartered for humanitarian purposes. It is strictly nonpartisan and nonpolitical, and among its members are many women of prominence in various parts of the country. The officers are all residents of Washington. Most of them are more

MRS. CLARA BELLE BROWN.

or less known in public and social life, several of them being newspaper women of marked ability.

Mrs. Clara Belle Brown, the director general of the league, is a clever writer, and as a musician, song writer and lecturer shows that her talents are of no ordinary quality. Mrs. Brown is of southern birth, but her father was a colonel in the Union army.

Her interest in Cuba is as inherent as her love of liberty. She is a skillful organizer, and much of her power is probably due to personal magnetism. She is of striking appearance, her eyes being black and her hair a silvery gray.

Mrs. D. Lincoln, vice director general, is better known in Washington by her pen name of Bessie Beach. She organized the Woman's National Press association and was for eight years its president. Mrs. Alice Lee Moque, the adjutant general, is a well known newspaper woman. Mrs. Martha C. Hunt, treasurer, and Miss Mabel Clayton, secretary, are both prominent in Washington society.

Women Stevedores.

Women load and unload vessels in some of the Japanese ports.

LAWYERS TALK SHOP

WILL DISCUSS NEW LAWS AND LEGAL PROCEDURE.

Preparing For the Annual Convention of the American Bar Association at Cleveland—An Impressive and Important Gathering—Some Interesting Features.

The American Bar association holds its annual convention this year in Cleveland. The sessions will begin on Aug. 25 and will be continued on the 26th and 27th.

This is one of the few national conventions whose deliberations are really of national importance. The association numbers among its members practically every lawyer of note in the country, and as most of our lawmaking is done by lawyers these conventions often exert a powerful influence in directing legislation. Even congress listens with respect to suggestions from the American Bar association, and state legislatures are generally ready to accept advice from it, though not always. Not only lawyers, but judges, including the justices of the supreme court, are members of the association.

It can readily be seen, then, what a great gathering of legal talent these conventions summon. Often there are distinguished guests from abroad, and on several occasions the lord chief justice of England has been in attendance. Lord Russell was the guest of honor last year at the Saratoga convention, and he addressed the association on the subject of international law and arbitration.

For many years the conventions were held exclusively in Saratoga, but about seven years ago the custom of holding the gatherings in various large cities

JAMES W. WOOLWORTH.

was inaugurated. Boston, Detroit, Milwaukee and other cities have welcomed the lawyers, and now Cleveland is to be visited. The membership is not large, only about 1,500 names appearing on the roll, but these members are the foremost legal lights in the land, the lesser luminaries being connected with state bar associations. The attendance usually averages about 500 members, but the sessions are open to all lawyers.

The chief feature of the convention is always the address of the president. This takes the form of an exhaustive review of the legislation of the year just past in congress and in the state legislatures. It is usually a most instructive and valuable article to the preparation of which each succeeding official must give a great deal of hard work. This makes the office of president no sinecure, and according to the constitution of the association a new president must be elected each year.

The address this year will be made by President James M. Woolworth of Omaha, who has practiced law there for over 40 years, and who is regarded as one of the leading lawyers of the west. He is a native of New York state, where his father before him was an eminent lawyer and a well known educator as well. President Woolworth was graduated from Hamilton college at the age of 20 and began practicing law at the age of 28. He had every promise of success in the east, but preferred to go west. He settled in Omaha in 1856. He became city attorney, was elected member of the legislature and for a time was actively interested in politics, but he did not allow this to interfere with his law practice. He aided in framing the state constitution. Like his father he took an interest in public education and served as regent of the high schools of Omaha.

As an author and writer on legal subjects Mr. Woolworth has become widely known in his profession. He has published several addresses on education and social science, and his work along these lines has won him recognition from various colleges. From Racine college he holds the degree of LL. D., from the University of Nebraska L. H. D., and from Trinity college, Toronto, D. C. L.

The American Bar association has been in existence since 1878, when, in August of that year, a body of delegates representing the state bar associations met in the courtroom of the town hall at Saratoga and took the first steps toward perfecting a national organization. Benjamin H. Bristow of Kentucky was the first president. A constitution was adopted at the first convention, the opening article of which stated that "the object of the association shall be to advance the science of jurisprudence, promote the administration of justice and uniformity of legislation throughout the Union and encourage cordial intercourse among the members of the American bar."

The organization has a president, one vice-president from each state, a secretary, a treasurer, a council composed of one member from each state and an executive committee. Besides this the president annually appoints the following committees, each composed of five members: On jurisprudence, judicial administration and remedial procedure, legal education and admissions to the bar, commercial law, international law, publications and grievances.

S. C. SCHENCK.

A BALLROOM SENSATION.

Countess Ancaster Proclaims the Degeneracy of the Modern Dance.

The Countess of Ancaster, who has created a dog day diversion and stirred up the society people of two hemispheres

COUNTESS ANCASTER.

by declaring that the modern dance has degenerated into a graceless romp, is a lady to whose opinions the fashionable folk of London will pay no little attention, for her daughter is no less a personage than the wife of the queen's equerry, General Sir Henry Ewart. It is doubtful, however, if the Americans who attend the hops at Bar Harbor, Newport and other fashionable watering places will value the opinions of the mother-in-law of the queen's equerry as highly as they should. And this is sad indeed.

The countess protests that old fashioned courtesy has gone the way of the minuet and the way the stately quadrille is now going. Others have probably made the same comment, but they did not make their criticisms from the vantage point of a high social position such as she occupies. It is somewhat remarkable, though, that even the Countess of Ancaster should cause such a flutter. No sooner had her words been cabled to America than the society reporters of the metropolitan journals were sent scurrying among the social leaders to find out what they thought of her remarks. Many of them heartily agreed with Countess Ancaster, while some frankly declared that they didn't think dancing should be taken seriously and that "a bit of a romp" did no harm and added to the fun. Admiral Upshur, U. S. N., a famous leader of cotillons, thinks that the modern figures can be danced with as much courtesy and grace as the old ones and that it depends altogether on the people who dance them whether they are made a romp or a stately and dignified amusement.

A SINGLE TAX TOWN.

Prescott, A. T., Tries Some New Ideas In Municipal Government.

Prescott, A. T., is one of the newer western cities, and to accentuate its newness it has adopted some of the most modern fads of municipal government. It has not only accepted Henry George's single tax theory and put it into practice, but has tacked on to it woman suffrage and the initiative and referendum, borrowed from the Swiss canton system. In only one other place in the

MAYOR W. O. O'NEILL.

world has the single tax system been given a trial, and that is in a New Zealand colony.

The adoption of the single tax idea in Arizona is due almost to the enthusiastic efforts of the mayor of Prescott, William O. O'Neill. Mayor O'Neill has been for many years one of the celebrities of the southwest. As a Republican he has held a number of offices, among them that of adjutant general of the state. He was mayor of Yavapai county in the memorable days of the Pleasant valley war, one of the bloodiest feuds which ever raged in that section. He was elected mayor of Prescott, however, as the leading exponent of a political theory with which the citizens had decided to experiment.

Prescott has been under the single tax system less than two months now, so the results cannot yet be fairly judged. Thus far there has been no complaint from the taxpayers, and the new system promises to furnish all the revenue needed for municipal purposes. A uniform tax of $2 is levied on each city lot without discrimination as to value. Besides this a street tax of $2 is levied on each male citizen, but this is intended as merely a temporary measure. The only other tax levied is one of $1,000 each on saloons, and the proprietors of the most prominent drinking places favor it. The experiment is an interesting one to watch.

Thirty-five Centenarians.

Massachusetts has been counting up its centenarians and finds the number to be 35. Tobacco and regular grog were not the preservatives in these cases, for all but five are women.

THEY BOTH DENY.

Senators Stewart and Jones Contradict a New York Newspaper Story.

Senators Stewart and Jones each denies the interviews published about them in a New York paper. Although Senator Stewart has ventured upon the ground of the Wall street bulls and bears a number of times within the last few days, he denounces the published statement that he has been speculating and declares it is one of a series of falsehoods that are always told about him when he comes to New York.

"I never buy or sell a share of stock in this city," he said, "and I do not intend to. I did not say that all a man has to do is to go into Wall street, go to sleep and get rich. I stand by old issues. I did not declare that the time has passed for these issues and that we must turn to face new ones; neither did I advise my friends of the west to stop talking silver, as has been suggested.

"Prosperity is here—there is no doubt of it—but do you realize that this prosperity results from the adversity of others? In all North America there are good crops. In the rest of the world the crops are poor.

"The United States is the granary of the world. Of course this means for farmers higher prices, for railroads increased business and bigger dividends. Let our crops be poor next year and crops abroad be good and we will return to old conditions.

"Me stop talking of silver!" said the senator. "That would be to stop advocating that which will insure permanent prosperity. Now is the time to talk silver. In prosperity is our greatest hope of winning. Better times bring independency. Success removes the shackles from downtrodden men. Last year men were the slaves of the plutocrats. Hunger drove them to sell their votes or submit to dictation. Prosperity will make them independent, and they will vote according to their judgment, and that will be for silver."

Senator Jones likewise denies the reported interview in this way:

"There is a boom. Confidence has been revived to some extent. There is more work than there was and capital is becoming interested in projects which a few weeks ago it would have been afraid of. But with all these things there is no actual change in conditions. The immediate surroundings of the boom of today are those of the depression of yesterday. Let me say, and say it clearly, that there can be no real prosperity until we have a scientific currency; until the supply of money is gauged by the demand. Without this prosperity will prove a delusion."

"What do you think of the continued fall in the price of silver?"

"I think it is perfectly natural. When there is no demand for a thing, its price usually declines. Silver has been demonetized here and now Japan is on a gold basis. Besides this, there has been a falling off in the purchases of silver by eastern countries. Every country that had a trade worth talking about has felt the hard times. The eastern countries use silver money and most of our purchases are paid for in that metal. It comes to the same thing."

A WARNING TO MINERS.

If the Rush Is Stopped Now, There Will Be No Starvation.

The warning sent out by Secretary of the Interior Hiles brought this response from P. B. Weare, head of the North American Trading and Transportation company:

"I congratulate and thank you for your official warning to people rushing to the Yukon-Klondike mining country at this season of the year.

"We are making gigantic efforts to get food into the country and shall have a large amount at Dawson; also at the mouth of the Tanana river, and at the mouth of the Yukon. We will have four sailing vessels and two steamers at the mouth of the Yukon as late as Oct. 1.

"There need be no starvation if the stampede is stopped now. If more people go in than can be taken care of, they can go down the river and come out on our steamers and sailing vessels, or winter at the provision depots at lower river points.

"We are building five steamboats at Fort Get There, St. Michael's island, this winter, and a heavy force of builders will be there. They are a good class of people, but it is important that a commissioner be there."

Classifications In Geology.

A most interesting series of discussions will take place before the international geological congress, which is to hold its seventh annual session in St. Petersburg Aug. 29 to Sept. 4 ensuing, the subjects to be considered by the congress being general principles of international importance relating to geology. Among these subjects as announced will be discussion as to whether geology shall adopt the artificial classification, founded solely on historical data, based on the changes of physical geography or fauna, and not on the accidental limits of various divisions called after the name of the country where they have first been determined. It is also expected that rules will be drawn up to be followed definitely in the introduction of new terms in stratigraphical nomenclature. Another question, regarded as of equal importance, is that of petrographical nomenclature—that is, some positive and well understood agreement as to the principles.

Under the Sea to Ireland.

A scheme which is interesting British capitalists and engineers is the building of a railroad between Scotland and Ireland under the Irish channel. It is proposed to construct a tunnel 32 miles in length, 24 of which would be under the sea. The cost of such a road is estimated at £10,000,000. The promoters of the plan think that a profit of 2 or 3 per cent would be paid to the investors.

A Love Song.

Far away in a sunset town
Are the flowers blooming fair,
And the world looks up and the sky bends down,
But the fairest rose in that sunset town
Is a girl with golden hair.

O ru-ddud sweet;
O flower fair,
O blue eyed maid
With golden hair,
There's one to think of thee!

Far away in the crimson west
Do the song birds' voices rise,
And the world is glad and the people blest,
But the sweetest bird in that dreamland west
Is a girl with deep blue eyes.

O song bird sweet,
O flower fair,
O blue eyed maid
With golden hair,
The world shall sing of thee!

—Joseph W. Humphries in Atlanta Constitution.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE STORY TELLER

LADY FLORA'S GARDEN.

I love to watch my lady sit
Among her garden's quaint trim plots,
Her tresses match the sunflowers' gold,
Her eyes the blue forgetmenots.

A very flower among the flowers,
She hath the same unconscious grace,
Just watch her as the sunshine falls
Upon her blossom of a face.

Oh, happy rose that at her waist
She tieth with her girdle in!
Thrice happy pinks she tucketh close
Beneath her little, dimple chin!

White butterflies that she declares
Are dead flowers' souls drift to and fro,
And solemn bees on thrift intent
With their sweet burdens come and go.

The pansies' wistful faces seem
To brighten at her sunny smile.
The sweet peas nod their heads to her
In their own easy kind of style.

In sooth, it is a goodly sight,
This garden with its trim, quaint plots
And Goddess Flora in its midst
With eyes like the forgetmenots.

I love my lady at her work,
I love her in her hours of rest,
But when I see her 'mong her flowers
I think I love my lady best.

—M. Hedderwick Browne in Kansas City Star.

THE BLUE HOUSE.

Here is the story that my Uncle Jean, who died recently, used often to tell me:

You know, he would say to me, that my business called me often to the four quarters of France. I noticed on one of my journeys, near the outskirts of Dijon, which is called Blaisy Bas, a little cottage of strange aspect and of still more strange color.

The first time I noticed it—it is fully 40 years since then—it was at a stopping of the express train. In the garden in front of it a little girl was playing with a doll, a child of about 10, very fair and rosy, dressed in a dainty spring dress and with a blue ribbon in her hair. She was very pretty. I was not happy that morning. Business had not gone well, and I was returning to Paris sad and preoccupied. This sudden vision in the tiny garden calmed me. Was it the beautiful day, the charm of this little girl and the beautiful country that I was looking at? I said to myself, "One must be happy to live here; no sorrow, no weariness." And I envied the little girl her childish carelessness and gayety.

But the train started to move. At the same time one of the windows of the house was opened!

"Laurine!" a voice called.

And the little girl went in. Laurine—the name was pretty, and an hour afterward in the idleness of the journey I thought of it again, and I saw once more the child, the doll, the garden and the little blue house. Then all was jumbled together, grew faint and was forgotten, the more because for a long time I had no business in that part of France.

I went often to the north of France or to the east, now to Lille, now to Nancy, and you understand I had other things to think of. About ten years passed thus, when one fine day I set out for Marseilles, and on my return the old memories returned to me. I took the night express in order to pass through Blaisy-Bas in the morning. It was still there, the blue house, of a well faded blue now, and, moreover, it seemed to me that it had a less well cared for, less well kept look than formerly, but in the garden a tall girl was seated. She was very fair and with a pink ribbon in her hair. It was Laurine. I recognized her at once. Near her was a young man, very prepossessing and animated, her fiance without doubt, and around them was the same smiling calm, the same peace of mind.

I was positively quite happy, quite moved myself, and when again the train started I leaned from my window and, waving my hand, nodded my head and cried:

"Farewell, Mlle. Laurine!"

The young girl looked at me quite astonished. Then the young man. They burst out laughing, and still from my window I watched them waving their handkerchiefs at me. I was delighted.

Year after year passed. I was nearly always on the Marseilles road, but busy, very busy. Each time I was forced to gain an hour or two by taking the fast express that passed Blaisy-Bas in the night without stopping. At last one day, less busy than before, I took the evening train which stops at Blaisy-Bas in the morning. How many years had passed since that little scene in the garden when I had seen Laurine with her fiance? Twelve, or perhaps 15 years, I don't remember.

This time, when the train stopped in front of the little station, there was in the garden only a small boy, with unkempt hair, playing with a great dog stretched on the grass. Was I not to see Laurine?

I was already quite sad, when the little boy began to call:

"Maman, maman, the train!"

Then a lady stepped out of the house. It was certainly she, a little less fair, but nevertheless I recognized her at once, and looking at her quite tenderly I discreetly raised my hand to my hat. She answered my salutation a little surprised. She was indeed always the same, as simple and amiable as her own life. On departing, to mark my passage with a little souvenir, I tossed an orange to the child in the garden, and saw it roll down the terrace followed by the big dog.

Then came the most eventful period of my life. It was a short time after this that I made my great journey to Turkey—so eventful, so full of sudden changes, that today, after so many years, I seem to speak of a dream. How many ups and downs I had before I made my little fortune! It was down there, you know, that I was shipwrecked on the Black sea. You can imagine if in that life I thought often of Blaisy-Bas and the blue house. Ah, well, on the sinking ship, in that ominous hour when I was separated from death only by a plank, it was still that memory that crossed my mind as clear and precise as in the first hour. I said to myself: "My poor Jean, this will teach you to travel around the world. If you had been willing to live quietly, like your friend Laurine, in some blue house under the sun of Burgundy, such things as this would not have happened to you either."

I escaped nevertheless, and I have often told you how. You know of the Holland ship that passed, as though by a miracle, at the end of two days, when my strength was spent. At the end of 15 or 20 years—you see, at my age one forgets the exact dates—I returned to France, and after passing several days in Marseilles I took for the last time the train for Paris. I had never been ambitious, and the little money I was carrying home would suffice for my old age. This was then my last journey, the end of all my adventures.

At 1 o'clock we arrived at Blaisy-Bas. Can you believe me? My heart beat as if it would burst, and I confess that I was not so moved when a few hours later I met my own family. Near the station the blue house appeared as before in the sunlight. By a singular coincidence I thought all at once of my shipwreck in the Black sea. It must have been this that day, calm and indifferent as ever, while out there in my last hour I thought of it, but the train was stopping just in front of it, and I saw in the garden under the arbor, surrounded by children and grandchildren, an elderly woman, not really aged, but with bands of silvery hair under a large cap.

It was Laurine! No one would have known her but me. Not one minute was I in doubt. And in a flash I saw her again as a child, playing with her doll, then as a girl, then as a woman, now as a grandmother, always different, yet always like herself. This time I regretted bitterly that I must go away. I knew that I would never pass this way again, and I wanted to stop a moment to speak at least to this old friend of 40 years whom I did not know. Chance favored my wish. A slight accident happened to the engine. They told us we would have an hour at least to wait. That decided me.

I advanced almost trembling to the gate. I tell you I was never so moved. I was never timid, however, and I had just seen some rough times among the Turks. At last I rang. The gardener opened the gate. I told him that I wanted to speak to the elderly lady in the arbor. He told me to enter, ran to tell the lady, and she came.

The next minute Laurine was near me, and I knew no longer what to say to her. It was she who broke the silence.

"What is it, monsieur, to which I owe the honor of your visit?"

Timidly I asked, "Do you not know me?"

"No, indeed, monsieur."

"But I know you well. Just think, it is a long time that I have known you. I saw you as a child, playing with your doll in this garden. I was the man, you must remember, who said good day from the car window when you were betrothed, and later, quite a little later, it was I who threw an orange to the little"—

The good lady looked at me quite frightened. She had at first receded several steps, taking me no doubt for a madman. Then, reassured by my good old face, she answered quite sweetly:

"You are certainly in error, monsieur, my family and I have lived in the blue house only about a year."

I was stupefied. "You—are—not—Lau-ri-ne"—

"Laurine? I do not know what you mean. We have no one here by that name."

It seemed as though I dreamed. As she walked away I asked:

"Pardon me, madame, one more question. Who lived here before you did?"

"Before me? An old man, a bachelor. He lived here ten years."

Bowing ceremoniously, she took me to the gate and closed it behind me. I found myself in the tiny streets of Blaisy-Bas, quite confused, my heart heavy, as though after some misfortune. I wished, however, to inquire about the matter, quite sure that there was some unheard of mistake, some strange coincidence. I questioned the guard at the station. He knew nothing, being now in the country, but he directed me to an old man, the oldest in the village, who lived quite near the station, just opposite the blue house.

He gathered together his thoughts.

"Laurine—let me see—Laurine. I don't remember"—

"But the lady I saw in the garden about 15 years ago, rather plump and having light chestnut hair. She had with her a little child and a great dog."

"Ah," said he, "with a great dog. Wait a minute—with a great dog. Oh, yes, that was the wife of the comptroller. She was from Macon, Mme. Glinnet, but her name was not Laurine. I remember well, for I was over there a great deal. Her name was Francoise."

I was dumfounded.

"But look here, monsieur, think back about ten years before. A young girl, fair also; tall, with a blue ribbon in her hair, who was there with a tall, dark young man, her fiance."

The old man thought and thought. At last he called his wife, a little old woman, with bright eyes and a determined step, who seemed to have a good memory. We told her our discussion.

"Oh, that was Mlle. Stephanie, the daughter of the contractor, a tall girl, with a ribbon. Certainly, that was she. She married a merchant from Dijon, poor girl, and they are separated. She lives with her parents up there at Sombernon, and is very unhappy." I felt my head swim. The hour was over and the train was ready to start.

"But Laurine," I exclaimed, "but Laurine. I saw her when she was quite small and heard her name. It seems to me I see her yet playing with her doll in the garden."

"Why, monsieur," began the old lady, "why didn't you say that at first? You speak first of a woman, then of a young girl, and at last of a child. Yes, I recall her. I have my faculties yet," she said, with pride. "Laurine? Yes, that is it, but you speak of a long time ago. It is no less than 40 years. A little blond, the daughter of the druggist. They were relatives of ours. We lost her just as she was finishing her tenth year, poor thing, in the same year in the month of May."

Just the year and month in which for the first time I had noticed the blue house. A few days at most after I had passed through, and I for 40 years had followed her life.

At this place in his story my uncle always became sad. He would pass his hand two or three times across his forehead and would say slowly: "You see, my boy, my story is of no importance, and yet it is the whole of life. To live happily in our delusions we must not examine them too closely, nor open our eyes too wide, nor descend too far into the depths of things."—Translated For Short Stories.

Who First Opened a Sunday School?

Robert Raikes has been much belauded as the originator of Sunday schools, but when he was a small boy, with all his philanthropies in the future, a neighbor of his living 12 miles from his native city was quietly holding a Sunday school on her own account. On a white marble slab in Flaxley church, among other records of Catharine Hovey's life work, there is a mention of this:

"How far her bounty extended was best known to herself alone, but much of it appeared to her honor and God's glory in frequent distribution to the poor, and especially the charity schools round about the country, relieving those in prison and delivering many of them out of it, in contributing to churches of the English establishment abroad as well as aiding several at home, in clothing and feeding her indigent neighbors and in teaching their children, some of whom every Sunday by turns she entertained at her house and condescended to examine them herself."—Longman's Magazine.

WANT COLUMN.

LOST $18—ON COBURN STREET, SATURDAY. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to 18 Coburn street.

A 1 STORAGE FOR PIANOS, CARRIAGES, furniture, safes. J. McDonald, 30 John street, G. H. Frost, 138 Central.

WANTED—TWO MEN FOR PERMANENT situation. $60 per month. Call at 30 Central street, Room 1. F. J. H.

STORE AND TENEMENT TO LET—119 and 121 Market street. John Whitty.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at Sun office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 46 Merrimack street. John W. Kinsman, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

BARN TO LET IN BELVIDERE. APPLY at 4 Everett street.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 76 Chestnut street.

LADY WITH GOOD REFERENCE TO work at home in spare time. Can make $5 to $12 a week. No books of canvassing, work light and respectable. Permanent position to right party. We furnish work and teach you free. Send 16c for sample and instructions. The Carter Chemical Co., 120 So. Second St., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—A VICTOR BICYCLE IN good order. Will sell for $20. Inquire at Sun office.

GENTLEMEN—REMEMBER THE CHEAPest place to have your clothing cleaned and repaired is at L. W. Baldwin's, Room 3, Associate Building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.

FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET, A 7-room cottage house in good repair. Must be sold on account of sickness. Price, $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF GOOD boarding and lodging houses at different prices and different locations. Some of them will be sure to suit you if you are looking for anything in that line. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

FOR SALE—ON JUNE STREET, NEARLY new cottage house in first class repair, large lot of land, all modern improvements. Price only $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or billiard printing rooms. Apply at Legault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 79 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—NEAR LAKEVIEW AVENUE 7-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price, $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—50 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Gentlemen's Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—ON SHAW STREET, GOOD 2-story house in first class repair. Good workshop, lots of fruit. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

FOR SALE—7 MILES FROM LOWELL, A good farm of 100 acres; good barn, fine house, lots of fruit. If you want a farm this will suit you. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dow's, Central street. A. Moore's, Gorham street, pharmacists.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

MANAGER—COMPETENT MAN TO MANage distributing point for manufacturing concern; salary $1200 per year and percentage; $500 cash required to partly cover stock carried. Address W. L. Mason, Copley Square Hotel, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—PARTY LOOKING FOR BUSINESS where small capital safe as a government, will bring large returns. Call and investigate at 350 Middlesex street.

WAGONS—A HIGH GRADE DEMOCRAT and grocers' wagon and covered square wagon, made to order, will be sold below cost; also good second-hand democrat. 69 Robbins street.

LOST—A GREEN PARROT. THE FINDER will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Sun office.

TO LET—FLAT IN THE NEW "BELLEVUE" apartment house, No. 137 Stackpole street, fitted with all modern conveniences. Finest location in the city.

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WANTED—TEN MORE LADIES TO TAKE orders for Thomas Earley's soap. Call A. B. Pride, Brooks House, Tyler street after six.

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PETER WATSON'S
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To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 60	6 00	§7 07
6 25	7 42	6 25	7 51
6 49	7 58	6 49	§7 50
§7 05	8 02	7 55	9 16
*§7 20	8 16	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 35	8 15	*9 00	§9 35
§7 33	8 50	9 15	§10 25
§7 45	8 37	*9 30	10 07
§7 50	8 55	10 00	11 15
*8 00	9 19	10 45	11 55
9 15	10 25	11 33	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 56
11 00	12 04	*1 00	§1 34
§11 42	12 25	*1 16	1 52
§12 15	1 05	2 00	3 01
1 40	2 50	*3 00	§3 40
3 00	4 25	3 47	5 05
*§3 47	4 30	4 14	§5 32
*§4 02	4 45	4 47	5 55
4 25	5 36	*5 00	5 45
§5 22	6 15	5 35	6 35
5 44	7 10	5 47	6 57
*§6 22	7 03	6 14	7 30
*§7 40	8 20	*7 30	§8 05
§8 49	9 42	*8 00	§8 38
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 20	8 10	2 15	§3 05
§7 35	8 35	3 00	§4 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 01	§5 50
§4 25	5 32	7 34	§8 15
§6 55	7 00	8 00	§8 25
		9 00	10 05

Western Division

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	1 30	5 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 06
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 58	3 40	4 56
2 30	3 44	4 25	5 45
2 55	4 02	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 25	6 04	7 13
5 10	6 45	6 35	7 48
6 15	7 20	9 45	10 57
7 00	8 16	11 15 ¶	12 15
9 25	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 20	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 45	5 00	6 25
6 30	6 55	8 45	9 40
8 45	9 55		

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*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 15 Appleton st.

A RED HOT TEA STORE.

We have made our store red hot. "Call and see it," with the way we have hustled out the tables with a pound of 60 cent tea. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack st.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire ins., 223 Central st.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 656-3.

There is considerable criticism on the manner in which Rogers street is being constructed.

Do you want grain of the crop of '96? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, will sell you some.

Church street, at the corner of Warren, is a dangerous spot for driving, the roadway being worn away.

Former operatives of Faulkner's mills say preparations are being made to again start the machinery.

The telephone or postal card will reach Rourke & Sullivan and bring you the best coal at the lowest prices. Tel. 555-3.

The Boston & Maine has recently put down a couple of miles of new rails between East Billerica and Wilmington.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

Foresters' gala day will be held on the Fair grounds next Saturday, when there will be a long list of sports including a dog race, a horse race, and foot races.

Congressman Knox, Mayor Courtney, Speaker Bates, Secretary Sessions, and Rev. W. A. Bartlett are expected to be speakers at the annual dinner of the Middlesex North Agricultural society.

Charles E. Goulding and Harry J. Corwin, who have been doing Scotland and England and a bit of the continent on bicycles, returned home on Wednesday and dropped into the routine of business life again.

At the next meeting of the overseers of the poor, it is expected that some action will be taken on the transfer of the woodyard from the city farm to the former location and the establishment of a city distribution station. There is said to be opposition to the proposed transfer.

Miss Abbie C. Morrow of New York city, editor of the Sunday School lesson expositor, "The Illustrator," will be at the Branch Street Tabernacle Sunday, Aug. 22. Owing to her ability and distinction as a bible student, the church will hold an afternoon meeting in her honor on the date named at 2.30 p. m. to which everybody is invited. Pastors and Sunday school teachers are requested to take notice.

PURCHASED MARBLE SHOP.

Messrs. John Meehan and Patrick J. Mahan, two well known stone cutters, have bought out the business formerly conducted by the late James Mahan, at 1001 Gorham street, opposite the Fair Grounds, where they will be pleased to meet their many friends who need anything in the line of granite and marble monuments, head stones and curbings. Both gentlemen are experienced workmen and any orders left to their care will be promptly and carefully executed.

MAN UNCONSCIOUS

FELL FROM A STAIRWAY ON TILDEN STREET.

Fred Willets, residing on Middlesex street, was found in an unconscious condition on Tilden street Saturday night. There is a stairway leading down to a yard that runs off the street and Willets fell down these stairs and was injured. The ambulance was called and he was taken to St. John's hospital.

It was found that no bones were broken, so he was taken to his home.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Members of Manchester Unity, Odd Fellows, held their excursion to Nantasket Saturday. Many went down on the special train at 7.40 a. m., and dinner was partaken of at the Ocean View. Mr John Dean was general manager of the affair, and there were special committees from each of the five lodges, the Excelsior, Integrity, Wamesit, and Merrimack Valley, and Victoria lodge, the women's branch.

The members of the Florence club and their lady friends enjoyed an outing at Long Pond yesterday.

A new Good Templar lodge to be known as Highland lodge will be instituted in the vestry of the Highland M. E. church at 8 o'clock this evening. The grand secretary, Mrs. Sarah A. Leonard, will conduct the ceremony, assisted by Past Grand Councillor Hector Turnbull.

DENTIST

WITH THE POLICE

Violations of Law Reported by Officers

DRUNKEN MAN FOUND LYING ON TRACKS

Several Teams Stolen—A Stone Throwing Case.

Thomas Reagan, while passing through Williams street, Saturday night was struck on the head with a stone thrown by a Pole. He was taken to St. John's hospital where Dr. Ricker took three stitches in the cut, which is over the eye. It was reported at the time that Reagan had been stabbed but such was not the case.

A Pole giving his name as Michael Chieslo was arrested later in the night and according to his story he and others were sitting on their door steps when a shower of stones were thrown at them. Reagan happened to be coming along at the time and he was taken for one of he offenders.

ALLEYS BROKEN INTO.

Investigation shows that at the break of Les Miserables bowling alleys of which Edward Hunt and James Hesslan are under arrest, about 50 pairs of bowling shoes were stolen in addition to a large quantity of bowling chalk.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

Officer John Walsh found a man named Fred A. Blodgett lying intoxicated on the railroad tracks near the Thorndike street depot Saturday night. Had the officer been a minute later Blodgett would have been killed, for a train rushed by immediately after he had been pulled off. He was taken to the police station.

STOLE A RIDE.

George Dale, a wanderer, took a horse and carriage from Moore street Saturady night, and drove down town before he was caught. He was arrested.

ANOTHER TEAM STOLEN.

Patrick F. Greening telephoned to the police station last night that his team had been stolen from Summer street, where he had left it. He gave a description of it and later it was found in the possession of Thomas McCabe. The latter explained that Greening's son was driving the horse before 1.30 o'clock and had invited him to ride. McCabe did so, and the two went to McCabe's house on Lawrence street. Last night, he claimed, he took the team down town to buy something to drink, and was arrested. The horse was taken to Peabody's stable. Later in the night Patrick F. Greening, the owner, called at the police station, but unfortunately for himself, he carried a jag with him and was locked up.

TWO BROTHERS FIGHT.

Lawrence and Thomas Sculley, living on Lakeview avenue, were arrested by Officers Swan and Fitzpatrick Saturday night while fighting. They were arrested for drunkenness and on the way to the police station, one of them broke the twisters.

NASHUA MAN ARRESTED.

Henry Charon, a Nashua man wanted for abandoning his child, was arrested Saturday by Inspector Allen and Officer J. A. Walsh. He was sent to Nashua.

FOUND A SATCHEL.

Officer J. B. Crowley found a satchel containing a number of useful articles at the corner of Prescott and Merrimack streets Saturday.

POLICE COURT—PICKMAN, J.

Twenty drunks.

Thomas Cox received three months in jail.

Alice Murtagh was awarded a six months' scholarship in jail.

Minnie Willoughby was more unfortunate, as she got an entire year in jail.

George Dale, the young man who purloined a horse and carriage and drove down town was sent to jail for six months.

Probable cause was found in the case of Edward J. Hunt and James H. Hesslan, who were charged with breaking and entering Les Miserables alleys, and they were held in $400 each for the grand jury.

David O'Hara, the man arrested for illegal keeping, was found guilty and fined $65. He appealed.

Robert Donohue was in on the charge of bastardy preferred by Margaret Toohey.

DO YOU SNEEZE?

The Season of Agonizing Hay Fever is at Hand.

Going away this summer?
To avoid hay fever?
Don't do it!
Stay at home.
And sneeze?
And suffer?
With red and smarting eyes, stinging nasal passages and burning throat.
Not at all.
Use California Catarrh Cure.
Use it only.
Use it often.
Use it morning and evening.
Use it as often as you have to.
And avoid hay fever.

California Catarrh Cure is the greatest reliever of hay fever and the greatest cure.

If you want proofs we will refer you to cures.

Mr. Joseph A. Rand, a Newburyport man, says, "I was troubled for many years with catarrh and hay fever. I doctored lots for it, but for all the money I spent I got no help. My head troubled me much, and I was kept constantly spitting and hawking. In the summer on the 20th of August, I always had hay fever, which lasted until the frost came. These attacks always left my catarrh much worse, and at last I had about all the symtoms of the disease. As I said, all the doctoring I spent money for did me no good; but by great good luck I heard of California Catarrh Cure, and better luck, I used some. The first bottle relieved at once and did me an immense amount of good. It cleared my head and kept it clear, made my throat feel all right, and was pleasant to take too; I kept on using it right through the summer, and it helped my hay fever wonderfully. It relieves at once and thorough use will cure the worst cases. I am glad to recommend it, it has done so much for me."

C. C. C. is sold by all druggists, 50 cents, nearly three times as much, $1.

Pillosophy.

Of making many pills there is no end. Every pill-maker says: "Try my pill," as if he were offering you bon bons! The wise man finds a good pill and sticks to it. Also, the wise man who has once tried them never forsakes

..Ayer's Cathartic Pills..

VALUABLE ART WORK

BEAUTIFUL COPY OF MURILLO'S PICTURE UNVEILED YESTERDAY AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

The Morning Citizen has the following in reference to the beautiful picture, the unveiling of which was announced by the Sun to take place last evening:

Worshippers at the church of the Immaculate Conception yesterday were pleased to see over the door leading to Stackpole street a magnificent oil painting in a heavy gilt frame. The subject of the work is seen so frequently in prints and engravings that few failed to recognize a lifelike copy of the celebrated "Immaculate Conception" by Murillo, and it was greatly admired by all.

Just before the vesper service the picture was blessed by the rector, Rev. William D. Joyce, O.M.I., as all objects of use or ornament in and about a Catholic church are by prayer and ceremony set aside or dedicated to religious purposes. After the rosary, Fr. Joyce explained the presence of the picture and told something about the original. This famous product of the brush of the great Spanish artist now hangs in the gallery of the Louvre in Paris, where it is constantly surrounded by artists engaged in making copies of it. It was taken from Seville in Spain by Marshal Soule in the peninsular war, and on the dispersal of the belligerent troops the collection was bought and placed in the Louvre where it has since been the object of interested attention from artists and laity alike. It is called the "Immaculate Conception," but could as well be taken as a representation of the assumption, which feast was celebrated yesterday.

The copy in the church, Fr. Joyce said, was the work of Mr. Timothy O'Shea of Limerick, Ireland, whose fine portrait of Fr. Garin is the leading and most valued ornament of the Oblates' community house. Mr. O'Shea had sent it hither to be disposed of but the fathers were so impressed with its excellence that they decided to retain it for the church, feeling sure that the congregation would gladly assist in its purchase to further beautify their magnificent temple. The time has arrived when something may be done to embellish the church and to make it not only the most beautiful of local churches, but one of the finest in the United States. Already the picture has been seen by several Lowell citizens familiar with the original, who have pronounced it not only a fine copy but one which presents the spirit of Murillo's art most faithfully. Especially is this true of the cherubs, which are above and below the figure of the Madonna forming the centre of the painting. They are admirably drawn and artistically painted. Fr. Joyce said the picture would doubtless draw many lovers of art to the church and none can fail to be pleased with so faithful a copy of one of the great paintings of the world.

The picture is 9 feet by 7 in size, including the frame, and the canvass itself is a trifle larger than the original. There is no question of the fidelity of the work as a copy, and none whatever of its value in the enrichment of the church. The Catholic church has always promoted art in its varied forms and in Europe especially its churches are filled with the works of the most famous painters and sculptors in Christendom. In this beginning of the work of decorating its walls with the masterpieces of the brush, the church of the Immaculate Conception has followed the example and practice of the church since the days when the burial places of the Christians in Rome were adorned with religious paintings.

KLONDIKE PARTY

OF FRENCH-AMERICANS TO BE ORGANIZED.

It is said that about 30 French-Americans of this city are talking of organizing a party to go to Klondike.

Napoleon Cossette will start for the gold fields in the spring.

MAGUIRES ACQUITED

OF THE CHARGE OF MURDER BROUGHT AGAINST THEM IN IRELAND.

James and Thomas Maguire, who formerly lived on Market street in this city, and who, while on a visit to Ireland, were arrested in Belfast, charged with the murder of William Fenniston a cattle dealer, have been acquitted and are now on their way to America.

CHILD'S BODY REPORTED FOUND.

A man notified Officer Libby yesterday that in crossing Central bridge he saw the body of a child, apparently 4 or 5 years of age, floating down the river. The officer went down the bank for some ways, but could find nothing.

Clearance Sale

of Summer Goods to make room for

NEW FALL GOODS.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York, Importer and Tailor,

NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET. LOWELL.

They Build Their Own Convent.

Mme. Constance Maltman, whose house and grounds are on Grimes hill, about a mile above the St. George ferry station at Staten Island, N. Y., is having two brick buildings erected on a portion of her property. These buildings are to form the cloistered retreat of a new order of the Visitation and are the gift of Mme. Maltman. She and her daughter Marie will enter the convent as members of the order, and it is said that she will give nearly all of her property as a dowry to the sisterhood. This order is one the members of which live in seclusion from the world, making vestments, offering prayers and sometimes teaching. They never leave the walls of the convent.

Mme. Maltman has lived here since 1876. Her husband was a manufacturer of glassware and pottery in Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussia.

The new convent buildings are to be finished about Nov. 1, and the women will be received into the order by Archbishop Corrigan.

HOW IT SPREADS.

People Are Talking All Over It—Report Comes From Central Street.

How it spreads!

Can't keep a good thing down.

Ever notice how good things are imitated

Better the article, more the imitators

Fortunately the public have a safeguard.

Praise can't be imitated.

And true praise takes root and spreads.

Claim is one thing, proof is another.

Claim is what the manufacturer says

Proof is what the people say.

Lowell people say:

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Cure all kidney ills.

Hundreds of citizens testify to this.

Here is a case in point.

Mr. Mark Walsh of 128 Central street says:

"I fell from the third floor with an elevator, on which was a safe. I was taken to the hospital with some broken ribs, recovered, and returned to my employment. Kidney trouble developed, a bad backache, followed by painful urination, a tendency to gravel. If sitting, it was next to impossible to rise, so great and acute were the pains. I felt that I should put myself under the doctors, but before doing so, I read of Doan's Kidney Pills, and what they were doing in Lowell and sent to Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and got a box. I took them as directed and was helped at once. I now have no trouble of any kind, my back is all right, the urinary difficulty is entirely corrected, and it was Doan's Kidney Pills that did it. I am recommending them highly and you may send any one to me, and I will tell them my experience. If they helped me, they will help them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box. For sale by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

VISIT OUR NEW CHIROPODY AND MANICURE DEP'T.

THE "BUSY STORE."

REMNANTS! — REMNANTS!

Grand Clearance Sale of Remnants of Dress Goods, Silks and Wash Goods at a discount of from 25 to 75 per cent. off from former prices.

DRESS GOODS.

In lengths suitable for Ladies' Waists and Skirts, suitable for Children's Dresses and Cloaks. We have made them up into three lots which are three of the biggest Bargains ever offered in Lowell.

Remnants of 25c, 39c and some 50c Dress Goods, for **19c a Yard**

Remnants of 50c, 75c and some $1.00 Dress Goods Novelties and Plain Blacks and colors, for **29c a Yard**

Remnants of 25c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Dress Goods Novelties and Plain Blacks and Colors for **49c a Yard**

SILKS! SILKS!

Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **29c yd**
Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **39c yd**
Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **49c yd**
Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **69c yd**

WASH GOODS and COTTONS

Remnants of Standard Shirting Prints, **3 1-4c Yard**
Remnants of Standard Zephyrs Ginghams, **7c Yard**

Remnants of Woodhall Ginghams, **5c Yd**
Remnants of Outing Flannels. **5c Yard**
Remnants of 36-in. 10x12½c Percales. **8c**
Remnants of Organdies, **5c**
Remnants of Organdies and Fancies, **9c**
Remnants of Brown Cotton, yard wide, **3¾c**
Remnants of Lonsdale Cambric, **7½c Yd**
Remnants of White Lawn, yard wide, **7c**
Remnants of 8-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **14c**
Remnants of 9-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **16c**
Remnants of 10-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **17c**
Remnants of almost everything for almost nothing.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Did you ever hear of Remnants of Boots and Shoes? We've got them.

Remnants of Ladies' Fine Vici Kid Oxfords, with Lenox Toe, worth $3, for **$1.19**
Remnants of Ladies' Oxford Blacks and Tans, all sizes, only **49c**
Remants of Ladies' Vici Black and Tan Oxfords for **89c**
Remnants of Ladies' Patent Leather Oxfords, also Canvas Oxfords worth $2.00, for **69c**
Rem's of Boys' Russet Leather Shoes **73c**
Remnants of Children's Kid Button Boots (green) for **39c**
Remnants of Misses' Russet and Black Oxfords, for **49c**

REMNANTS! REMNANTS! REMNANTS!

AT THE BUSY STORE.

☞ The Only Dry Goods Store in Lowell GIVING TRADING COUPONS. We touch the Button Monday A. M., at 8.10 O'clock, and the Remnants are Yours for the Asking. Bring your Pocketbook, however.

YOURS MUTUALLY—THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.—BIG DEALERS

A Grand Sale of

LINENS!!

Bought direct from a prominent importing house the week before the new tariff went into effect. This is a special opportunity for hotel and restaurant keepers, housekeepers and all others who can appreciate good offerings at very low prices, we can save you from 10 to 50c. on the dollar.

TABLE LINEN.

Our line of Table Linen comprises some of the very best weaves, designs and qualities. Every piece of Linen in our store will be marked at an especially low price during sale. 37 1-2c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 23c.; 25c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 33c; 50c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 39c.; 62 1-2c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 49c., this last one is fully 72 inches wide; 75c. Silver Bleached Table Damask at 59c.

SPECIAL.

5 pieces Full Bleached Table Damask, extra fine quality and worth $1.50 a yd., at $1; Napkins to match, 5-8 size $2 a doz., 3-4 size $2.75 a doz.

TURKEY RED TABLE DAMASK.

33c. quality at 21c., 37 1-2c. quality at 29c., 50c. quality at 37 1-2c., 75c quality at 55c.

TABLE COVERS.

All of our Fringed Table Covers, white, red and fancy bordered, to be closed out at prices to suit purchasers.

CRASH.

8c. Bleached Linen Crash at 5c., 10c. Bleached Linen Crash at 7c., 12 1-2c. Bleached Linen Crash at 9c., 17c. Bleached Linen Crash at 12 1-2c.

TOWELS.

1 lot of Bleached and Unbleached Turkish, also Fringed Cotton Towels, at 5c. each.

About 100 doz. of pure Linen Huck Towels, in either fringed or hemmed borders, actually worth 20c., at 12 1-2c. each.

1 lot very fine fancy Damask Hemstitched Towels, worth 37 1-2c., at 25c. each.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

STUPENDOUS

CLEARANCE SALE

Of Our Entire Stock of Shirt Waists, Tailor-Made Suits, Light-Weight Jackets and Capes.

We have created for Friday and Saturday selling values that will stand unchallenged for all time to come, as marvels in contemporary merchandizing, for absolutely LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES are reached where highest perfection is attained in tailoring of ready-to-wear garments. A purchase here can never be wrong, for your money back if you are not absolutely satisfied.

SHIRT WAISTS.

We have marked down our entire stock to prices that are mere fractions of the original cost, a special lot today is 10 dozen of up-to-date Waists in a broken assortment of sizes, goods that sold this season from $1.00 to $2.50, your choice

☞ **At 59c. Each.**

SILK WAISTS.

We offer for today and tomorrow about 3 dozen Foulard and Taffeta Silk Waists, red, navy, green and plum, in coin spots, stripes and scroll patterns, made with white laundered collar and soft cuffs, they are Waists that have sold this season from $5 to $6.50, your choice

☞ **At $2.95 Each.**

Visit Cloak and Suit Department today and tomorrow, it will pay you.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

At prices less than ever before quoted. Sterling values that will never be duplicated. Eton, Blazer, Reefer and Fly Front Suits, thoroughly well made and perfect fitting, many suits that can be worn all through the fall and winter season at prices ranging from

☞ **$6.75 to $12.00 Each.**

LIGHT WEIGHT JACKETS.

Values today and tomorrow that eclipse all previous bargain giving, Kersey Jackets, Covert Jackets, Scotch Mixtures, Broadcloth Jackets, all stylishly made, lined throughout with fancy Taffeta Silks. They are necessary articles of wearing apparel for beaches and mountains, also for wear at home mornings and evenings and constantly through the fall season up till the month of November. Extraordinary values from

☞ **$2.89 to $9.75 Each.**

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

IF YOU ARE WEDDED

To reading some outclassed newspaper—that's one thing.

IF FANCY FREE

Buy the Lowell Sun and you will be happy.

THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1897. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

COWBOY BIKERS.

How these hardy riders have adopted the silent steed on the western ranches.

TARIFF SMUGGLERS

Try to outwit customs officers. Read about them tomorrow.

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The weather predictions for the ensuing twenty-four hours are as follows: Forecast showers. Clearing tonight. Fair Tuesday. Cooler. Southwest to west winds.

Sun rises—4:53; sets, 6:44.
Length of day—13:51.
Moon rises—8:17 p. m.
High water—1:30 a. m.; 2 p. m.

SENTENCED TO DIE

Canovas Assassin Court Martialed Yesterday

RETURNED MINER FROM ALASKA TALKS

Says Many Fool-hardy Ones Will be Frozen.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—Michael Qingliolilo, the anarchist assassin of Premier Canovas del Castillo of Spain, who was tried by court martial at Vergar yesterday, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

KLONDIKE IS INACCESSIBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Daniel Gable, an old experienced miner, has returned from Dyea, Alaska, and says it is impossible to get through to the Klondike region before spring. He says many will be frozen up all winter, if they attempt to get through and may perish.

FUNERALS.

REED—The funeral of George Reed occurred yesterday afternoon from the residence of his parents, 1055 Lakeview avenue, Dracut. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

TULLY—The funeral of Ernest Tully son of Peter and Lena Tully, took place yesterday afternoon at their residence, No. 137 Jewett street. Rev. Mr. Hall conducted the service and interment was made in the Edson cemetery.

RILEY—The funeral of Winnifred Riley took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 449 Lakeview avenue. The casket was surrounded by a large number of floral tributes, which testified to the esteem in which the deceased was held by her associates. The bearers were Michael Scully, Thomas Mullarkey, Oscar Morgan, Thomas Donnelly, Bartholomew Mullen, and John Flannery. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'CONNELL—The funeral of Richard O'Connell took place from his late home on Fay street this morning and was very largely attended.

At 8.30, sixty members of the fire department, led by acting chief Norton, and headed by the Lowell Military band, marched from the Central fire station to the late home of the deceased. The funeral cortege then proceeded to the Sacred Heart church, where a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated for the repose of his soul. Mgr. William H. O'Connell of Rome, a brother of the deceased, officiated, with Rev. Michael Ronan, deacon; and Rev. Fr. McRory, O. M. I., sub-deacon. The choir, directed by Miss Adelaide Sullivan, rendered Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos in the Lebera were sung by Mr. James Murphy. Mr. James E. Donnelly sang "I Love to Hear my Savior's Voice," and "Calvary," was finely rendered by Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan. After the service the cortege proceeded to the Catholic cemetery where the interment took place.

Among the floral offerings placed on the grave of the deceased were a mammoth arch on the base of which was a fireman's hat, inscribed "L.F.D." from the fire department and a cross and anchor inscribed "Hope" from Hope Company, of which deceased was a member. The bearers were eight members of the fire department.

CALLAHAN—The funeral of Daniel Callahan took place this morning from St. Patrick's church. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Leonard with Rev. Fr. Walsh deacon, and John J. McHugh sub-deacon. The choir, directed by E. F. Faulkner sang Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos were sustained by Miss Finn. The active pall-bearers were Cornelius Daly, Dennis Wholey, Henry Keyes, Maurice Kearney, James McCarthy and M. Fligerald. The honorary pall-bearers were Cornelius O'Hearn, J. Cuff, John Welch, and Michael Coughlin, Frank Riley and Patrick Madden representing the Holy Name society. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Savage had charge. A large sheaf of wheat inscribed "Father" was placed on the grave.

YESTERDAY'S RAIN.

The rain yesterday afternoon came unexpectedly and caught many unprepared for it. The crowds at Lakeview, Willow Dale, and elsewhere rushed for shelter, but those caught on the lake in boats were drenched so thoroughly that they felt like jumping in to avoid getting any wetter. The rain was heavy while it lasted.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

THE COUNT OF TURIN.

Young Nephew of Italy's King, Who Resented Criticism of Italian Officers on the Field of Honor. (See Page 3.)

JOHN F. TULLY

A YOUNG MAN WELL KNOWN IN DEMOCRATIC POLITICS.

John F. Tully, aged 32 years, died at his home 105 Westford street, last evening.

Deceased was for several years secretary of the Democratic city committee, and devoted his time to his official duties, leaving nothing undone that would aid in the success of the party. He succeeded James A. Sullivan as secretary two years ago and

JOHN F. TULLY.

since then has been re-elected by a unanimous vote. He stood well in the party ranks and held a good, clean record as a democrat. He has been ailing for a short time and in the winter of 1894-5 was obliged to seek rest and strength in the warm climate of San Mateo, Florida. Upon his return he showed signs of improvement but soon after began to decline, and his friends expected his death at almost any time. Chairman Hennessy will call a meeting of the city committee to take action on his death.

He leaves a mother, five sisters and one brother, Dr. Tully of Fitchburg. Funeral at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning from St. Patrick's church.

DEATHS.

LUDWIG—John A. Ludwig, aged 41 years, died yesterday at his home, 324 Worthen street

VINING—Bertha Vining, aged 17 years, died Saturday afternoon at the Lowell General hospital.

LITTLEHALE—John Littlehale, one of the oldest and best known residents of Tyngsboro, whose family name has been identified with the town almost during its existence, died Saturday night, at the age of 77 years, of heart disease.

MARTIN—Charles Martin, aged two months, beloved son of George and Henrietta Martin, died today at his parents' home, 16 Middlesex Park.

NEEDLE IN HER HAND.

Mrs. Hanson of Wellman block stuck a needle in her finger today and went to a physician to have the piece removed. Ether was administered and when she recovered from its effects she was unable to go home. She was taken in the ambulance.

A NEEDLESS ALARM

PINE STREET RESIDENT BELIEVED HER HOUSE TO BE ON FIRE.

The alarm from box 185 shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon was needless. The lightning struck somewhere near Mrs. Stepleton's residence on Pine street, and she, believing that the carriage house had been struck, and was on fire sent her little girl to have an alarm rung in. The box at the corner of Westford and Pine streets was pulled but before the fire department arrived it was learned that there was no fire.

Miss Delia Conley of High street and her friend, Miss Mary Muldoon of Church street are enjoying their vacation at Lynn beach

LATEST

TO SAVE HIS HAT

An Unknown Man Lost His Life

FROM CHELSEA FERRY BOAT YESTERDAY

Harbor Police Grappled for the Body.

Boston, Aug. 16—An unknown man was drowned from the Chelsea ferry boat City of Malden on the 145 p m. trip yesterday from Chelsea to Boston.

As far as can be learned, the man was slightly intoxicated. When half way across the harbor his hat was blown off by the wind and lodged just at the after end of the boat and outside the chain which is always stretched while the boat is in motion for the safety of wagons. He made a rush to save his hat and in his haste went overboard.

An alarm was at once given and the boat was brought to a standstill as was also the ferry boat City of Chelsea, which was going in the opposite direction. Nothing was seen of the man after he first went down. After waiting about until all hopes of saving the man's life were useless, the ferry boats resumed their trips.

The harbor police were notified and at once began to grapple for the body.

As far as can be learned, the man was about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches in height and weighed about 150 pounds. He was of medium complexion and wore a dark coat and trousers. He wore no vest, collar, or tie.

STATE BATH HOUSE

AT CRESCENT BEACH VISITED BY 60,000 YESTERDAY—TWO EMERGENCY CASES.

Yesterday was a great day at Crescent beach, as many as 60,000 people being present despite the threatening weather. There were not less than 5000 bicyclists there. Many Lowell people were in the crowds scattered along the miles of winding beach. It was estimated that 4500 people went in bathing during the day and the state bath house was unable to accommodate the vast crowd. The doors were closed to men at 12 o'clock and a line was formed extending across the boulevard, back to the building, across again, and back again, containing from 500 to 700. Complaints were heard about the state taking the bathing business into its own hands and then failing to provide the necessary accommodations.

There were two emergency cases. One a young man named Hayes was prostrated with neuralgia of the heart out on one of the floats. He was taken off on a life saving boat and revived in the emergency room. Another man dived from a spring board in two feet of water, striking the bottom on his head and injuring his spine. His name was George Fogarty. He was sent to his home in Cambridge.

It is expected the state will soon erect a temporary bath house to meet all demands or else allow residents to cater to the public wants.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Owing to the death of his only child, Mr. A. Cohen of the Prime Tea company, 464 Central street, will be unable to attend to his customers and his store will therefore be closed It will re-open next Monday.

AT TRULL FARM

Lightning Causes Great Destruction to Property

HOUSE AND BARN BURNED TO GROUND

Scarcity of Water Baffled the Firemen

A lightning bolt during the storm yesterday afternoon caused the total destruction of the entire set of buildings on the noted old Trull farm in Tewksbury, just beyond the city line.

The Trull estate is an old landmark on Andover street and is situated just beyond the Pickering residence and opposite the Clark road. The buildings consisted of a two-story house, an immense barn and a long shed, connecting the house and barn.

About 4.30, during the heavy shower, a bolt of lightning struck the barn and a sheet of flame spread through it.

The nearest fire alarm box in Lowell is that numbered 47 at the Butler estate. An alarm was rung in from that box at 4.45 o'clock and the fire department responded quickly. The scene of the fire being over a mile distant from the box, the horses had a long and tedious pull, and after arriving there, the firemen could find no water to extinguish the flames which had already destroyed the entire barn.

Steamer 3 was taken around back of the John E. Foster house to a well and a suction rigged to it. The steamer sank in the soft soil to the hubs and after the fire, it took five horses to get it out.

Firemen and spectators worked hard to get out the furniture before the fire reached the house. Everything was reached and covered with rubber blankets. The absence of water made it impossible to check the flames, the steamer taking all the water from the well in a few minutes.

The fire made a brilliant sight and could be plainly seen for miles around.

The barn which was the first to go, contained between 50 and 75 tons of hay. The horses were in pasture and thus escaped while the other live stock was taken out all right.

The Trull farm has for the last 50 years or so been the residence of Larkin Thorndike Trull, who is now 78 years of age. He is an uncle of Larkin T. Trull of this city. He and his wife have been well known and respected residents of Tewksbury for a long time. The loss of their home comes on them as a heavy blow which cannot be measured in money. The buildings, except the barn, are old, and the actual loss was estimated yesterday at $5000. The barn was built at a comparatively recent date.

Those who saw the bolt state that it scattered the shingles in every direction.

The buildings were insured, but there was no insurance on the new hay. The recall sounded at 8 o'clock.

LOWELL H. I. CLUB

CONCLUDES THE WORK OF THE DEGREE OF TRAITOR

The Lowell Hebrew Independent club held a meeting in Marston hall last evening, with President Sol Rubin in the chair. The finishing touch of the degree of traitor was worked at the meeting by the administering of 39 lashes to each traitor. The Hebrew name of the ceremony is Malkus, and it is most impressive. The counting of the lashes is done in the Arabic language under the glow of the black candle, and when the lashes have been given cabbage leaves are applied to heal the wounds. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the pass words and countersigns of the club for the year were given. The club has 149 members, all prominent Hebrews.

Fashion Corner

A WHOLE SUIT, $3.50

Strictly pure Linen Crash, Single Breasted, from 34 to 46 breast measure, thoroughly shrunk and made to fit. The rainy weather has washed $1.50 off the price.

Another Lot

Very best Linen Crash, Single and Double Breast, nearly every size—some stouts among them. The Five Dollar price on them this week represents about half their value.

Opp. City Hall.

Merrimack Clothing Company

PRINCE HENRI OF ORLEANS,

Decendant of French Royal Family, Who Declared That Conduct of Italian Officers in Abyssinian War Was Cowardly.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

A BRIGHTER SIGN

Appears In the Cotton Industry

NAUMKEAG AND METHUEN MILLS TO RESUME

Worsted Manufacturers Receive Increase in Wages.

Salem, Mass., Aug. 16.—The Naumkeag steam cotton mills resumed operations this morning on 42 hours a week, after a shut-down of sixteen employed.

GOOD NEWS FROM LAWRENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Aug. 16.—The Methuen cotton mills will start in part next Monday. The repairs are now being pushed along rapidly.

WAGES ADVANCED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chester, Pa., Aug. 16.—The employes of Geo. C. Hetzel & Co., manufacturers of worsted, received notice this morning of a restoration of wages of the twenty per cent. cut down made in 1892.

OFFICERS WILL MEET

ALL PITTSBURG LABOR UNIONS HELP STRIKING MINERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—Meetings of the officers of all the labor unions will be held tonight to assist the coal miners. Action will be taken on blanket injunctions. If the appeal is decided in favor of the operators today it is thought a test case will be made of the validity of the injunctions in the higher court.

SILVER MINES TO CLOSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Denver, Col., Aug. 16.—The silver mines at Creede will probably close on account of the low price of silver.

THE ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Antwerp, Aug. 16.—The steamer Belgica with the Gerlache antarctic expedition aboard sailed for Graham's land this morning. She has provisions to last two years.

LUCKY LOVER KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Vincent Syzjka was fatally shot last night by Joseph Beodzyk, his unsuccessful rival, for the hand of Bronislarza Kuzarek, a fourteen year old girl. He was shot while waiting her appearance.

CANADIAN BOAT LEADS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Point Eclaire, Quebec, Aug. 16.—The second race between the one-raters, the Momo, the American boat, and the Glencairn II., last year's winner of the Seawanka Corinthian cup, started today over a triangular course. There was a good breeze which favored the Canadian boat. The Glencairn rounded the buoy at the end of the first course at 12.34, forty-five seconds ahead of the Momo.

STAINED BY BLOOD

Feast of Assumption Ends With Murder

BOSTON'S ITALIAN QUARTER SCENE OF TRAGEDY

Cousins Quarrel and One is Fatally Stabbed.

Boston, Aug. 16.—Yesterday was the anniversary of the Feast of the Assumption and the faithful Catholics of the Italian quarter joined with characteristic spirit in the observance of the occasion. Everything was auspicious for the celebration, and nothing occurred to mar the event until late in the afternoon, when the colony was disturbed by the report that two fellow-countrymen, two blood relations, in fact, had become engaged in a dispute which resolved itself into a fierce fight and resulted in the fatal stabbing of one of the men.

The trouble arose from a dispute over a dispute over a loan, a trifling affair of $4, which bids fair to cost one man, if not two men, their lives.

The cutting occurred at 4 Barber's alley. Filipo Greci is the name of the wounded man, and Crescenzo Feragamo, his assailant, is hiding from the police.

The physician's entertain but little hope of Greci's recovery.

GOV. WOLCOTT IN MAINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Marblehead, Mass., Aug. 16.—Gov. Wolcott left today on the steam yacht Penelope for two weeks' vacation at North East Harbor, Me.

PROBABLY UNTRUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Aug. 16.—A special from Rome says that the Pope has excommunicated Prince Henri of Orleans and the Count of Turin, who fought a duel. Dueling is forbidden by the church. Prince Henri's condition is satisfactory.

SEVERAL PEOPLE KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Atlanta, Aug 16.—A special to the Journal says that a locomotive at Tybee Island fell through the trestle this morning, killing several people.

COULD EAT ONLY SOUP

A Grand Stomach Tonic — Dyspepsia and Dizziness Cured.

"I had dyspepsia and could hardly eat anything except soup or food in liquid form. When I finished a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla my stomach would bear substantial food and I have had no trouble from dyspepsia since. I was also troubled with dizzy spells, and Hood's Sarsaparilla always afforded relief." MRS. MARY J. JUDKINS, 101 Central St., Peabody, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

A little early, may be, but the summer hat may be a little worn. If so, new ones for fall are here.

Not all of them, but a good showing in Tourists and Derbys.

New colors, too, a little gayer than you've seen them for some years.

Good as these are, prices are as low as we've ever known them to be.

PUTNAM & SON,

No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The water board will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

Acting Mayor Howe was not at city Hall today, but Secretary Hennessey said he expected that His Honor will spend a few hours each day, receiving visitors.

The aldermanic chamber has been cleared of all its furniture, and is being thoroughly cleaned by the janitor and his assistants.

MINERS JOIN STRIKERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Matewan, W. Va., Aug. 16.—Eight hundred coal miners at Logan and Simmons' Creek joined the strikers today.

THE BIG SHOWER.

The rain that did not come down in yesterday's shower landed here today, starting in with drops as big as a half dollar. No damage is reported. Many streets were flooded. It came with lightning accompaniment.

Misses Nora Luddy and Kate Luddy of Waterbury, Conn., are visiting the McManmon family of Pawtucketville.

Members of the 33d Massachusetts regiment of Lowell are attending the annual reunion today at Waltham.

Rev. and Mrs. Arthur W. Standford will return to Japan in September.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. O'Donnell and Miss Kittie O'Donnell have returned from a trip to Europe.

Dr. William J. Kelly and Joseph Donohue, left today for Old Orchard.

Edward P. Donohue started for Old Orchard Saturday.

The feast of the Assumption was celebrated in all the Catholic churches yesterday.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday, September 3d, in the Savings Department of the Traders National Bank will draw interest from September 1st at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum compounded semi-annually. Bank hours 8 to 4 daily, Saturday 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m. Nos. 30 Middlesex Street and 11 Post Office Avenue. Street floor.

CHAS. J. GLIDDEN, Pres.
WM. T. HILLS, Cashier.

$34 A Fine Piano, seven octaves, made by Lord & Co., I will sell for $34

GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street.

GOOD SATISFACTION. Our Teas and Coffees give good satisfaction to our patrons. If you are not already one of our many customers we would like to have you begin now. DICKSON BROS.' 48 Merrimack Street.

TABLES FOR EVERYBODY with one pound of our 60c. tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone 69-3.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE A SITUATION at anything. Would look after clubhouses. Wife would take house-keeping; is a good cook. Apply at Sun Office.

Sick Bicycles

No matter what the cause of the ailment, we guarantee a cure in every case. A corps of skilled physicians constantly in attendance.

Geo. H. Bachelder,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 651-3.

VACATION'S DETAILS.

Can we help you?
Negligee Shirts, light weight Underwear, Collars, Cuffs Neckwear and Golf Caps Yachting Caps and Straw Hats.
Let us try.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

EMERALDS LOST

Mathews Finally Got After Them

AND WALLOPED THEM 24 TO 8

Twohey the Star Player of the Game.

Outside of the playing of Twohey of the Mathews at the Fair Grounds, Saturday, there was nothing to enthuse over, for the game was one of the most tiresome ever played. The Emeralds particularly the crack players, Ganley and Connors, were way off. The former couldn't field and the latter couldn't pitch, simply throwing what the youngsters call "coaxers." Eagle Donovan was rattled, too, something unusual, while Mettinne's errors were excusable, being made through his efforts to spoil hits. Twohey played magnificently for the Mathews, playing a short field. He turned a base hit into a put out, and later in the game made a circus catch. His batting was fine. The Mathews played Clifford and Babb of the Mt. Washingtons of Everett and they did effective work. Mr. J. Mahoney umpired well and the attendance was large. After the game, Manager Donovan of the Emeralds challenged the Mats to play them a game with the same team for from $100 to $500 a side. The score:

MATHEWS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Roche, 2b	4	1	1	3	4	3	1
Nestor, ss	4	3	1	1	1	4	1
Allard, 1	5	3	2	2	1	0	0
Vaughn, 3b	4	4	3	4	2	2	1
Thornton, 1b	6	3	3	6	12	0	0
Ledwidge, m	6	2	1	1	2	0	3
Twohey, r	6	5	4	5	2	1	0
Babb, c	6	1	3	4	3	1	0
Clifford, p	5	2	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	45	24	18	27	27	11	[illegible]

EMERALDS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Ganley, 1	3	2	1	1	1	0	3
Den. Murphy, m	5	0	0	0	3	0	1
Dan Murphy, r, c	5	2	2	4	0	2	0
McGuane, 3b	5	1	2	2	1	0	3
Castles, 2b	5	1	2	2	4	1	1
Donovan, ss	5	1	1	1	1	3	3
Garrigan, 1b	3	0	1	1	5	1	0
Farley, c, r	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Connors, p	4	1	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	39	8	10	12	24	10	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mathews	6	5	2	0	0	1	0	10	x—24
Emeralds	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2—8

Earned runs—Emeralds 3, Mathews 5. Two base hits—Twohey 2, Thornton. Three base hit—Thornton, Babb, Roche Dan Murphy. Stolen bases—Twohey, Ganley, McGunne, Connors. Double play—Nestor to Roche to Thornton. Bases on balls—By Connors 8, by Clifford 3. Hit by pitched ball—Roche, Vaughn. Struck out—By Connors 7, by Clifford, 3. Wild pitch—Connors. Time—2h. 30m. Umpire—M. J. Mahoney. Attendance—1200.

STANDING OF CLUBS AND GAMES YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston	64	30	.681
Baltimore	60	30	.667
Cincinnati	59	32	.648
New York	54	30	.600
Cleveland	50	44	.532
Chicago	47	51	.480
Pittsburg	42	51	.452
Louisville	43	54	.443
Philadelphia	42	53	.443
Brooklyn	38	54	.413
Washington	37	55	.402
St. Louis	26	72	.265

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Newport	56	28	.667
Brockton	51	30	.630
Pawtucket	42	42	.500
Fall River	36	46	.433
Taunton	34	50	.405
New Bedford	29	54	.349

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto	56	33	.630
Buffalo	59	39	.602
Syracuse	57	46	.553
Springfield	50	38	.568
Providence	47	45	.511
Scranton	39	45	.481
Montreal	31	59	.344
Wilkesbarre	25	62	.287

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland .....0 4 3 4 0 2 0 0—13
St. Louis .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3
Batteries—Powell and Zimmer; Lucid and Douglass.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—3
Chicago .....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Batteries—Rhines and Vaughn; Briggs and Kittredge.

At Providence—
Providence .....0 1 1 0 3 0 1 0 0—6
Springfield .....0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0—5
Batteries—Braun and Egan; Korwan and Dunsan.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo .....0 4 2 0 0 0 0 2 0—8
Toronto .....1 0 3 0 0 0 0 6 0—10
Batteries—McPartland and Zahner; Taylor, Gaston and Snyder.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse .....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 —3
Montreal .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries—Willis and Ryan; Becker and McNamara.

SOUTH ENDS DEFEATED.

The South Ends last Saturday were defeated in their game against the Elms.

About 1000 persons witnessed the hotly contested game on the South common, when the Elms succeeded in defeating the South Ends by a score of 24 to 16, and winning $25 also. The game was characterized by heavy batting, both pitchers coming in for a full share of it. The South Ends played a listless game, Reagan being the only man who played the game properly, while the Elms played with a snap and vigor that landed them the victory. The score by innings:

Elms	3	0	2	1	3	2	5	0	—21	
South Ends	0	0	0	2	5	3	2	3	1—16	

Batteries—Niland and Vendette; Fratus, Coughlin and Fitzpatrick. Umpire—Michael Kane. Time of game—2h. 35 m.

COLLINSVILLES, 20; ECHOES, 8.

The Echoes got a severe drubbing Saturday afternoon, being defeated by the Collinsvilles, 20 to 8. The Collinsvilles outfielded their opponents at every point. The game was a good one. The Belvidere boys had three different pitchers in the box, all being hit hard. Leary and Norman made home runs. The score:

Collinsvilles, 20; Echoes, 8.

Struck out—By Leary 7; by Dowd 5; by Panton 2. Bases on balls—off Leary 6; off Dowd, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Smith Mansfield, Scully. Wild pitches—Dowd 2; Leary 1. Umpire—John J. McCarthy of Lowell.

NO GAME AT MOUNTAIN ROCK.

The game scheduled at Mountain Rock between the Burkes and the Y.M.C.I.'s Saturday afternoon was not played. Only two or three members of the Y.M.C.I. team showed up, it is said, and the game was consequently declared off.

CLOVER CLUB

HAD A GREAT TIME AT THE PICNIC.

The Clover club had a big time at the annual picnic at Nabnassat Saturday afternoon. Six hundred took part in the outing, and enjoyed the bonting, swinging and a fine program of sports.

At base ball the Clovers toyed with the Graniteville for five innings with the following result:

Clovers	1	0	9	0	1	—11
Graniteville	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Other sports resulted:

100-yard dash—Won by Cunningham; Crowely second.

Running hop, step and jump—Cunningham 1st, Hoyle, 2d.

Running broad jump—Cunningham 1st; Crowley 2d.

President James J. Barrett of the Clover club was general manager.

Music for dancing was furnished by the Crescent orchestra, J. T. O'Connell director.

The committee on sports was: David Dixon, William O'Neil, John T. O'Connell.

OVERCOME BY HEAT

A PAWTUCKETVILLE BOY SUCCUMBED TO THE WEATHER.

While two boys residing on Dunphey street, Pawtucketville, were waiting for a car on Central street yesterday afternoon the younger of them was overcome by the heat and fell to the sidewalk. He was sent home.

CONTRACT AWARDED

FOR WORK ON VARNUM SCHOOL ADDITION

Acting Mayor "Charlie" Howe and Supt "Dick" Bray opened bids for work on the Varnum school addition Saturday evening, and awarded the contracts to the lowest bidders. The bids are as follows:

Carpenter work—E. G. Twohey, $8763; Whittet & McDonald, $8400; T. M. Alkley, $7787; W. H. Wiggin, $7683; C. P. Conant, who got the contract, $7367.

Plastering—S. D. Butterworth, $2600; D. Moody Prescott, $2550; Thomas Kelly, $2160; James Meers, $2145; James Walker, $1975; James Walsh, who got the contract, $1875.

Brick work—J. Jalbert, $13,758; P. O. White, $12,561; J. H. Walker, $10,993; P. O'Hearn, $10,850; John Swett, $10,078; Dennis Kelly, $9900; Connors Bros., who got the contract, $9366.

Doors and frames—J. H. Huntley, $2319.70; Pratt & Forrest, $1812; Amasa Pratt, who got the contract, $1580.

Metal work—Daniel Cushing, $1151; H. H. Wilder, $1149; W. A. Mack, $1145; T. Costello, who got the contract, $1097.

Iron and steel work—Daniel Cushing, $2675; Chelmsford Iron foundry, $2670; Joel Knapp & Son, who got the contract, $2497.

Slating—T. L. Douglass, $981; Robert Goulding & Co., $893; James Burns who got the contract, $870.

Boiler for Pawtucketville school—Richard Dobbins, $398; Scannell & Wholey, who got the contract, $350.

HEALTH BULLETIN

ISSUED FOR THE MONTH OF JULY.

The Health bulletin for July shows that there were 171 deaths during the month. The place of death was: Ward one, 9; ward two, 27; ward three, 10; ward four, 14; ward five, 10; ward six, 22; ward seven, 48; ward eight, 15; ward nine, 10; almhouse, 1; Lowell hospital, 1; Lowell General hospital, 4; St. John's hospital, 6.

The contagious diseases reported were: Diphtheria, 1; scarlet fever, 6; measles, 21; typhoid fever, 3.

RETURNS FROM CORPORATIONS.

Lowell Bleachery, Elliot C. Clarke, treasurer.—Annual meeting July 13, 1897; certificate filed Aug. 3, 1897. Real estate and machinery, $453,712; capital stock, $400,000; cash and debts received, $61,637; debts, $140,000; manufactures and merchandise, $59,279; profit and loss, $48,588. Total, $558,588.

Hamilton Manufacturing company, Chas. B. Amory, treasurer—Annual meeting, July 8, 1897; certificate filed, Aug. 5, 1897. Real estate and buildings, $974,849; machinery, $635,151; cash and debts receivable, $1,449,451; manufactures and merchandise, $761,339; Mill No. 7, $3507; capital stock, $1,800,000; debts, $1,634,654; profit and loss, $103,149; reserve for depreciation, $279,794. Total, $3,811,597.

PAWNEE BILL AT LAKEVIEW.

Beginning today, Aug. 16, Pawnee Bill's historic Wild West show, with its great hippodrome, museum, and cosmopolitan celebrities will exhibit at Lakeview park. At the evening performance there will be enchanting scenes under the calcium lights, and grand pyrotechnic displays.

Y.M.C.I. TROLLEY PARTY.

On Thursday evening, Aug. 26, the members of the Y.M.C.I. of Centralville will treat themselves and their friends to a moonlight trolley party to Mountain Rock. The event of the evening in the way of sports will be a relay race between the Y.M.C.I. team and the Celtics.

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will give you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell, Mass.

Office hours: 8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

TWO DROWNED

In the Surf at Atlantic City

OWING TO THE UNDERTOW CAUSED BY STORM

One Struggled in View of 10,000 People.

Atlantic City, Aug. 16.—Two venturesome bathers were drowned in the surf here yesterday. They were Thomas C. Laswell, aged 21 years, of Princeton, Ind., and an unknown man supposed to be an excursionist from Philadelphia. Young Laswell came here yesterday on his first visit to the seashore. Laswell seemed to be unaware of the dangerous undertow and got beyond his depth. The life guards made a brave effort to save the drowning man, but the surf was so heavy that they were unable to reach him. Laswell struggled in the water for about 15 minutes in full view of about 10,000 people. The body afterwards came ashore. The second drowning occurred at about 3 o'clock, and the body had not come ashore up to a late hour last night. The surf was the heaviest of the season, owing to a gale which prevailed, and between 25 and 30 persons were rescued, many of them women.

CRISP GOSSIP

At the L. I. B. picnic at Lynn Wednesday, I heard a good story supposed to have originated at one of the meetings of the society years ago. It was told by an old timer, formerly of Lowell to a red hot L. I. B., the story teller winking at the rest of the party when his auditor was not looking.

"Some 25 years ago," he said, "there was internal trouble in the society, owing to the condition of the funds and it was decided to discuss the matter fully at a certain meeting. When the night of the meeting came about all the members were present, and it had hardly been called to order when one of the members jumped up and said: 'Mr. Chairman, I'm not much at making speeches, but I know this. There are mice in the pantry, there are mice in the treasury, and they are nibbling at our funds, Mr. Chairman.'

"Mice, is it?" said another member, rising in an instant. "It's not mice at all, but —— old rats, Mr. Chairman, and I move we set a trap for them right now."

CYCLING NEWS.

Edward E. Vickery of Centralville wants to ride John Baker a 10 or 15 mile road race.

It is expected that a number of Lowell riders will take part in the L. A. W. meet at Nashua, Aug. 28.

W. A. Chase won his trial heat in the 2.40 class at the Haverhill meet Saturday afternoon, in 2m. 23s. He came in second in the final heat.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Bartlett wheeled on their tandem to Crescent beach yesterday.

LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

When anything American is brought into competition with the productions of other countries, the patriotic citizens of this great republic generally pronounce an unhesitating verdict in favor of their own land. Fair-minded people who have witnessed the performances of the London Vaudeville Company, however, are of the opinion that native talent has a pretty close contest for supremacy with the foreign artists who have made their successes in the music halls of London, Paris, and Vienna. In this entertainment, which comes to Glen Forest Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 19th, 20th and 21st, the best attractions of the metropolitan vaudeville theatres have been combined with the latest amusement novelties from abroad, the performance embracing the most laughable comedians, the sweetest singers, the most sensational acrobats and concertionists. As a means of comparison between the artistic merits of the old world and the new, it is interesting in the extreme, while as a performance of strikingly original and high-class characteristics, it stands without a peer in the realm of vaudeville today.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The democratic headquarters in the next campaign will be in the Hildreth building. Three rooms will be engaged for the work of the committee.

Fred. Markham of the Woolen spinners' union will be an active candidate for the democratic nomination in the common council in Ward 4.

It is announced that Daniel Lyons the well known stone mason, will be a candidate for the common council in Ward 2. Mr. Lyons has many friends is in sympathy with the workingman, and should make a good run.

MR. DAY RESIGNED.

Mr. Charles Day, the well known employe of the No. 3 weave room of the Appleton mills has resigned his position, at which occasion he was made the recipient of a beautiful watch chain and charm by the employes of that room. The presentation speech was made by Mr. James Arthur.

GANNON WON THE CUP.

Members of C Company shot for the Parker Cup at the Dracut range Saturday afternoon with the result that Private Gannon won it. The scores:

Lieut. Colby	5	4	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	—41
Priv. Hahn	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	—45
Corp. Sanders	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	1—42
Priv. Gannon	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	—48

SKETCHMAKERS DINE.

The Sketchmakers' association of the Lawrence district a union of manufacturing sketchmakers and engravers, held its semi-annual banquet Saturday night at the New City hotel, Manchester. The Lowell men present were: James A. Fraser, Albert Smith, Manfred Gulline and Arthur Hope.

OFF FOR NEW YORK.

Martin Flaherty left for New York city last night, where he will assist in training Austin Rice, who expects to fight Sammy Kelly shortly. There is no truth in the report that Flaherty was to box Downey tonight.

BUNTING CRICKETERS

DEFEATED THE CRACK ELEVEN OF BOSTON.

The U. S. Bunting cricket team defeated the Zingaris of Boston on the South common Saturday afternoon, 65 to 56. The game was exciting from start to finish, and there were some fine plays. Burns played a magnificent game, taking four wickets for eight runs. Orton had a most deceptive curve. The Buntings won the toss and took the bat. The score:

U. S. BUNTING.

D. Hird, b Keene	16
J. Smith, c Draper, b Orton	19
W. Guth, c Orton, b Keene	1
J. Comber, b Orton	8
J. Patrick, b Keene	2
M. Burns, c Keene, b Orton	0
M. Meikiejohn, b Orton	1
W. Bingley, not out	6
J. Farrell, b Orton	15
T. Haughton, b Orton	0
M. Mitchell, b Orton	0
Extras	2
Total	65

ZINGARIS.

Draper, b Hird	9
Caesar, run out	2
T. Maginnis, caught out, b Smith	2
J. Keene, b. Smith	11
T. Orton, run out	5
C. Maginnis, b Burns	2
R. Turner, b Burns	2
Joliffe, not out	13
Robinson, b Burns	2
Hamburger, run out	3
R. Firth, caught out, b Burns	0
Extras	7
Total	56

A DRAWN GAME.

The North Billericas and Methuens played a drawn game on the Billericas grounds Saturday afternoon.

For the Billericas, Bradstreet and Tinker were the only ones to reach double figures, while Whitehead took 7 wickets for 14 runs, and Hutchinson 3 for 17. Hogson did good work with the bat for the visitors, piling up 21 before he was bowled by Whitehead. The score:

NORTH BILLERICA.

Hutchinson, b Wade	2
Garner, b Earnshaw	0
Broadbent, b Bretherick	11
Tinker, run out	12
Nelson, b Tetley	8
Whitehead, b Tetley	0
Heap, c Ferneau, b Bretherick	0
Stevenson, b Bretherick	0
Radcliffe, not out	4
Haslam, b Tetley	6
Brown, c Tetley, b Bretherick	0
Extras	2
Total	49

METHUEN

Wade, b Whitehead	1
Earnshaw, b Whitehead	0
Bamber, c Brown, b Whitehead	0
Hamer, c Stevenson, b Whitehead	6
Hodgson, b Whitehead	21
Ferneau, b Whitehead	0
Tetley, c Hutchinson	0
Bretherick, b Whitehead	1
Bastow, b Hutchinson	0
Whittaker, b Hutchinson	7
Clark, not out	1
Extras	3
Total	40

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

Population, 87,000; total deaths, 45; deaths under five, 26; infectious diseases, 2; acute lung diseases, 1; typhoid fever, 1; diphtheria, 0; scarlet fever, 0; croup, membraneous, 0; measles, 0; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 1; death rate, 26.9 against 23.9 and 22.1 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 6; scarlet fever, 2; diphtheria, 1; membraneous croup, 0; measles, 1.

CHIEF HOSMER ATTENDS.

Chief Hosmer left today to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Fire Chiefs, which meets at New Haven, Conn., tomorrow. He will be absent until the latter part of the week, during which time First Assistant Norton will be acting chief.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, AUGUST 14th.

6—Mary Weston, 5, cer, hemorrhage.
Felix Davis, 8 mos., chol. infl.
7—Samuel Farson, 84, senile debility.
Catherine Murphy, 74, valvular heart disease.
Harry E. Chamberlin, 26, blood poisoning.
Timothy J. Dean, 7 mos., meningitis.
Francista Jugues, 6 mos., chol. infl.
Josephine Gauthier, 6 mos., chol. infl.
Francois Duchesne, 3 days, debility.
John W. Kelley, 1 day, infantile.
8—William J. Clark, 33, accidental drowning.
Unknown man, 30, railroad accident
Alfred Thellen, 5, meningitis.
Marie A. Bourassa, 7 mos., chol. infl.
Marie A. Cote, 4 mos., chol. infl.
9—Bridget Whalen, 67, intestinal obstruction.
Mary Cary, 64, dysentery.
Marie L. Willett, disease of liver.
Susie A. Abel, 33, tuberculosis of lungs.
Timothy Maroney, 26, accidental drowning.
Amanda Carpenter, 22, congestion of lungs.
Bertram M. Goulet, 1, dentition.
10—Honore Pelletier, 74, pleurisy.
Henry C. Bouiger, 24, heart disease.
Fred A. Wilkins, 1, meningitis.
11—James H. Bradley, 46, apoplexy.
Oscar F. Hirsch, 32, typhoid fever.
Stanley G. Hat, 1, spinal meningitis
Patrick F. Mulligan, 1, chol. infl.
Charles A. Driere, 10 mos., chol. infl.
John Mellro, 9 mos., enteritis.
Edith Stewart, 7 mos., chol. infl.
Alfred Briere, 5 mos, chol. infl.
William T. Arnold, 5 mos., enteritis.
Charlotte Bradbury, 2 mos., chol. infl.
Mary E. Wood, 2 mos., chol. infl.
Leo Shanley, 3 mos., cer. hemorrhage.
Maria F. Horne, 1 mo., chol. infl.
Alexandre Philippe, 15 days, meningitis.
12—Louise Dumais, 46, heart disease.
Jennie F. Palmer, 41, hydronephrosis.
Alma Lemaire, 3, bronchitis.
Marie A. Girard, 9 mos., chol. infl.
Yvone Riche, 3 mos., diarrhoea.
13—Sarah Kavanaugh, 80, enteritis.

—Girard P. Dadman, City Clerk.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, make men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

THE GREATER NEW YORK.

Only Five States In the Union Which Equal It In Population.

Within the limits of Greater New York, according to the latest official declarations, there are living upward of 3,000,000 people.

There are only five states in the Union which contain a population of 3,000,000. Those five states are New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Missouri.

Measured by population, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the sixth state of the Union.

Now, place alongside that fact another fact equally salient. Within the boundaries of Greater New York there is property of the assessed value of over $2,732,000,000.

There is not one state in the Union, except New York itself, whose assessed valuation by the census of 1890 was equal to $2,732,000,000. Not even the valuation of the populous and wealthy state of Pennsylvania was on a par with that of the territory embraced by one consolidated city.

Measured by wealth, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the first state in the Union, for its wealth exceeds that of any other state except New York, and is by far the larger fraction of the total wealth of the Empire State.

When they come to choose a mayor to wield the executive power of their newly created city, the people of Greater New York must remember that for all practical purposes they will be choosing the governor of the sixth state of the Union in point of population and the first state of the Union in point of wealth.

To administer a public trust of that magnitude our first mayor should be a man of inflexible integrity and of tried and proved capacity. Besides that, he should be an unmortgaged man, upon whose official freedom of action no party boss holds a lien.—New York World.

ABOUT NOTED WOMEN.

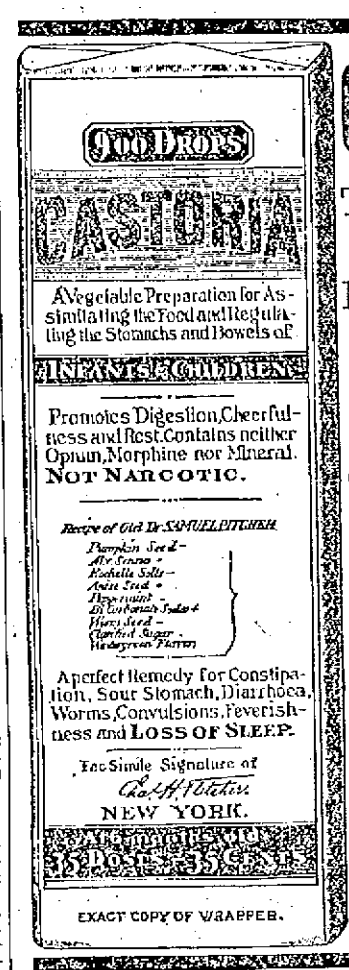
Marie Seebach, the German actress who died in St. Maurice recently, was for a long time the leading woman tragedian of the German stage. She scored her first success in Hamburg as Gretchen in Goethe's "Faust."

Mrs. Alexander Campbell, widow of the founder of the Campbellite sect, which now numbers over 1,000,000 communicants, died lately at Bethany, W. Va.

Miss Frances Willard, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, spends part of her summer vacation riding a bicycle through New York state.

Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany has insisted that the money subscribed for a statue to her father, the late Duke Frederick, shall be used for charitable purposes.

The queen of Italy possesses a unique and interesting collection of shoes and gloves worn by famous empresses and queens, in which are seen those worn by Queen Elizabeth of England, Marie Antoinette of France, the Czarina Catherine II and Queen Christina of Sweden.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

At Lakeview Park,

ONE WEEK, Beginning Monday, Aug. 16.

PAWNEE BILL'S HISTORIC WILD WEST

Mexican Hippodrome, Indian Museum, Cosmopolitan Celebrities, and Grand Fireworks Exhibition.

The Only Wild West Traveling by its own Train of Palace Cars.

SEE THE FEATURES!

REAL INDIANS, REPRESENTATIVES OF ALL THE WARLIKE TRIBES.

Sioux, Pawnees, Apaches, Cherokees, Cheyennes, Chickasaws and Comanches. Great Chiefs like Spotted Tail, Afraid of His Horse, Left Hand and others.

WILD RIDERS FROM THE PAMPAS.

In whirlwind equestrian exhibitions and those majestic sons of the Orient's great desert,

A Band of Genuine Bedouin Arabs

Whose feats of skill with the rifle and bayonet and displays of agility and strength have never been equalled.

THE ONLY HERD OF LIVING BUFFALO.

A SPLENDID MEXICAN BAND.

MISS MAY LILLIE,

The beautiful and only lady rifle shot, who, with unerring aim, breaks glass balls while riding at full speed on the back of a horse.

Scenes of enchantment at night when the whole plain is lit up with brilliant calcium lights, making the interior as light as the noonday sun.

WONDEROUS PYROTECHNICAL DISPLAYS.

COWBOYS' PASTIMES AND VAQUEROS' VAGARIES.

INDIAN SKILL WITH THE BOW AND ARROW.

Nothing Omitted at One That is Given in the Other.

LADIES AND CHILDREN SPECIALLY PROTECTED.

SEATS FOR EVERYBODY.

ADMISSION, - - 25 CENTS.

CHILDREN UNDER NINE YEARS, HALF PRICE.

ONE TICKET ADMITS TO ALL.

THE GRAND STREET PARADE

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Marvelous Cavalcades of Genuine Celebrities and every feature of the grand historical congress of wondrous people and animals following their great commander, PAWNEE BILL.

A KALEIDESCOPE OF NOVELTIES AND A RARE COLLECTION OF CURIOSITIES

THE INDIAN MUSEUM

Which every one must see without fail.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performances begins one hour later.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.

Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make

PO-MELIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak.

TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.

F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beallen & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shiley, Andros Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Willson & Co.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

Two blocks from Broadway, one block from Eighth street, Sixth Ave. elevated railroad.

American and European Plans.

Best Table d'Hote in the city, $1.25. Large and sumptuous apartments for transient and permanent guests. Quiet and homelike hotel

Rooms, $1.00 Per Day and Upwards.

Special rates during the summer months. Convenient to all steamship lines and railroads.

CHAS. JAIMES, Proprietor.

HAMMOCKS AND ICE CREAM FREEZERS

Best Goods. Greatest Variety.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

GLEN FOREST

3 Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 19, 20 and 21, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

THE LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY.

PRESENTING AN OLIO OF NOVEL SPECIALTY ACTS.

Afternoon and Evening.

3 Days: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 16, 17 and 18, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

EXTRA ATTRACTION.

Madame Barutia, Soprano Soloist, and Little Blanche, Character Vocalist, with Theron D. Perkins' Band.

NEW SPECIAL ATTRACTION THE ZOO

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO Salisbury Beach via Str. Merrimack

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with steamer daily at 7.30 a. m.

On and After June 30, Half Holiday Excursion daily, except Mondays. Cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 12 m. 40 mile sail 25c.

Steamer stops at Newburyport. Special rates for parties of fifty or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill.

DERBY & MORSE

72 MIDDLE STREET,

keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; S. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cammock, George S. Mosley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

PRINCE HENRI WOUNDED

Pierced by the Sword of Count of Turin in a Duel

Deadly Combat Yesterday at 5 O'clock—Count of Turin Hurt in the Arm—Account of Duel and Arrangements Therefor.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The Count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans fought a duel with swords at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in the Bois de Marchaux, at Vaucresson. M. Leontieff acted as umpire. The fighting was most determined and lasted 26 minutes. There were five engagements, of which two were at close quarters. Prince Henri received two serious wounds in the right shoulder and the right side of the abdomen. The Count of Turin was wounded in the right hand. Prince Henri was taken to the residence of the Duc De Chartres and received medical attendance.

The condition of Prince Henri is as satisfactory as could be expected. The doctors, after consultation, express the opinion that no important organ was touched, but absolute rest is necessary for recovery.

Owing to rumors at Naples and elsewhere the public had not expected the duel to come off. It was, therefore, quite private.

The official account furnished by the seconds recites fully the circumstances leading up to the encounter.

The Count of Turin, considering the letters of Prince Henri of Orleans to The Figaro offensive to the Italian army, wrote him on July 6 demanding a retraction. This letter could not be answered until Aug. 11, the day of the arrival of Prince Henri in France. The prince replied to the count's demand by telegram, maintaining the right of a traveler to record his experiences.

The official account then describes the arrangements for the duel, gives the names of the respective seconds and says: At their first interview they agreed that the encounter was inevitable. By common accord the conditions were settled as follows:

The weapon to be the duelling sword; each combatant to use that of his own country, but the blades to be of equal length; either combatant being at liberty to maintain the ground he gains and each to be allowed the space of 15 meters within which to advance or retire; each assault to continue four minutes; the combat to be resumed in the positions occupied and only to be terminate on the decision of the four seconds or the advice of the doctor, when one of the adversaries is manifestly in a state of inferiority; the conduct of the meeting to be entrusted alternately to the two parties, lots being drawn at commencement.

This latter feature of the arrangement was due to the formal objection of the seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans to the direction of the encounter by a fifth party. At a later meeting the seconds decided upon the rendezvous.

The proces-verbal then proceeds to describe the encounter. It says that in the first assault Prince Henri was hit in the right breast, though the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue. On the strength of the report of the doctors the seconds decided that the combat must go on.

The second assault was stopped, because the combatants came into close quarters.

In the third assault the Count of Turin was hit in the back of the right hand, but the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue.

In the fourth assault the umpire, Major Leontieff, declared that the sword of Prince Henri was bent and stopped the engagement long enough to furnish his royal highness with a new weapon. In the fifth assault the combatants again got into close quarters and were immediately stopped. Prince Henri, in a counter blow, being hit in the right lower region of the abdomen. The doctors on both sides examined the wound and declared that Prince Henri was rendered by it clearly inferior to his antagonist. Major Leontieff and M. Mourichon proposed that the combat be stopped, and this was done by common accord. While his wound was being dressed, Prince Henri, raising himself upon the ground, extended his hand to the Count of Turin, saying, "Allow me, monseigneur, to shake hands with you." The count extended his hand.

The physicians present were Drs. Teupet and Hartmann on behalf of Prince Henri and Dr. Carle on behalf of the Count of Turin. This account of the fighting was signed by the seconds.

The details of the duel show that the encounter was very sharp and determined. Immediately on the crossing of swords Prince Henri vigorously pressed his adversary. The Count of Turin retreated to the limit of the ground, and then resuming the offensive touched his opponent. The third and fourth assaults ended in long engagements within guard. The Temps says that the wound in the abdomen of Prince Henri is serious, but not alarming. Had the Count of Turin's steel gone half a centimetre deeper the intestines would have been perforated.

After his wound has received a preliminary dressing Prince Henri walked to his carriage unaided.

The Count of Turin, accompanied by his seconds, left Paris for Italy yesterday afternoon. He was not experiencing any special distress from his wound.

The seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans were M. De Leontieff, governor general of the equatorial provinces of Abyssinia, and M. Raoul Mourichon. The Count of Turin's were General Count Avagadro Di Quinto and the Marquis Carlo Di Ginori.

JOY AT ROME.

Rome, Aug. 16.—The news of the result of the duel was received here with the greatest enthusiasm. Crowds filled the streets, cheering for the Count of Turin and the army and calling upon the bands in the public squares to play the royal hymn.

SQUADRON INCREASED.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 16.—The largest fleet of warships ever gathered in this once famous harbor, and even in any harbor on the New England coast, is here now. Yesterday morning the squadron was joined by the battleship Iowa and cruisers Texas and Brooklyn, which came over from Cape Cod during the night. Admiral Sicard demonstrated that there was water enough in this harbor to float all the vessels, and they were anchored inside. This made each vessel easy of access, and all day crowds of sightseers thronged the decks. The fleet will sail tonight for Portland.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Joseph A. Desrosiers of J. L. Chalifoux's, and Mrs. Hubert Bissonnette and Miss Eva Bissonnette started Sunday night for a three weeks' trip to Lanvrale, P. Q.

Miss Nora Maguire and Miss Nora Lynch will spend their vacation at Woburn Centre as the guests of Miss Lizzie Calnin.

Mr. Ezra E. Mansur of the firm of Mansur & Donovan, and his wife and daughter Harriet, are enjoying a few weeks' sojourn at Conord, N. H.

The Misses Ella Murphy and Nellie Scanlan are visiting friends in Fitchburg and before returning will visit points of interest in Leominster, Shirley, and Ayer. They will be home September 1.

C. H. Dempsey left last night to join the May Irwin company.

Misses Nora Lynch and Nora Mcguire are visiting friends in Woburn.

Charles R. Hadley and wife will spend the next two weeks at Bethlehem, N. H.

James H. Dunphy leaves today for Old Orchard where he will join a party of friends.

Mr. G. G. Cook of the firm of Cook, Taylor & Co., and Mr. Fred Billingsley, have gone to Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Monday Mr. George W. Patten, of the firm of Patten & Roberts, florists, and Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus A. Patten of Tewksbury, leave for Providence, R. I., to attend the annual convention of the Society of American Florists.

Mr. James Syme Hastings, with the O'Donnell and Gilbride company, leaves tomorrow for Terra Bonne, P. Q., to be gone two weeks. He will also visit the Thousand Islands and other places of interest on the St. Lawrence river.

Frank J. Morissey, the local runner, won second position in the quarter mile event at the races of the Working Boys' Home at Boston Saturday. There were 800 starters in the race.

Mr. Timothy O'Sullivan and Mr. Charles F. Harrington of the firm of O'Sullivan Brothers, have gone on a two weeks' sojourn at Old Orchard, Mt. Desert, and Bar Harbor.

Mr. John F. Flynn of O'Sullivan Bros.' shoe store will spend his vacation at York beach.

Mr. T. J. Caskin and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carley, and the Misses Sarah Caskin and Annie Clark of this city, and Miss Agnes Stahem of Lawrence left for a two weeks' sojourn at Wellfleet, Mass., today.

CLOUDS ON SPAIN'S HORIZON.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—The political horizon is menacing. Senor Romero Robledo has publicly declared in favor of the retention of Captain General Weyler and against any reconciliation with the dissident conservatives. It is expected that this will upset the plans of the conservative party and of the court, and will compel the queen regent to summon the Liberals.

CANOVAS' ASSASSIN TRIED.

Vergara, Spain, Aug. 16.—Michael Angiolillo, alias "Golli," was tried here yesterday by court martial for the murder of Senor Canovs Del Castillo at the baths of Santa Agueda on the 8th inst. The sentence of the court will not be divulged until it has been confirmed by the supreme council of war.

Bristol, Vt., Aug. 16.—Dora E. Cushman, the 15-year-old girl of Dr. A. J. Cushman of Lincoln, was found dead in a pasture near her father's house yesterday by a searching party which had been out all night. The girl went blackberrying Saturday afternoon, and when she did not return search was made. Arthur Cushman, the girl's brother, found the body, and an autopsy will be held to determine the cause of death. There are suspicious circumstances attending the death, and the disappearance of a young man from town is believed to have something to do with it.

Alfred Packer, convicted of killing five companions who were lost in the mountains with him in 1878 and eating their flesh and sentenced at Denver to the penitentiary for 40 years, has applied for a pardon. He claims that four of his companions were killed by the fifth, who had become crazy, and that he shot the madman dead as the latter was rushing toward him with a hatchet.

CITY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The democratic city committee will meet at 8 o'clock tonight in Jackson hall, to take action on the death of the late secretary, John F. Tully. Treasurer Owens has ordered a nice floral offering from "Dick" Griffths.

TO CONVEY WRITING.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH WILL SEND FAC-SIMILES OF LETTERS BY WIRE.

A Wealthy Company Will Introduce Professor Gray's Wonderful Invention Shortly—The Instrument Can Also Transmit Outline Sketches of Faces, Buildings, Etc.

Since the invention of the telephone and its adoption for general use, no rival has entered the field for years.

Now the rival is here at last, backed by practically unlimited capital.

It is called the telautograph and renders possible the transmission of handwriting, in facsimile, by wire with the same facility that the voice is carried by the telephone.

The instrument is now almost ready for the market and is in the hands of the Gray National Telautograph company, with General T. M. Logan president, John W. Johnston general manager and W. H. Eckert general superintendent.

General Superintendent Eckert is the brother of President Eckert of the Western Union Telegraph company, and was the first man in the country to establish and direct the Bell telephone. He is fully conversant with all the possibilities inherent in the new instrument. He and the other officials of the company are now establishing companies and the new system in adjacent small towns and cities to demonstrate the possibilities of the telautograph before bringing it into New York city. In this manner they expect to demonstrate the facts. They claim that it is self registering and that the person addressed, if absent, will find the message on his return.

It works noiselessly so that messages cannot be overheard.

It cannot be tapped so as to intercept or steal a message.

It is not affected by induction or leakage.

It is simple and easily kept in order.

The invention had its birth in the fertile brain of Professor Elisha Gray, late chief of the electrical congress held during the World's Columbian exposition.

When Professor Gray first completed his apparatus and invention, with which he contemplated entering the field against the telephone, he was handicapped by the great expense. It was at first necessary to use four wires, and the expense of operating was just double that of operating the telephone. This fact withdrew it from the field for a time as a possible rival.

Now, however, the invention is completed to such an extent that two wires only are necessary. Today the telautograph is operated upon the same lines as the telephone. The conditions are the same as to wires, switchboards and the concomitants.

The sender writes his message on the tablet affixed to the transmitting instrument and a stylographic pen on the receiving instrument at the other end of the line duplicates every stroke of the sender's pencil, not forgetting the lifting and returning to dot an "i" or cross a "t," every motion being recorded exactly on the tablet of the receiving instrument.

In its general principle the mechanism is very simple. Two fine cords run from the sender's pencil around drums on either side of the tablet. The string is kept taut by a light spring on the drum shaft. Thus every motion of the pencil causes one or both of the drums to rotate. On the receiving instrument are two similar drums, which by a series of electrical impulses are forced to rotate in unison with those on the sending instrument. The cords wound on the drums of the receiver are each joined by an aluminium rod, which is forced outward by a spring as far back as the slack of the cord will allow. In this manner the winding or unwinding of the cords on the drums of the receiving instrument causes a stylographic pen at the junction of the two aluminium rods to follow every horizontal motion of the pencil at the distant end of the line.

The next necessity to effect is the touching of the pen point to the paper only where the pencil touches it. To effect this the tablet in which the sender writes has an exceedingly small vertical movement. When pressed down by the pencil in writing, a circuit is formed, which allows the recording pen at the farther end of the line to drop the paper. The circuit is broken when the pen is lifted from the paper, and the pen on the receiving instrument is lifted above the tablet, so that no matter what horizontal movement the pencil makes, such as dotting an "i" or crossing a "t" the pen will follow the movement without marking the paper.

The current necessary to operate the instrument is exactly the same as that required by telephone and no difficulty is experienced in working over long distances or in working as many instruments as are required in one circuit.

Records on both instruments are made on continuous rolls of paper about five inches wide. At the end of the line the sender raises the paper mechanically for the next line by pushing a lever, which operates the tablet at both ends of the line. The writing is fine or large according to the capacity of the stylographic pen.

Not only is it possible to transmit handwriting by this wonderful instrument, but outline sketches of faces, figures or buildings can be accurately recorded on the receiving tablet.

One of the chief uses of the instrument will be found in the transmission of messages where absolute accuracy is important, such as the sending of train orders or communications between the different departments of large mercantile or manufacturing establishments. Physicians, who will not telephone or telegraph prescriptions for fear that a slight error might result in the loss of life, will be able to transmit prescriptions without fear of their going astray as regards ingredients.

The invention has made such an impression upon several judges of the supreme court that one of them has declared unhesitatingly that he would admit as evidence the writing recorded upon a receiving tablet of a telautograph.

Exchanges will be established similar to those in use by the telephone companies at no extra cost to the subscriber. No attendant is needed to look after the receiving instrument, and other defects of telephone and telegraphic systems are overcome.

The telautograph can be locked in a desk, and when the owner comes to the office the next morning he will find autograph messages awaiting him on the tablet.—New York Journal.

TALKED WITH A GHOST.

Professor Dolbeare of Tufts Relates a Strange Experience.

Professor A. E. Dolbeare of Tufts college, who is well known as an electrical expert, says he has not only seen a ghost, but has conversed with it. He says it proved its identity to him by performing a peculiar trick with its shadowy fingers that no other ghost could have done. Professor Dolbeare's story reached the ears of the Society For Psychical Research, and he is a marked man from this time on.

Professor Dolbeare recently returned to Boston from Eliot, Me., where the convention of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers was held in honor of Moses G. Farmer, one of the pioneer inventors in the field of electricity. During many years of his life Mr. Farmer lived at Bitter Sweet, a homestead place, where he died a few years ago and where his daughter, Miss Sarah J. Farmer, still lives. Miss Farmer entertained Professor Dolbeare, and during his visit he slept in a room somewhat noted locally as the "room of the seven doors."

"Let me tell you something about that room," said Professor Dolbeare, "or rather about something that happened to me there. I had been talking of Farmer with his daughter in the evening, and when I turned in I was thinking of him. How long I lay there before sleeping, or whether I went to sleep at all, I do not know, but presently I was conscious of some presence in the room. A moment later I saw Farmer standing by the bed. At least I recognized the figure as that of Farmer, and I was surprised, but I do not recall that I was very much startled. 'Hello!' he said or something of that sort, a salutation, at all events. I replied in kind and said, 'Who are you?' 'I am Farmer,' was the answer, and he held out his hand to me.

"I shook hands with him, and I thought as I did so that the fingers felt a little cold. I released the hand and was thinking about the matter while considering what next to say. When I looked up, he was gone. If I was awake at the time, I fell asleep again. At any rate, I let the matter pass, though somewhat puzzled, but very soon I found the figure was again standing by the bed. I do not know that I doubted it was Farmer, but I thought I would make certain, so I said:

" 'How shall I know you are Farmer?'

" 'I will show you my hand,' he said. In the dark I saw he was holding out his hand that I might see it, but I was determined to take nothing for granted, so I said:

" 'But how shall I know it is Farmer's hand?'

" 'I'll show you my finger,' he replied, and then he crooked up one of the fingers in such a peculiar way that I tried to imitate him. I could not do it without the assistance of the other hand, and while I was trying to perform the little trick the figure disappeared. I puzzled over the vision, or dream, or what you choose, for some time, but then I once more went to sleep—if I had been awake—and I saw nothing more of the figure. In the morning I told Miss Farmer of my experience, to her very great interest. When I came to the trick of the fingers, she looked at me, astonished.

" 'That,' she said when illustrated as best I could, 'was a favorite little trick of my father. Few people could do it.'

"It appears," Professor Dolbeare concluded, "that whenever Farmer met a person to whom he took a liking, when the acquaintance came to an informal footing, it was his way to hold out his hand, crooking his finger in the way I have shown you, to say, 'Can you do that?' It was a little thing perhaps, but peculiar to the man. We all have minor characteristics by which we may be known."—New York Sun.

Canovas and the World's Fair.

Major Fred Brackett, appointment clerk of the treasury department, was in Spain in 1891 representing the World's fair. He spent three months there and retains a pleasant impression of Prime Minister Canovas, who was assassinated recently. Senor Canovas was then at the head of the Spanish ministry, and Mr. Brackett found it necessary to see the minister and ask his co-operation in arousing the Spaniards to the importance of an exhibit at the great fair. "I found Senor Canovas attractive, courteous and agreeable," said Major Brackett the other day. "He fully coincided with my plans, and in a short time after my interview with the prime minister the cortes made an appropriation. After this I made a visit to the provinces of Spain, having previously asked the minister for letters of introduction to the governors. These he quickly gave, not postponing the matter, as is the Spanish custom with nearly everything. On reaching the provinces I found that Senor Canovas had sent personal letters to the governors commending my project and asking every assistance. The result was that my visit was successful and pleasant. The minister was full of enterprise. He was one of the most pleasant men I ever met."—New York Tribune.

NOT TO PAY ROYALTIES.

Canada Will Not Charge Ten Per Cent on Klondike Gold.

The Canadian government has abandoned its scheme to compel miners going into the Klondike diggings to pay a royalty of from 10 to 15 per cent upon all gold mined by them. The announcement that such an attempt would be made called forth vehement protests from the politicians and business men of the northwest and Pacific coast, who realized that under existing conditions such a policy could only lead to serious trouble and probably bloodshed.

The storekeepers of British Columbia are too busy just now compelling prospectors to buy in British territory or pay duty to consent to any policy which would cause further irritation. Frank Oliver, a member of parliament for Alberta, put the case against the taxation scheme strongly before the government. In a memorial to the ministry he said:

"There is only one good point about this proposition—namely, that it is so preposterous that it will never have any effect under the circumstances and conditions which exist in the Yukon, and, probably, if the authorities ever look into the matter they will realize this before making the attempt to collect such a royalty. If the diggings are not rich, this tax would either be impossible or it will prevent mining, and if they are rich it would simply bring on a fight in a region which, all things considered, Canada could not expect to rule by main force except at a cost that would be much greater than the profit."—New York Sun.

Work by a Woman Astronomer.

The abstruse calculations of the ephemeris of the sun for 1901 and half of the calculations for 1902 have just been completed for The Nautical Almanac by a handsome young married woman, the mother of four little daughters.

This woman is Mrs Elizabeth Preston Davis of Washington, who since 1858 has been engaged in astronomical work of this sort. She has also computed the orbits of the new comets discovered at the Lick observatory and has calculated for the use of Professor Simon Newcombe the perturbative functions of Mars and Jupiter and of the earth and all the planets whose orbits are inside that of Jupiter, says the New York World.

This remarkable fact is a reminder that several American women have attained pre-eminence in this science. The more notable of these are Elizabeth Preston Davis, recently a graduate student of Johns Hopkins university; Miss Charlotte Angus Scott of Bryn Mawr, and Mrs. Christine Ladd Franklin, who took the course necessary to secure the degree of Ph. D. at Johns Hopkins, making mathematics her specialty, and who would have received the degree with distinction but for the fact that she wore petticoats instead of trousers.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Anton Seidl and Dvorak Meet.

Anton Seidl, after his successful appearance as a Wagner leader at the Baireuth festival, paid a visit to his friend Antonin Dvorak, the great Bohemian composer, whose acquaintance he made in New York city when Dr. Dvorak was head of Mrs. Thurber's National conservatory. In the course of Dvorak's "American exile," as he has been heard to call it, he and Seidl were in the habit of meeting at a certain Viennese coffeehouse on Broadway, where over their coffee and cigars they discussed American and European musical matters and frowned at the musical critics who occasionally came to disturb their peace by maladroit requests for interviews. Thus these two inherently dissimilar men became fast friends and soon made common cause against their many detractors and would be rivals.

A BIG FISH.

Edward Cahill, Peter Davey, George Nawn, and J. Gallagher went fishing in Boston harbor yesterday, and Mr. Cahill caught a codfish which, when dressed, weighed 16 pounds.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Aug. 6, 11 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Aug. 20, 10 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Sept. 3, 9 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Sept. 17, 8 a. m.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00. Steerage, $23.50.
Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $25.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell

Auction Sale of Bakery and Contents
64 Lakeview avenue, Thursday, August 5th, 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m. Portable Oven, Kneading Through, Show Cases, Ice Chest, Baking Pans and all the other goods situated therein.
DONOVAN & MANSUR'S
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Colonel James R. Haskell, the inventor of the famous multi-charge gun, died at Passaic, N. J., yesterday.

Henry D. Jones, 38, of Quincy Point, was found dead at his sister's house in Robury, Mass., yesterday morning, having committed suicide by inhaling gas.

James Coffey, aged 39, committed suicide in South Boston by cutting his throat last evening. He had a family in Sharon. Ill health and loss of work were the causes that led to the act.

Brown cottage at Plum Island, Me., occupied by a Mr. Taylor, his wife and daughter, burned last night. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were seriously burned, and the latter's injuries will prove fatal.

A race war broke out at Little Rock, Ark., yesterday over an attempt by a deputy sheriff to arrest a negro. Three men, two colored and one white, were killed, another fatally wounded and two badly hurt.

Charles Kraft of San Francisco made a new bicycle mark for 20 miles yesterday. With the assistance of six tandems he covered the triangular course in 48:56, lowering McDonnell's world's records by 2 seconds.

Senator G. Costa, Italian minister of justice, is dead. Shortly before he expired he sent a touching deathbed telegram of farewell to King Humbert. Marquis Di Rudini, the premier, will temporarily assume the portfolio.

The body of Charles L. Wardwell, who, while temporarily deranged, escaped from his attendants at Winterport, Me., and fled to the woods Thursday morning, was found in a vacant lot near his home yesterday. He died from exhaustion and exposure.

The tactics of Germany in the peace negotiations and the continual delays of Tewfik Pasha are producing a good deal of agitation at Athens in favor of an appeal by the government to the nation to continue the war with Turkey by means of an obligatory loan.

The grand parade of the Pawnee Bill Wild West show will occur here on Wednesday morning next.

The members of the Bohemian boat club and lady friends will enjoy a sail on the river, Thursday night.

The liquor inspectors made a seizure yesterday from Annie Powland, No. 20 Howe street, and Naciese Duclas, No. 457 Market street.

First class printing at this office.

SUITS SHIRTS

We wish everybody to feel they have a special invitation to run in to this sale. Never before have such values been offered. Not in the next ten years can they be paralleled. Come any time.

O'Hearn & Dowd
SERVANTS OF THE PEOPLE.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.
12 JOHN STREET.

It Was ▬▬▬
But Now It Is Only ▬▬

The above is a figurative representation of the reductions in prices we have made. We are nearing Stock-taking and are determined to reduce our stock. Prices less than half.

Shirt Waists.
All new, this season's make.

Prices,	25c.	49c.	75c.	98c.
Reduced from	49c.	98c.	$1.75	$2.25.

The balance of our high grade Waists, in Muslins, Batiste, Silk, Mulle, etc., marked at less than one-half.

Wrappers.
49c. Percale Wrappers, neat style, regular price $1, now 49c.
75c. Fine Print Wrappers, thoroughly fast colors, regular price $1.50, now 75c.

Linen Skirts.
A complete line of Linen Skirts, well made and of fine quality, 75c., 98c., $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75, reduced from $1.25 to $3.50.

Tailor-Made Suits
80 New Tailor-Made Suits at remarkably low prices. These suits are made up for early Fall wear, and later will cost twice the price. See them at $5.95, $6.95, $7.50 and $9.75.

Jackets.
Our entire line of Jackets marked down to about one-third their real value.

Capes.
To close out the balance of our Capes we have marked them 98c., $1.25, $1.98, $2.98 and $4.95, worth from $2.75 to $8.75 each.
Call and see them.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on
Joseph J. Johnson,
328 SUFFOLK STREET.
Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

OUR BAKERY
Wholesome home cooking, none but the best and freshest ingredients are used. Loaf Bread, Tea Rolls and Pastry fresh every afternoon. Brown Bread and Baked Beans every Saturday. Parties supplied at the shortest notice.

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Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET
Tel 144-4 Wamesit Bank Block

Klondyke The Gold Fields of Alaska
A booklet containing practical information how to reach the gold fields, what to wear, also most minute details regarding Klondyke. PRICE 25 CENTS by mail. J. E. SMITH & CO., Mining Information Bureau, 175 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY
Boarding and Day School,
LOWELL, MASS.
WILL BEGIN ITS 45TH YEAR SEPTEMBER 7TH, 1897.
This school continues the thorough work in English, Science, Classics, Music and Art, for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. Difference of Religion will not be regarded in admission of Pupils.
For further particulars, apply at the Academy or by letter to the Superior.

MANLY VIGOR
Restored in young, old or middle-aged men. Night losses, drains and emissions cease at once. The Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Lost Manhood, Atrophy, Undevelopment, all Diseases and Weaknesses of Man, from whatever cause, permanently and privately cured by the use of **CURED** The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills. This famous, magical medicine will do away with the mental tortures patients suffer from, and instead of flabby nerves, will give you nerves of steel and a confident, buoyant nature. The pills used by THE OLD Doctor since 1848, and with universal success. Price $1 per box. Pills sent by mail, closely sealed, in plain wrapper, on receipt of price. Full direction, showing what to eat and what not to eat and other valuable information sent with each order for pills.
We prepare our Electric Pills on an accumulated medical experience of over 40 years, and we warrant them to cure. We sell them at a price within the reach of all men. We have no free prescriptions, free cures or C. O. D. methods. We employ no agents. Beware of so-called Free cures and prescriptions, for you will be disappointed, but instead, pay $1 for genuine medicine like The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills, prepared by a reliable old established institution.
Located Over Forty Years at
110 COURT STREET, BOSTON.
To inquiring minds and sincere seekers after health, we will send our valuable medical book of 64 pages. Describes anatomy of the generative organs, gives chapters on blood poison, lost vigor, stricture and all diseases of men; many valuable prescriptions and other information included. Shows you how a cure [illegible] be obtained secretly and at home. Sent [illegible] with list of questions, free, on application to
Hallock Medical Institute,
110 COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 27, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.46, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.80, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.31, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, 11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, 11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 6.30, 12.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.28 a. m., 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 2.20 p. m. July 5 to Sept. 17 inclusive.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 6.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 6.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 6.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a. m., 6.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 6.10 p. m., (6.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (via steamer), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones, from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays 6.10 p. m.
(Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 27, 1897, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, 6.43, 7.15, 8.55, 10.15, 10.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.10, 3.00, 4.25, 6.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.44, 6.28, 6.48, 7.05, 7.21, 7.33, 7.48, 7.51, 7.57, 9.19, 9.30, 11.03, 11.47 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, 3.02, 3.41, 4.02, 4.26, 5.22, 5.49, 6.22, 7.19, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 1.25, 4.25, 5.48, 9.19 a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 5.28, 7.03, 7.23, 7.48, 11.03 a.m.; 1.43, 4.26, 6.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.45 a. m., 4.25, 5.58 p. m.
*Note—Express. †Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.25, 10.00 a. m.; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.33 a. m.; 1.23, 4.25 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 3.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.18, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 5.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.41, 9.13, 9.45, 10.09 a. m.; 12.00, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.40, 6.30, 8.19, 9.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.06 a. m., 2.00, 6.05, 8.10, 9.40 p. m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.40 a. m.; 12.09, 1.40, 5.45, 13.19 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.; 3.41 p. m., Saturday only till August 8th, inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.40 a. m.; 1.54, 8.40 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.40 a. m.; 12.09, 13.19 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.40 a. m.; 13.49 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54, 3.40 p. m., daily except Sunday.
[illegible] Daily for Montreal.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Sugar [illegible]
Try our "BIG TWELVE" flour, the best in the city.

EMERALDS LOST

Mathews Finally Got After Them

AND WALLOPED THEM 24 TO 8

Twohey the Star Player of the Game.

Outside of the playing of Twohey of the Mathews at the Fair Grounds, Saturday, there was nothing to enthuse over, for the game was one of the most tiresome ever played. The Emeralds particularly the crack players, Ganley and Connors, were way off. The former couldn't field and the latter couldn't pitch, simply throwing what the youngsters call "coaxers." Eagle Donovan was rattled, too, something unusual, while McGuane's errors were excusable, being made through his efforts to spoil hits. Twohey played magnificently for the Mathews, playing a short field. He turned a base hit into a put out, and later in the game made a circus catch. His batting was fine. The Mathews played Clifford and Babb of the Mt. Washingtons of Everett and they did effective work. Mr. J. Mahoney umpired well and the attendance was large. After the game, Manager Donovan of the Emeralds challenged the Mats to play them a game with the same team for from $100 to $500 a side. The score:

MATHEWS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Roche, 2b	4	1	1	3	4	3	1
Nestor, ss	4	3	1	1	1	4	1
Allard, 1	5	3	2	2	1	0	0
Vaughn, 3b	4	4	3	4	2	2	1
Thornton, 1b	6	3	3	6	12	0	0
Ledwidge, m	6	2	1	1	2	0	3
Twohey, r	6	5	4	6	2	1	0
Babb, c	6	1	2	4	3	1	0
Clifford, p	5	2	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	45	21	18	27	27	14	

EMERALDS.

	ab	r	b	tb	po	a	e
Ganley, 1	3	2	1	1	1	0	3
Den. Murphy, m	5	0	0	0	3	0	1
Dan Murphy, r, c	5	2	2	4	6	2	0
McGuane, 2b	5	1	2	2	1	0	3
Castles, 2b	5	1	2	3	4	1	1
Donovan, ss	5	1	1	1	1	8	3
Garrigan, 1b	3	0	1	1	5	1	0
Farley, c, r	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Connors, p	4	1	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	39	8	10	12	24	10	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mathews	6	6	2	0	1	0	1	0	x—24
Emeralds	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2—8

Earned runs—Emeralds 3, Mathews 5. Two base hits—Twohey 2, Thornton. Three base hit—Thornton, Babb, Roche Dan Murphy. Stolen bases—Twohey, Ganley, McGuane, Connors. Double play—Nestor to Roche to Thornton. Bases on balls—By Connors 8, by Clifford 3. Hit by pitched ball—Roche, Vaughn. Struck out—By Connors 7, by Clifford, 3. Wild pitch—Connors. Time—2h. 30m. Umpire—M. J. Mahoney. Attendance—1200.

STANDING OF CLUBS AND GAMES YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston	54	30	.651
Baltimore	60	30	.667
Cincinnati	59	32	.619
New York	54	30	.600
Cleveland	50	44	.532
Chicago	47	51	.480
Pittsburg	43	51	.462
Louisville	43	54	.443
Philadelphia	42	53	.443
Brooklyn	38	54	.413
Washington	37	55	.402
St. Louis	26	72	.265

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Newport	56	26	.683
Brockton	51	30	.630
Pawtucket	42	42	.500
Fall River	36	46	.433
Taunton	34	50	.405
New Bedford	29	54	.349

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto	56	36	.608
Buffalo	59	39	.602
Syracuse	57	40	.583
Springfield	50	38	.568
Providence	47	45	.511
Scranton	39	45	.464
Montreal	31	59	.344
Wilkesbarre	25	63	.284

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland .....0 4 3 4 0 2 0 0—13
St. Louis .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3
Batteries—Powell and Zimmer; Lucid and Douglass.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—3
Chicago .....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Batteries—Rhines and Vaughn; Briggs and Kittredge.

At Providence—
Providence .....0 1 1 0 3 0 1 0 0—6
Springfield .....0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0—5
Batteries—Braun and Egan; Kerwan and Dunean.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo .....0 4 2 0 0 0 0 2 0—8
Toronto .....1 0 3 0 0 0 0 6 0—10
Batteries—McPartland and Zahner; Taylor, Gaston and Snyder.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse .....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 —3
Montreal .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries—Willis and Ryan; Becker and McNamara.

SOUTH ENDS DEFEATED.

The South Ends last Saturday were defeated in their game against the Elms.

About 1000 persons witnessed the hotly contested game on the South common, when the Elms succeeded in defeating the South Ends by a score of 24 to 16 and winning $25 also. The game was characterized by heavy hitting, both pitchers coming in for a full share of it. The South Ends played a listless game, Reagan being the only man who played the game properly, while the Elms played with a snap and vigor that landed them the victory. The score by innings:

Elms ..... 3 0 2 1 3 3 2 0 0—24
South Ends ..... 0 0 0 2 5 3 2 3 1—16

Batteries—Niland and Vendette; Fratus, Coughlin and Fitzpatrick. Umpire—Michael Kane. Time of game—2h. 35 m.

COLLINSVILLES, 20; ECHOES, 8.

The Echoes got a severe drubbing Saturday afternoon, being defeated by the Collinsvilles, 20 to 8. The Collinsvilles outfielded their opponents at every point. The game was a good one. The Belvidere boys had three different pitchers in the box, all being hit hard. Leary and Horman made home runs. The score:

Collinsvilles, 20; Echoes, 8.

Struck out—By Leary 7; by Dowd 5; by Panton 2. Bases on balls—off Leary 6; off Dowd, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Smith Mansfield, Scully. Wild pitches—Dowd 2; Leary 1. Umpire—John J. McCarthy of Lowell.

NO GAME AT MOUNTAIN ROCK.

The game scheduled at Mountain Rock between the Burkes and the Y.M.C.I.'s Saturday afternoon was not played. Only two or three members of the Y.M.C.I. team showed up, it is said, and the game was consequently declared off.

CLOVER CLUB

HAD A GREAT TIME AT THE PICNIC.

The Clover club had a big time at the annual picnic at Nahnasset Saturday afternoon. Six hundred took part in the outing, and enjoyed the bouting, swinging and a fine program of sports.

At base ball the Clovers toyed with the Granitevilles for five innings with the following result:

Clovers..... 1 0 9 0 1—11
Granitevilles..... 0 0 1 0 0—1

Other sports resulted:

100-yard dash—Won by Cunningham; Crowley second.

Running hop, step and jump—Cunningham 1st, Hoyle, 2d.

Running broad jump—Cunningham 1st; Crowley 2d.

President James J. Barrett of the Clover club was general manager.

Music for dancing was furnished by the Crescent orchestra, J. T. O'Connell director.

The committee on sports was: David Dixon, William O'Neil, John T. O'Connell.

OVERCOME BY HEAT

A PAWTUCKETVILLE BOY SUCCUMBED TO THE WEATHER.

While two boys residing on Dunphey street, Pawtucketville, were waiting for a car on Central street yesterday afternoon the younger of them was overcome by the heat and fell to the sidewalk. He was sent home.

CONTRACT AWARDED

FOR WORK ON VARNUM SCHOOL ADDITION

Acting Mayor "Charlie" Howe and Supt "Dick" Bray opened bids for work on the Varnum school addition Saturday evening, and awarded the contracts to the lowest bidders. The bids are as follows:

Carpenter work—E. G. Twohey, $8763; Whittet & McDonald, $8450; T. M. Atkley, $7757; W. H. Wiggin, $7683; C. P. Conant, who got the contract, $7357.

Plastering—S. D. Rutterworth, $3000; D. Moody Prescott, $2759; Thomas Kelly, $2100; James Meers, $2116; James Walker, $1975; James Walsh, who got the contract, $1875.

Brick work—J. Jalbert, $13,738; F. O. Willey, $12,561; J. H. Walker, $10,993; P. O'Hearn, $10,830; John Swett, $10,098; Dennis Kelly, $9990; Connors Bros., who got the contract, $9365.

Doors and frames—J. H. Huntley, $2310.70; Pratt & Forrest, $1812; Amasa Pratt, who got the contract, $1580.

Metal work—Daniel Cushing, $1151; H. H. Wilder, $1140; W. A. Mack, $1145; T. Costello, who got the contract, $1091.

Iron and steel work—Daniel Cushing, $2675; Chelmsford Iron foundry, $2670; Joel Knapp & Son, who got the contract, $2497.

Slating—T. L. Douglass, $981; Robert Goulding & Co., $803; James Burns who got the contract, $370.

Boiler for Pawtucketville school—Richard Dubbins, $188; Scannell & Wholey, who got the contract, $150.

HEALTH BULLETIN

ISSUED FOR THE MONTH OF JULY.

The Health bulletin for July shows that there were 171 deaths during the month. The place of death was: Ward one, 9; ward two, 27; ward three, 10; ward four, 14; ward five, 10, ward six, 22; ward seven, 48; ward eight, 15; ward nine, 10; almhouse, 1; Lowell hospital, 1; Lowell General hospital, 1; St. John's hospital, 6.

The contagious diseases reported were: Diphtheria, 1; scarlet fever, 5; measles, 21; typhoid fever, 3.

RETURNS FROM CORPORATIONS.

Lowell Blanchery, Eliot C. Clarke, treasurer.—Annual meeting July 13, 1897; certificate filed Aug. 3, 1897. Real estate and machinery, $158,712; capital stock, $100,000; cash and debts received, $61,637; debts, $140,000; manufactures and merchandise, $58,229; profit and loss, $18,588. Total, $358,788.

Hamilton Manufacturing company, Chas. B. Amory, treasurer—Annual meeting, July 8, 1897; certificate filed, Aug. 5, 1897. Real estate and buildings, $974,819; machinery, $925,151; cash and debts receivable, $1,449,151; manufactures and merchandise, $791,356; Mill No. 7, $3507; capital stock, $1,200,000; debts, $1,024,651; profit and loss, $100,149; reserve for depreciation, $479,754. Total, $3,811,597.

PAWNEE BILL AT LAKEVIEW.

Beginning today, Aug. 16, Pawnee Bill's historic Wild West show, with its great hippodrome, museum, and cosmopolitan celebrities will exhibit at Lakeview park. At the evening performance there will be enchanting scenes under the calcium lights, and grand pyrotechnic displays.

Y.M.C.I. TROLLEY PARTY.

On Thursday evening, Aug. 26, the members of the Y.M.C.I. of Centralville will treat themselves and their friends to a moonlight trolley party to Mountain Rock. The event of the evening in the way of sports will be a relay race between the Y.M.C.I. team and the Celtics.

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will give you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell, Mass.

Office hours: 8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

TWO DROWNED

In the Surf at Atlantic City

OWING TO THE UNDERTOW CAUSED BY STORM

One Struggled in View of 10,000 People.

Atlantic City, Aug. 16.—Two venturesome bathers were drowned in the surf here yesterday. They were Thomas C. Laswell, aged 21 years, of Princeton, Ind., and an unknown man supposed to be an excursionist from Philadelphia. Young Laswell came here yesterday on his first visit to the seashore. Laswell seemed to be unaware of the dangerous undertow and got beyond his depth. The life guards made a brave effort to save the drowning man, but the surf was so heavy that they were unable to reach him. Laswell struggled in the water for about 10 minutes in full view of about 10,000 people. The body afterwards came ashore. The second drowning occurred at about 3 o'clock, and the body had not come ashore up to a late hour last night. The surf was the heaviest of the season, owing to a gale which prevailed, and between 25 and 30 persons were rescued, many of them women.

CRISP GOSSIP

At the L. I. B. picnic at Lynn Wednesday, I heard a good story supposed to have originated at one of the meetings of the society years ago. It was told by an old timer, formerly of Lowell to a red hot L. I. B., the story teller winking at the rest of the party when his auditor was not looking.

"Some 25 years ago," he said, "there was internal trouble in the society, owing to the condition of the funds and it was decided to discuss the matter fully at a certain meeting. When the night of the meeting came about all the members were present, and it had hardly been called to order when one of the members jumped up and said: 'Mr. Chairman, I'm not much at making speeches, but I know this. There are mice in the pantry, there are mice in the treasury, and they are nibbling at our funds, Mr. Chairman.'

"'Mice, is it?' said another member, rising in an instant. 'It's not mice at all, but —— old rats, Mr. Chairman, and I move we set a trap for them right now.'"

CYCLING NEWS.

Edward B. Vickery of Centralville wants to ride John Baker a 10 or 15 mile road race.

It is expected that a number of Lowell riders will take part in the L. A. W. meet at Nashua, Aug. 28.

W. A. Chase won his trial heat in the 2.40 class at the Haverhill meet Saturday afternoon, in 2m. 28s. He came in second in the final heat.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Bartlett wheeled on their tandem to Crescent beach yesterday.

LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

When anything American is brought into competition with the productions of other countries, the patriotic citizens of this great republic generally pronounce an unhesitating verdict in favor of their own land. Fair-minded people who have witnessed the performances of the London Vaudeville Company, however, are of the opinion that native talent has a pretty close contest for supremacy with the foreign artists who have made their successes in the music halls of London, Paris, and Vienna. In this entertainment, which comes to Glen Forest Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 19th, 20th and 21st, the best attractions of the metropolian vaudeville theatres have been combined with the latest amusement novelties from abroad, the performance embracing the most laughable comedians, the sweetest singers, the most sensational acrobats and concortionists. As a means of comparison between the artistic merits of the old world and the new, it is interesting in the extreme, while as a performance of strikingly original and high-class characteristics, it stands without a peer in the realm of vaudeville today.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The democratic headquarters in the next campaign will be in the Hildreth building. Three rooms will be engaged for the work of the committee.

Fred. Markham of the Woolen spinners' union will be an active candidate for the democratic nomination in the common council in Ward 4.

It is announced that Daniel Lyons the well known stone mason, will be a candidate for the common council in Ward 2. Mr. Lyons has many friends in sympathy with the workingman, and should make a good run.

MR. DAY RESIGNED.

Mr. Charles Day, the well known employe of the No. 3 weave room of the Appleton mills has resigned his position, at which occasion he was made the recipient of a beautiful watch chain and charm by the employes of that room. The presentation speech was made by Mr. James Arthur.

GANNON WON THE CUP.

Members of C Company shot for the Parker Cup at the Dracut range Saturday afternoon with the result that Private Gannon won it. The scores:

Lieut. Colby .....5 4 5 4 4 4 5 5 4—41
Priv. Hahn .....5 4 4 5 5 5 5 4 4—45
Corp. Sanders .....4 5 4 4 4 4 4 5 4—42
Priv. Gannon .....5 5 4 5 5 5 5 4 4—46

SKETCHMAKERS DINE.

The Sketchmakers' association of the Lawrence district a union of manufacturing sketchmakers and engravers, held its semi-annual banquet Saturday night at the New City hotel, Manchester. The Lowell men present were: James A. Fraser, Albert Smith, Manfred Gulline and Arthur Hope.

OFF FOR NEW YORK.

Martin Flaherty left for New York city last night, where he will assist in training Austin Rice, who expects to fight Sammy Kelly shortly. There is no truth in the report that Flaherty was to box Downey tonight.

BUNTING CRICKETERS

DEFEATED THE CRACK ELEVEN OF BOSTON.

The U. S. Bunting cricket team defeated the Zingaris of Boston on the South common Saturday afternoon, 65 to 56. The game was exciting from start to finish, and there were some fine plays. Burns played a magnificent game, taking four wickets for eight runs. Orton had a most deceptive curve. The Buntings won the toss and took the bat. The score:

U. S. BUNTING.

D. Hird, b Keene	16
J. Smith, c Draper, b Orton	19
W. Gath, c Orton, b Keene	1
J. Comber, b Orton	8
J. Patrick, b Keene	2
M. Burns, c Keene, b Orton	0
M. Meikiejohn, b Orton	1
W. Bingley, not out	0
J. Farrell, b Orton	15
T. Houghton, b Orton	0
M. Mitchell, b Orton	0
Extras	2
Total	66

ZINGARIS.

Draper, b Hird	9
Caesar, run out	2
T. Maginnis, caught out, b Smith	2
J. Keene, b Smith	11
T. Orton, run out	5
C. Maginnis, b Burns	2
R. Turner, b Burns	2
Jolliffe, not out	13
Robinson, b Burns	2
Hamburger, run out	3
R. Firth, caught out, b Burns	0
Extras	7
Total	56

A DRAWN GAME.

The North Billericas and Methuens played a drawn game on the Billerica grounds Saturday afternoon.

For the Billericas, Bradstreet and Tinker were the only ones to reach double figures, while Whitehead took 7 wickets for 14 runs, and Hutchinson 3 for 17. Hogson did good work with the bat for the visitors, piling up 21 before he was bowled by Whitehead. The score:

NORTH BILLERICA.

Hutchinson, b Wade	2
Garner, b Barnshaw	0
Broadbent, b Bretherick	11
Tinker, run out	12
Nelson, b Tetley	3
Whitehead, b Tetley	0
Heap, c Fernean, b Bretherick	0
Stevenson, b Bretherick	0
Radcliffe, not out	4
Hasham, b Tetley	6
Brown, c Tetley, b Bretherick	0
Extras	2
Total	40

METHUEN

Wade, b Whitehead	1
Barnshaw, b Whitehead	0
Bamber, c Brown, b Whitehead	0
Hamer, c Stevenson, b Whitehead	6
Hodgson, b Whitehead	21
Fernean, b Whitehead	0
Tetley, c Hutchinson	0
Bretherick, b Whitehead	1
Bastow, b Hutchinson	0
Whittaker, b Hutchinson	7
Clark, not out	1
Extras	3
Total	40

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

Population, 87,000; total deaths, 45; deaths under five, 26; infectious diseases, 2; acute lung diseases, 1; typhoid fever, 1; diphtheria, 0; scarlet fever, 0; croup, membraneous, 0; measles, 0; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 1; death rate, 26.0 against 23.9 and 22.1 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 6; scarlet fever, 2; diphtheria, 1; membraneous croup, 0; measles, 1.

CHIEF HOSMER ATTENDS.

Chief Hosmer left today to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Fire Chiefs, which meets at New Haven, Conn., tomorrow. He will be absent until the latter part of the week, during which time First Assistant Norton will be acting chief.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, AUGUST 14th.

6—Mary Weston, 5, cer. hemorrhage.
Felix Davis, 8 mos., chol. inft.
7—Samuel Farron, 84, senile debility.
Catherine Murphy, 74, valvular heart disease.
Harry B. Chamberlin, 26, blood poisoning.
Timothy J. Dean, 7 mos., meningitis.
Francista Jugues, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Josephine Gauthier, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Francois Duchesne, 3 days, debility.
John W. Kelley, 1 day, infantile.
8—William J. Clark, 38, accidental drowning.
Unknown man, 30, railroad accident
Alfred Thellen, 5, meningitis.
Marie A. Bournasa, 7 mos., chol. inft.
Marie A. Cote, 4 mos., chol. inft.
9—Bridget Whalen, 67, intestinal obstruction.
Mary Cary, 64, dysentery.
Marie L. Willett, disease of liver.
Susie A. Abel, 33, tuberculosis of lungs.
Timothy Maroney, 26, accidental drowning.
Amanda Carpenter, 22, congestion of lungs.
Bertram M. Goulet, 1, dentition.
10—Honore Pelletier, 74, pleurisy.
Henry C. Boulger, 24, heart disease.
Fred A. Wilkins, 1, meningitis.
11—James H. Bradley, 46, apoplexy.
Oscar F. Hirsch, 32, typhoid fever.
Stanley G. Hat, 1, spinal meningitis
Patrick F. Mulligan, 1, chol. inft.
Charles A. Driere, 10 mos., chol. inft.
John Moltro, 9 mos., enteritis.
Edith Stewart, 7 mos., chol. inft.
Alfred Briere, 5 mos. chol. inft.
William T. Arnold, 5 mos., enteritis.
Charlotte Bradbury, 2 mos., chol. inft.
Mary E. Wood, 2 mos., chol. inft.
Leo Shunley, 3 mos., cer. hemorrhage.
Maria F. Horne, 1 mo., chol. inft.
Alexandre Philippe, 16 days, meningitis.
12—Louise Dumais, 46, heart disease.
Jennie F. Palmer, 41, hydronephrosis.
Alma Lemaire, 3, bronchitis.
Marie A. Girard, 9 mos., chol. inft.
Yvone Riche, 3 mos., diarrhoea.
13—Sarah Kavanaugh, 80, enteritis.

—Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, make men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All dr.

THE GREATER NEW YORK.

Only Five States in the Union Which Equal It in Population.

Within the limits of Greater New York, according to the latest official declarations, there are living upward of 3,000,000 people.

There are only five states in the Union which contain a population of 3,000,000. Those five states are New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Missouri.

Measured by population, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the sixth state of the Union.

Now, place alongside that fact another fact equally salient. Within the boundaries of Greater New York there is property of the assessed value of over $2,732,000,000.

There is not one state in the Union, except New York itself, whose assessed valuation by the census of 1890 was equal to $2,732,000,000. Not even the valuation of the populous and wealthy state of Pennsylvania was on a par with that of the territory embraced by our consolidated city.

Measured by wealth, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the first state in the Union, for its wealth exceeds that of any other state except New York, and is by far the larger fraction of the total wealth of the Empire State.

When they come to choose a mayor to wield the executive power of their newly created city, the people of Greater New York must remember that for all practical purposes they will be choosing the governor of the sixth state of the Union in point of population and the first state of the Union in point of wealth.

To administer a public trust of that magnitude our first mayor should be a man of inflexible integrity and of tried and proved capacity. Besides that, he should be an unmortgaged man, upon whose official freedom of action no party boss holds a lien.—New York World.

ABOUT NOTED WOMEN.

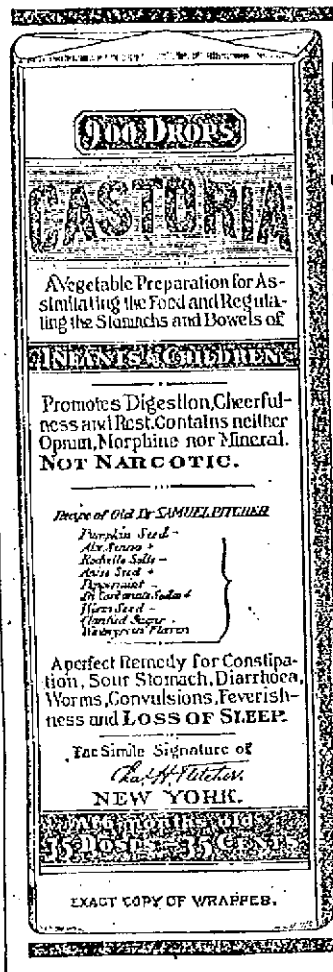
Marie Seebach, the German actress who died in St. Maurice recently, was for a long time the leading woman tragedian of the German stage. She scored her first success in Hamburg as Gretchen in Goethe's "Faust."

Mrs. Alexander Campbell, widow of the founder of the Campbellite sect, which now numbers over 1,000,000 communicants, died lately at Bethany, W. Va.

Miss Frances Willard, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, spends part of her summer vacation riding a bicycle through New York state.

Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany has insisted that the money subscribed for a statue to her father, the late Duke Frederick, shall be used for charitable purposes.

The queen of Italy possesses a unique and interesting collection of shoes and gloves worn by famous empresses and queens, in which are seen those worn by Queen Elizabeth of England, Marie Antoinette of France, the Czarina Catherine II and Queen Christina of Sweden.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

At Lakeview Park

ONE WEEK, Beginning Monday, Aug. 16.

PAWNEE BILL'S HISTORIC WILD WEST

Mexican Hippodrome, Indian Museum, Cosmopolitan Celebrities, and Grand Fireworks Exhibition.

The Only Wild West Traveling by its own Train of Palace Cars.

SEE THE FEATURES!

REAL INDIANS, REPRESENTATIVES OF ALL THE WARLIKE TRIBES.

Sioux, Pawnees, Apaches, Cherokees, Cheyennes, Chickasaws and Comanches. Great Chiefs like Spotted Tail, Afraid of His Horse, Left Hand and others.

WILD RIDERS FROM THE PAMPAS.

In whirlwind equestrian exhibitions and those majestic sons of the Orient's great desert,

A Band of Genuine Bedouin Arabs

Whose feats of skill with the rifle and bayonet and displays of agility and strength have never been equalled.

THE ONLY HERD OF LIVING BUFFALO.

A SPLENDID MEXICAN BAND.

MISS MAY LILLIE,

The beautiful and only lady rifle shot, who, with unerring aim, breaks glass balls while riding at full speed on the back of a horse.

Scenes of enchantment at night when the whole plain is lit up with brilliant calcium lights, making the interior as light as the noonday sun.

WONDEROUS PYROTECHNICAL DISPLAYS.

—— COWBOYS' PASTIMES AND VAQUEROS' VAGARIES. ——

INDIAN SKILL WITH THE BOW AND ARROW.

Nothing Omitted at One That is Given in the Other.

LADIES AND CHILDREN SPECIALLY PROTECTED.

SEATS FOR EVERYBODY.

ADMISSION, - - 25 CENTS.

CHILDREN UNDER NINE YEARS, HALF PRICE.

ONE TICKET ADMITS TO ALL.

THE GRAND STREET PARADE

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Marvelous Cavalcades of Genuine Celebrities and every feature of the grand historical congress of wondrous people and animals following their great commander, PAWNEE BILL.

A KALEIDESCOPE OF NOVELTIES AND A RARE COLLECTION OF CURIOSITIES

THE INDIAN MUSEUM

Which every one must see without fail.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performances begins one hour later.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.

Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make

PO-METIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak.

TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Tones your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.

F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beallen & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

Two blocks from Broadway, one block from Eighth street, Sixth Ave. elevated railroad.

American and European Plans.

Best Table d'Hote in the city, $1.25. Large and sumptuous apartments for transient and permanent guests. Quiet and homelike hotel

Rooms, $1.00 Per Day and Upwards.

Special rates during the summer months. Convenient to all steamship lines and railroads.

CHAS. JAIMES, Proprietor.

HAMMOCKS AND ICE CREAM FREEZERS

Best Goods. Greatest Variety.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

GLEN FOREST

3 Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 19, 20 and 21, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

THE LONDON VAUDEVILLE COMPANY.

PRESENTING AN OLIO OF NOVEL SPECIALTY ACTS.

Afternoon and Evening.

3 Days: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 16, 17 and 18, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

EXTRA ATTRACTION.

Madame Baruto, Soprano Soloist, and Little Blanche, Character Vocalist, with Thoron D. Perkins' Band.

NEW SPECIAL ATTRACTION THE ZOO

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO Salisbury Beach via Str. Merrimac's

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with steamer daily at 9.30 a. m.

On and After June 30, Half Holiday Excursion daily, except Monday. Cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 12 m. 40 mile sail 25c.

Steamer stops at Newburyport. Special rates for parties of fifty or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill.

DERBY & MORSE

72 MIDDLE STREET,

keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; S. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

PRINCE HENRI WOUNDED

Pierced by the Sword of Count of Turin in a Duel

Deadly Combat Yesterday at 5 O'clock—Count of Turin Hurt in the Arm—Account of Duel and Arrangements Therefor.

Paris, Aug. 16. — The Count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans fought a duel with swords at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in the Bois de Marchaux, at Vancresson. M. Leontieff acted as umpire. The fighting was most determined and lasted 26 minutes. There were five engagements, of which two were at close quarters. Prince Henri received two serious wounds in the right shoulder and the right side of the abdomen. The Count of Turin was wounded in the right hand. Prince Henri was taken to the residence of the Duc De Chartres and received medical attendance.

The condition of Prince Henri is as satisfactory as could be expected. The doctors, after consultation, express the opinion that no important organ was touched, but absolute rest is necessary for recovery.

Owing to rumors at Naples and elsewhere the public had not expected the duel to come off. It was, therefore, quite private.

The official account furnished by the seconds recites fully the circumstances leading up to the encounter.

The Count of Turin, considering the letters of Prince Henri of Orleans to The Figaro offensive to the Italian army, wrote him on July 6 demanding a retraction. This letter could not be answered until Aug. 11, the day of the arrival of Prince Henri in France. The prince replied to the count's demand by telegram, maintaining the right of a traveler to record his experiences.

The official account then describes the arrangements for the duel, gives the names of the respective seconds and says: At their first interview they agreed that the encounter was inevitable. By common accord the conditions were settled as follows:

The weapon to be the duelling sword; each combatant to use that of his own country, but the blades to be of equal length; either combatant being at liberty to maintain the ground he gains and each to be allowed the space of 15 meters within which to advance or retire; each assault to continue four minutes; the combat to be resumed in the positions occupied and only to be terminate on the decision of the four seconds or the advice of the doctor, when one of the adversaries is manifestly in a state of inferiority; the conduct of the meeting to be entrusted alternately to the two parties, lots being drawn at commencement.

This latter feature of the arrangement was due to the formal objection of the seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans to the direction of the encounter by a fifth party. At a later meeting the seconds decided upon the rendezvous.

The proces-verbal then proceeds to describe the encounter. It says that in the first assault Prince Henri was hit in the right breast, though the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue. On the strength of the report of the doctors the seconds decided that the combat must go on.

The second assault was stopped, because the combatants came into close quarters.

In the third assault the Count of Turin was hit in the back of the right hand, but the weapon did not penetrate beyond the subcutaneous cellular tissue.

In the fourth assault the umpire, Major Leontieff, declared that the sword of Prince Henri was bent and stopped the engagement long enough to furnish his royal highness with a new weapon. In the fifth assault the combatants again got into close quarters and were immediately stopped, Prince Henri, in a counter blow, being hit in the right lower region of the abdomen. The doctors on both sides examined the wound and declared that Prince Henri was rendered by it clearly inferior to his antagonist. Major Leontieff and M. Mourichon proposed that the combat be stopped, and this was done by common accord. While his wound was being dressed, Prince Henri, raising himself upon the ground, extended his hand to the Count of Turin, saying, "Allow me, monseigneur, to shake hands with you." The count extended his hand.

The physicians present were Drs. Toupet and Hartmann on behalf of Prince Henri and Dr. Carle on behalf of the Count of Turin. This account of the fighting was signed by the seconds.

The details of the duel show that the encounter was very sharp and determined. Immediately on the crossing of swords Prince Henri vigorously pressed his adversary. The Count of Turin retreated to the limit of the ground, and then resuming the offensive touched his opponent. The third and fourth assaults ended in long engagements within guard. The Temps says that the wound in the abdomen of Prince Henri is serious, but not alarming. Had the Count of Turin's steel gone half a centimetre deeper the intestines would have been perforated.

After his wound has received a preliminary dressing Prince Henri walked to his carriage unaided.

The Count of Turin, accompanied by his seconds, left Paris for Italy yesterday afternoon. He was not experiencing any special distress from his wound.

The seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans were M. De Leontieff, governor general of the equatorial provinces of Abyssinia, and M. Raoul Mourichon. The Count of Turin's were General Count Avagadro Di Quinto and the Marquis Carlo Di Ginori.

JOY AT ROME.

Rome, Aug. 16.—The news of the result of the duel was received here with the greatest enthusiasm. Crowds filled the streets, cheering for the Count of Turin and the army and calling upon the bands in the public squares to play the royal hymn.

SQUADRON INCREASED.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 16.—The largest fleet of warships ever gathered in this once famous harbor, and even in any harbor on the New England coast, is here now. Yesterday morning the squadron was joined by the battleship Iowa and cruisers Texas and Brooklyn, which came over from Cape Cod during the night. Admiral Sicard demonstrated that there was water enough in this harbor to float all the vessels, and they were anchored inside. This made each vessel easy of access, and all day crowds of sightseers thronged the decks. The fleet will sail tonight for Portland.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Joseph A. Desrosiers of J. L. Chalifoux's, and Mrs. Hubert Bissonnette and Miss Eva Bissonnette started Sunday night for a three weeks' trip to Lanvrale, P. Q.

Miss Nora Maguire and Miss Nora Lynch will spend their vacation at Woburn Centre as the guests of Miss Lizzie Calnin.

Mr. Ezra E. Mansur of the firm of Mansur & Donovan, and his wife and daughter Harriet, are enjoying a few weeks' sojourn at Conord, N. H.

The Misses Ella Murphy and Nellie Scanlan are visiting friends in Fitchburg and before returning will visit points of interest in Leominster, Shirley, and Ayer. They will be home September 1.

C. H. Dempsey left last night to join the May Irwin company.

Misses Nora Lynch and Nora Meguire are visiting friends in Woburn.

Charles R. Hadley and wife will spend the next two weeks at Bethlehem, N. H.

James H. Dunphy leaves today for Old Orchard where he will join a party of friends.

Mr. G. G. Cook of the firm of Cook, Taylor & Co., and Mr. Fred Billingsley, have gone to Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Monday Mr. George W. Patten, of the firm of Patten & Roberts, florists, and Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus A. Patten of Tewksbury, leave for Providence, R. I., to attend the annual convention of the Society of American Florists.

Mr. James Syme Hastings, with the O'Donnell and Gilbride company, leaves tomorrow for Terra Bonne, P. Q., to be gone two weeks. He will also visit the Thousand Islands and other places of interest on the St. Lawrence river.

Frank J. Morissey, the local runner, won second position in the quarter mile event at the races of the Working Boys' Home at Boston Saturday. There were 300 starters in the race.

Mr. Timothy O'Sullivan and Mr. Charles F. Harrington of the firm of O'Sullivan Brothers, have gone on a two weeks' sojourn at Old Orchard, Mt. Desert, and Bar Harbor.

Mr. John F. Flynn of O'Sullivan Bros.' shoe store will spend his vacation at York beach.

Mr. T. J. Caskin and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carley, and the Misses Sarah Caskin and Annie Clark of this city, and Miss Agnes Stahem of Lawrence left for a two weeks' sojourn at Wellfleet, Mass., today.

CLOUDS ON SPAIN'S HORIZON.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—The political horizon is menacing. Senor Romero Robledo has publicly declared in favor of the retention of Captain General Weyler and against any reconciliation with the dissident conservatives. It is expected that this will upset the plans of the conservative party and of the court, and will compel the queen regent to summon the Liberals.

CANOVAS' ASSASSIN TRIED.

Vergara, Spain, Aug. 16.—Michael Angiolillo, alias "Golli," was tried here yesterday by court martial for the murder of Senor Canova Del Castillo at the baths of Santa Agueda on the 8th inst. The sentence of the court will not be divulged until it has been confirmed by the supreme council of war.

Bristol, Vt., Aug. 16.—Dora E. Cushman, the 15-year-old girl of Dr. A. J. Cushman of Lincoln, was found dead in a pasture near her father's house yesterday by a searching party which had been out all night. The girl went blackberrying Saturday afternoon, and when she did not return search was made. Arthur Cushman, the girl's brother, found the body, and an autopsy will be held to determine the cause of death. There are suspicious circumstances attending the death, and the disappearance of a young man from town is believed to have something to do with it.

Alfred Packer, convicted of killing five companions who were lost in the mountains with him in 1873 and eating their flesh and sentenced at Denver to the penitentiary for 40 years, has applied for a pardon. He claims that four of his companions were killed by the fifth, who had become crazy, and that he shot the madman dead as the latter was rushing toward him with a hatchet.

CITY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The democratic city committee will meet at 8 o'clock tonight in Jackson hall, to take action on the death of the late secretary, John F. Tully. Treasurer Owens has ordered a nice floral offering from "Dick" Griffths.

TO CONVEY WRITING.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH WILL SEND FACSIMILES OF LETTERS BY WIRE.

A Wealthy Company Will Introduce Professor Gray's Wonderful Invention Shortly—The Instrument Can Also Transmit Outline Sketches of Faces, Buildings, Etc.

Since the invention of the telephone and its adoption for general use, no rival has entered the field for years.

Now the rival is here at last, backed by practically unlimited capital.

It is called the telautograph and renders possible the transmission of handwriting, in facsimile, by wire with the same facility that the voice is carried by the telephone.

The instrument is now almost ready for the market and is in the hands of the Gray National Telautograph company, with General T. M. Logan president, John W. Johnston general manager and W. H. Eckert general superintendent.

General Superintendent Eckert is the brother of President Eckert of the Western Union Telegraph company, and was the first man in the country to establish and direct the Bell telephone. He is fully conversant with all the possibilities inherent in the new instrument. He and the other officials of the company are now establishing companies and the new system in adjacent small towns and cities to demonstrate the possibilities of the telautograph before bringing it into New York city. In this manner they expect to demonstrate the facts. They claim that it is self registering and that the person addressed, if absent, will find the message on his return.

It works noiselessly so that messages cannot be overheard.

It cannot be tapped so as to intercept or steal a message.

It is not affected by induction or leakage.

It is simple and easily kept in order.

The invention had its birth in the fertile brain of Professor Elisha Gray, late chief of the electrical congress held during the World's Columbian exposition.

When Professor Gray first completed his apparatus and invention, with which he contemplated entering the field against the telephone, he was handicapped by the great expense. It was at first necessary to use four wires, and the expense of operating was just double that of operating the telephone. This fact withdrew it from the field for a time as a possible rival.

Now, however, the invention is completed to such an extent that two wires only are necessary. Today the telautograph is operated upon the same lines as the telephone. The conditions are the same as to wires, switchboards and the concomitants.

The sender writes his message on the tablet affixed to the transmitting instrument and a stylographic pen on the receiving instrument at the other end of the line duplicates every stroke of the sender's pencil, not forgetting the lifting and returning to dot an "i" or cross a "t," every motion being recorded exactly on the tablet of the receiving instrument.

In its general principle the mechanism is very simple. Two fine cords run from the sender's pencil around drums on either side of the tablet. The string is kept taut by a light spring on the drum shaft. Thus every motion of the pencil causes one or both of the drums to rotate. On the receiving instrument are two similar drums, which by a series of electrical impulses are forced to rotate in unison with those on the sending instrument. The cords wound on the drums of the receiver are each joined by an aluminium rod, which is forced outward by a spring as far back as the slack of the cord will allow. In this manner the winding or unwinding of the cords on the drums of the receiving instrument causes a stylographic pen at the junction of the two aluminium rods to follow every horizontal motion of the pencil at the distant end of the line.

The next necessity to effect is the touching of the pen point to the paper only where the pencil touches it. To effect this the tablet in which the sender writes has an exceedingly small vertical movement. When pressed down by the pencil in writing, a circuit is formed, which allows the recording pen at the farther end of the line to drop the paper. The circuit is broken when the pen is lifted from the paper, and the pen on the receiving instrument is lifted above the tablet, so that no matter what horizontal movement the pencil makes, such as dotting an "i" or crossing a "t" the pen will follow the movement without marking the paper.

The current necessary to operate the instrument is exactly the same as that required by telephone and no difficulty is experienced in working over long distances or in working as many instruments as are required in one circuit.

Records on both instruments are made on continuous rolls of paper about five inches wide. At the end of the line the sender raises the paper mechanically for the next line by pushing a lever, which operates the tablet at both ends of the line. The writing is fine or large according to the capacity of the stylographic pen.

Not only is it possible to transmit handwriting by this wonderful instrument, but outline sketches of faces, figures or buildings can be accurately recorded on the receiving tablet.

One of the chief uses of the instrument will be found in the transmission of messages where absolute accuracy is important, such as the sending of train orders or communications between the different departments of large mercantile or manufacturing establishments. Physicians, who will not telephone or telegraph prescriptions for fear that a slight error might result in the loss of life, will be able to transmit prescriptions without fear of their going astray as regards ingredients.

The invention has made such an impression upon several judges of the supreme court that one of them has declared unhesitatingly that he would admit as evidence the writing recorded upon a receiving tablet of a telautograph.

Exchanges will be established similar to those in use by the telephone companies at no extra cost to the subscriber. No attendant is needed to look after the receiving instrument, and other defects of telephone and telegraphic systems are overcome.

The telautograph can be locked in a desk, and when the owner comes to the office the next morning he will find autograph messages awaiting him on the tablet.—New York Journal.

TALKED WITH A GHOST.

Professor Dolbeare of Tufts Relates a Strange Experience.

Professor A. E. Dolbeare of Tufts college, who is well known as an electrical expert, says he has not only seen a ghost, but has conversed with it. He says it proved its identity to him by performing a peculiar trick with its shadowy fingers that no other ghost could have done. Professor Dolbeare's story reached the ears of the Society For Psychical Research, and he is a marked man from this time on.

Professor Dolbeare recently returned to Boston from Eliot, Me., where the convention of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers was held in honor of Moses G. Farmer, one of the pioneer inventors in the field of electricity. During many years of his life Mr. Farmer lived at Bitter Sweet, a homestead place, where he died a few years ago and where his daughter, Miss Sarah J. Farmer, still lives. Miss Farmer entertained Professor Dolbeare, and during his visit he slept in a room somewhat noted locally as the "room of the seven doors."

"Let me tell you something about that room," said Professor Dolbeare, "or rather about something that happened to me there. I had been talking of Farmer with his daughter in the evening, and when I turned in I was thinking of him. How long I lay there before sleeping, or whether I went to sleep at all, I do not know, but presently I was conscious of some presence in the room. A moment later I saw Farmer standing by the bed. At least I recognized the figure as that of Farmer, and I was surprised, but I do not recall that I was very much startled. 'Hello!' he said or something of that sort, a salutation, at all events. I replied in kind and said, 'Who are you?' 'I am Farmer,' was the answer, and he held out his hand to me.

"I shook hands with him, and I thought as I did so that the fingers felt a little cold. I released the hand and was thinking about the matter while considering what next to say. When I looked up, he was gone. If I was awake at the time, I fell asleep again. At any rate, I let the matter pass, though somewhat puzzled, but very soon I found the figure was again standing by the bed. I do not know that I doubted it was Farmer, but I thought I would make certain, so I said:

"'How shall I know you are Farmer?'

"'I will show you my hand,' he said. In the dark I saw he was holding out his hand that I might see it, but I was determined to take nothing for granted, so I said:

"'But how shall I know it is Farmer's hand?'

"'I'll show you my finger,' he replied, and then he crooked up one of the fingers in such a peculiar way that I tried to imitate him. I could not do it without the assistance of the other hand, and while I was trying to perform the little trick the figure disappeared. I puzzled over the vision, or dream, or what you choose, for some time, but then I once more went to sleep—if I had been awake—and I saw nothing more of the figure. In the morning I told Miss Farmer of my experience, to her very great interest. When I came to the trick of the fingers, she looked at me, astonished.

"'That,' she said when illustrated as best I could, 'was a favorite little trick of my father. Few people could do it.'

"It appears," Professor Dolbeare concluded, "that whenever Farmer met a person to whom he took a liking, when the acquaintance came to an informal footing, it was his way to hold out his hand, crooking his finger in the way I have shown you, to say, 'Can you do that?' It was a little thing perhaps, but peculiar to the man. We all have minor characteristics by which we may be known."—New York Sun.

Canovas and the World's Fair.

Major Fred Brackett, appointment clerk of the treasury department, was in Spain in 1891 representing the World's fair. He spent three months there and retains a pleasant impression of Prime Minister Canovas, who was assassinated recently. Senor Canovas was then at the head of the Spanish ministry, and Mr. Brackett found it necessary to see the minister and ask his co-operation in arousing the Spaniards to the importance of an exhibit at the great fair. "I found Senor Canovas attractive, courteous and agreeable," said Major Brackett the other day. "He fully coincided with my plans, and in a short time after my interview with the prime minister the cortes made an appropriation. After this I made a visit to the provinces of Spain, having previously asked the minister for letters of introduction to the governors. These he quickly gave, not postponing the matter, as is the Spanish custom with nearly everything. On reaching the provinces I found that Senor Canovas had sent personal letters to the governors commending my project and asking every assistance. The result was that my visit was successful and pleasant. The minister was full of enterprise. He was one of the most pleasant men I ever met."—New York Tribune.

NOT TO PAY ROYALTIES.

Canada Will Not Charge Ten Per Cent on Klondike Gold.

The Canadian government has abandoned its scheme to compel miners going into the Klondike diggings to pay a royalty of from 10 to 15 per cent upon all gold mined by them. The announcement that such an attempt would be made called forth vehement protests from the politicians and business men of the northwest and Pacific coast, who realized that under existing conditions such a policy could only lead to serious trouble and probably bloodshed.

The storekeepers of British Columbia are too busy just now compelling prospectors to buy in British territory or pay duty to consent to any policy which would cause further irritation. Frank Oliver, a member of parliament for Alberta, put the case against the taxation scheme strongly before the government. In a memorial to the ministry he said:

"There is only one good point about this proposition—namely, that it is so preposterous that it will never have any effect under the circumstances and conditions which exist in the Yukon, and, probably, if the authorities ever look into the matter they will realize this before making the attempt to collect such a royalty. If the diggings are not rich, this tax would either be impossible or it will prevent mining, and if they are rich it would simply bring on a fight in a region which, all things considered, Canada could not expect to rule by main force except at a cost that would be much greater than the profit."—New York Sun.

Work by a Woman Astronomer.

The abstruse calculations of the ephemeris of the sun for 1901 and half of the calculations for 1902 have just been completed for The Nautical Almanac by a handsome young married woman, the mother of four little daughters.

This woman is Mrs Elizabeth Preston Davis of Washington, who since 1888 has been engaged in astronomical work of this sort. She has also computed the orbits of the new comets discovered at the Lick observatory and has calculated for the use of Professor Simon Newcombe the perturbative functions of Mars and Jupiter and of the earth and all the planets whose orbits are inside that of Jupiter, says the New York World.

This remarkable fact is a reminder that several American women have attained pre-eminence in this science. The more notable of these are Elizabeth Preston Davis, recently a graduate student of Johns Hopkins university; Miss Charlotte Angus Scott of Bryn Mawr, and Mrs. Christine Ladd Franklin, who took the course necessary to secure the degree of Ph. D. at Johns Hopkins, making mathematics her specialty, and who would have received the degree with distinction but for the fact that she wore petticoats instead of trousers.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Anton Seidl and Dvorak Meet.

Anton Seidl, after his successful appearance as a Wagner leader at the Baireuth festival, paid a visit to his friend Antonin Dvorak, the great Bohemian composer, whose acquaintance he made in New York city when Dr. Dvorak was head of Mrs. Thurber's National conservatory. In the course of Dvorak's "American exile," as he has been heard to call it, he and Seidl were in the habit of meeting at a certain Viennese coffeehouse on Broadway, where over their coffee and cigars they discussed American and European musical matters and frowned at the musical critics who occasionally came to disturb their peace by maladroit requests for interviews. Thus these two inherently dissimilar men became fast friends and soon made common cause against their many detractors and would be rivals.

A BIG FISH.

Edward Cahill, Peter Davey, George Nawn, and J. Gallagher went fishing in Boston harbor yesterday, and Mr. Cahill caught a codfish which, when dressed, weighed 16 pounds.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Aug. 6, 11 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Aug. 20, 10 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Sept. 3, 9 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Sept. 17, 8 a. m.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.
Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $25.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell

Auction Sale of
Bakery and Contents
64 Lakeview avenue, Thursday, August 5th, 1897, at 3 o'clock p. m. Portable Oven, Kneading Through, Show Cases, Ice Chest, Baking Pans and all the other goods situated therein.
DONOVAN & MANSUR'S
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Colonel James R. Haskell, the inventor of the famous multi-charge gun, died at Passaic, N. J., yesterday.

Henry D. Jones, 38, of Quincy Point, was found dead at his sister's house in Robury, Mass., yesterday morning, having committed suicide by inhaling gas.

James Coffey, aged 39, committed suicide in South Boston by cutting his throat last evening. He had a family in Sharon. Ill health and loss of work were the causes that led to the act.

Brown cottage at Plum Island, Me., occupied by a Mr. Taylor, his wife and daughter, burned last night. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were seriously burned, and the latter's injuries will prove fatal.

A race war broke out at Little Rock, Ark., yesterday over an attempt by a deputy sheriff to arrest a negro. Three men, two colored and one white, were killed, another fatally wounded and two badly hurt.

Charles Kraft of San Francisco made a new bicycle mark for 20 miles yesterday. With the assistance of six tandems he covered the triangular course in 48:56, lowering McDonnell's world's records by 2 seconds.

Senator G. Costa, Italian minister of justice, is dead. Shortly before he expired he sent a touching deathbed telegram of farewell to King Humbert. Marquis Di Rudini, the premier, will temporarily assume the portfolio.

The body of Charles L. Wardwell, who, while temporarily deranged, escaped from his attendants at Winterport, Me., and fled to the woods Thursday morning, was found in a vacant lot near his home yesterday. He died from exhaustion and exposure.

The tactics of Germany in the peace negotiations and the continual delays of Tewfik Pasha are producing a good deal of agitation at Athens in favor of an appeal by the government to the nation to continue the war with Turkey by means of an obligatory loan.

The grand parade of the Pawnee Bill Wild West show will occur here on Wednesday morning next.

The members of the Bohemian boat club and lady friends will enjoy a sail on the river, Thursday night.

The liquor inspectors made a seizure yesterday from Annie Powland, No. 20 Howe street, and Naclsse Duclas, No. 487 Market street.

First class printing at this office.

SUITS SHIRTS

We wish everybody to feel they have a special invitation to run in to this sale. Never before have such values been offered. Not in the next ten years can they be paralleled. Come any time.

O'Hearn & Dowd
SERVANTS OF THE PEOPLE.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.
12 JOHN STREET.

It Was
But Now It Is Only

The above is a figurative representation of the reductions in prices we have made. We are nearing Stock-taking and are determined to reduce our stock. Prices less than half.

Shirt Waists.
All new, this season's make.
Prices, 25c. 49c. 75c. 98c.
Reduced from 49c. 98c. $1.75 $2.25.
The balance of our high grade Waists, in Muslins, Batiste, Silk, Mulle, etc., marked at less than one-half.

Wrappers.
49c. Percale Wrappers, neat style, regular price $1, now 49c.
75c. Fine Print Wrappers, thoroughly fast colors, regular price $1.50, now 75c.

Linen Skirts.
A complete line of Linen Skirts, well made and of fine quality, 75c., 98c., $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75, reduced from $1.25 to $3.50.

Tailor-Made Suits
80 New Tailor-Made Suits at remarkably low prices. These suits are made up for early Fall wear, and later will cost twice the price. See them at $5.05, $6.05, $7.50 and $9.75.

Jackets.
Our entire line of Jackets marked down to about one-third their real value.

Capes.
To close out the balance of our Capes we have marked them 98c., $1.25, $1.98, $2.98 and $4.05, worth from $3.75 to $8.75 each.
Call and see them.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on
Joseph J. Johnson,
328 SUFFOLK STREET.
Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

OUR BAKERY
Wholesome home cooking, none but the best and freshest ingredients are used. Loaf Bread, Tea Rolls and Pastry fresh every afternoon. Brown Bread and Baked Beans every Saturday.
Parties supplied at the shortest notice.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
615 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET
Tel 144-4 Wamesit Bank Block

Klondyke The Gold Fields of Alaska
A booklet containing practical information how to reach the gold fields, what to wear, also most minute details regarding Klondyke. PRICE 25 CENTS by mail. J. E. SMITH & CO., Mining Information Bureau, 175 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY
Boarding and Day School,
LOWELL, MASS.
WILL BEGIN ITS 45TH YEAR SEPTEMBER 7TH, 1897.
This school continues the thorough work in English, Science, Classics, Music and Art, for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. Difference of Religion will not be regarded in admission of Pupils.
For further particulars, apply at the Academy or by letter to the superior.

MANLY VIGOR
Restored in young, old or middle-aged men. Night losses, drains and emissions cease at once. The Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Lost Manhood, Atrophy, Undevelopment, all Diseases and Weaknesses of Man, from whatever cause, permanently and privately **CURED** by the use of The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills. This famous, magical medicine will do away with the mental tortures patients suffer from, and instead of flabby nerves, will give you nerves of steel and a confident, buoyant nature. The pills used by THE OLD Doctor since 1848, and with universal success. Price $1 per box. Pills sent by mail, closely sealed, in plain wrapper, on receipt of price. Full direction, showing what to eat and what not to eat and other valuable information sent with each order for pills.
We prepare our Electric Pills on an accumulated medical experience of over 40 years, and we warrant them to cure. We sell them at a price within the reach of all men. We have no free prescriptions, free cures or C. O. D. methods. We employ no agents. Beware of so-called Free cures and prescriptions, for you will be disappointed, but instead, pay $1 for genuine medicine like The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills, prepared by a reliable old established institution
Located Over Forty Years at
110 COURT STREET, BOSTON.
To inquiring minds and sincere seekers after health, we will send our valuable medical book of 64 pages. Describes anatomy of the generative organs, gives chapters on blood poison, lost vigor, stricture and all diseases of men; many valuable prescriptions and other information included. Shows you how a cure may be obtained secretly and at home. Sent [illegible] with list of questions, **FREE**, on application to
Hallock Medical Institute,
110 COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 27, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 0.55, 6.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 6.20, 12.45, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.28 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 2.20 p. m. July 5 to Sept. 17 inclusive.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 8.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 12.5, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30, 5.30 a. m.; 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (via steamer), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones, from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 27, 1897, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, *6.43, *7.45, *8.50, *9.15, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, *3.00, 4.25, *5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.28, *6.46, 7.06, 7.21, *7.18, 7.33, *7.48, *7.53, *8.57, *9.19, *9.30, 11.03, *11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, *3.03, *3.47, *4.02, 4.28, 5.22, *5.43, *6.22, *7.43, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7.20, *7.54, 1.48, *2.19 p. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6.28, 7.45, 7.53, *7.48, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.26, 8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., 4.25, 5.58 p. m.
*Note—Express. †Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.25, 10.00 a. m.; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.52 a. m.; 1.28, 4.23 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.02, 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.13, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.18, 9.40, 10.49 a. m.; 12.09, 1.00, 1.46, 1.54, 2.43, 3.40, 6.30, 8.1, 8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.06 a. m., 2.10, 6.07, 2.10, 8.40 p. m.
For Franklin, Laconia and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.40 a. m.; 12.09, 1.43, 3.40, 13.10 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m.; 1.43 p. m.; 3.41 p. m., Saturday only till August 5th, inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville and Wells River—9.40 a. m.; 1.54, 3.40 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.40 a. m.; 12.09, 13.10 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.40 a. m.; 13.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54, 8.40 p. m., daily except Sunday.
† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

Sherman is a snarler rather than a diplomat.

Senator Platt seems to have met his most formidable foe in Seth Low, candidate for the mayoralty of the greater New York.

Fall River has a bribery case of large proportions. All our leading cities are apparently trying to rival Lowell in municipal muddles.

The Greenhalge club, composed of a number of the late governor's admirers, intends to enter vigorously into the fall campaign.

Spain seems to be on the verge of a revolution. She will soon have enough to do to preserve order at home without giving any attention to Cuba.

That poem, written for the Sun, and dedicated to the electric car conductor, would indicate that Cora Bass has a worthy rival in the person of Wildie Thayer.

The recent discovery of gold at Redding, Cal., in Mexico, and at New Butler, N. J., will serve as a sort of antifebrine to those stricken with the Klondike fever.

Senator Hoar is an adept in dealing favorably with both sides of a question. He praises President Andrews of Brown University and says the corporation did just right.

The Citizen explains to its own satisfaction why ten conductors were dropped by the Lowell & Suburban railroad company, but no official of the company endorses the Citizen's view of the case.

J. Ten Eyck has been nearly "functioned" to death. His many receptions put him out of condition for the national regatta at Philadelphia. He will need to guard against these deadly complimentary fetes. They have defeated hundreds of champions.

PROSPERITY ON PAPER.

Bradstreet's and Dun's mercantile agencies are now doubling their efforts to improve business on paper. They have rendered great service to the republican party during the past nine months by holding up to public view everything that might inspire confidence, and by minimizing or overlooking the most flagrant proofs that republican promises of approaching prosperity were wholly delusive.

Even now, when the tariff panacea has been applied to the situation, the merchants as well as the mills will candidly say that there is little or no improvement, that prosperity may be coming, but asuredly it has not yet arrived.

DEATH TO ANARCHISTS.

It is reported that certain dangerous Spanish anarchists are coming to this country, and that Immigration Commissioner Powderly has taken steps to prevent their admission to this country. That's right. There should be an international organization representing all the civilized powers to stamp out anarchy. While there may be some cause for the existence of revolutionary bodies in Spain, Russia, or in England, yet there is no justification anywhere for anarchism which aims merely at the overthrow of all government or the subversion of lawfully constituted authority. The moment a man admits that he is an anarchist, he should be thrown into prison, if not hanged outright, because that profession includes the crime of treason against all government, for which the punishment is death. And yet the anarchists are tolerated in this country and elsewhere until they commit some crime such as that which horrified the world a few days ago in the assassination of the Spanish premier.

Mary Ellen Lease may never realize her ambition to be president. She may never be able to convince the people that she is strictly sane and a woman of sound judgment, but we don't know of anything more convincing on this point than a letter she has written on the labor problem in which she says:

"The intelligence of the nineteenth century has been used to get the greatest amount of labor for the least amount of money.

"While this condition exists a conflict between greed and self-preservation is inevitable.

To the intelligence she might have added the wealth, the power, and the legislative machinery of the country have all been used for the same purpose—to oppress labor. No wonder the coal mine serfs rebel.

NO COMPARISON.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

BETTER than cure is prevention. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you may keep well, with pure blood, strong nerves and a good **APPETITE**.

SUNBEAMS

Prompt Action.

Teacher—Now, Tommy, if you were to have three balls and some one were to give you another what would you have?

Tommy—I'd take me base.—New York Journal.

His Mining Kit.

"So Luke has gone gold hunting in Alaska!"

"That's what he said."

"Did he take along a big outfit?"

"You bet! Two faro layouts and a wheel."—Detroit News.

Preferred Another.

Revivalist (in eastern Kentucky)—Oh, young man, I come this night to lead you to grace!

Young Kaintuck—Not to her, preacher. Lead me to her sister Sal.—New York Sunday Journal.

Gotham Values.

Philadelphian—I suppose everything is pretty dear in New York, isn't it? Nothing cheap there?

New Yorker—Nothing cheap except life. —New York Weekly.

HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

Behold the mansion reared by dædal Jack.

See the malt stored in many a plethoric sack
In the proud cirque of Ivan's bivouac.

Mark how the rat's felonious fangs invade
The golden stores in John's pavilion laid.

Anon with velvet foot and Tarquin strides
Subtle grimalkin to his quarry glides—
Grimalkin grim that slew the fierce rodent
Whose tooth insidious Johann's sackcloth rent.

Lo! now the deep mouthed canine foe's assault
That vexed the avenger of the stolen malt
Stored in the hallowed precincts of that hall
That rose complete at Jack's creative call.

Here stalks the impetuous cow with crumpled horn
Whereon the exacerbating hound was torn
Who bayed the feline slaughter beast that slew
The rat predacious whose keen fangs ran through
The textile fibers that involved the grain
Which lay in Hans' inviolate domain.

Here walks forlorn the damsel crowned with rue,
Lactiferous spoils from vaccine dugs who drew
Of that corniculate beast whose tortuous horn
Tossed the clouds in fierce, vindictive scorn
The harrowing hound whose braggart bark and stir
Arched the lithe spine and reared the indignant fur
Of puss, that with verminicidal claw
Struck the weird rat in whose insatiate maw
Lay reeking malt that erst in Juan's courts we saw.

Robed in senescent garb that seems in sooth
Too long a prey to Chronos' iron tooth,
Behold the man whose amorous lips incline,
Full with Eros' osculative sign,
To the lorn maiden whose lactiflic hands
Drew albu-lactic bovine wealth from lacteal glands
Of that immortal bovine by whose horn
Distort to realm ethereal was borne
The beast catulean, vexed of the sly
Ulysses quadrupedal, who made die
The old mordacious rat that dared devour
Antecedaneous ale in John's domestic bower.

Lo! here, with hirsute honors doffed, succinct,
Of saponaceous locks, the priest who linked
In Hymen's golden bands the torn unthrift
Whose means exiguous stared through many a rift
Even as he kissed the virgin all forlorn
Who milked the cow with implicated horn
Who in fine wrath the canine torturer skied
That dared to vex the insidious muricide
Who let auroral effluence through the pelt
Of the sly rat that robbed the palace Jack had built.

The loud cantankerous Shanghai comes at last
Whose shouts aroused the shorn ecclesiast
Who sealed the vows of Hymen's sacrament
To him who, robed in garments indigent,
Exosculates the damsel lachrymose,
The emulgator of that horned brute morose
That tossed the dog that worried the cat that kilt
The rat that ate the malt that lay in the house that Jack built.

—Duluth Herald.

Trying Again.

"Papa," said the ice baron's beautiful daughter, "mamma and I want $5,000 for charitable purposes. Can you let us have it?"

"I suppose so, my dear," said the indulgent parent, "but isn't that quite a large sum for charity? What disposition do you intend to make of it?"

"You remember," said the fair girl, "the younger son of that English duke who will inherit the title and estates of his father, and who was so attentive to me last summer?"

"I do," said the ice baron. "Is he trying to borrow money already?"

"No, indeed. He has returned home without proposing, and mamma and I have decided to go to a summer resort for the purpose of securing another."

"And where does the charity come in?"

"Oh, the money, you know, is to be used as a fresh heir fund."—Detroit Free Press.

No Procrastination.

"Mary!" came the voice from the top of the stairs.

"Yes, mamma," came the answering voice from the parlor.

"I want to speak to you a minute."

"Just as soon as I say 'Good night' to Harold."

"Very well, but remember I shall not allow you a minute over an hour and a half for it."—Chicago Post.

Unhugged.

She was pale, but quite calm.

"I have just met a bear in the forest," she said. She shuddered. "And, of course"—

Her voice quivered a bit now.

—"it was just my luck to have my waist all stuck full of pins."

Her eyes grew moist, but she did not weep—at least not there.—Detroit Journal.

His Name.

Socratoots—Mrs. Primpus calls her husband her "Little Pneumatic Tire."

Spats—She must love him dearly.

Socratoots—I don't think so.

Spats—Isn't it because he makes her path smooth?

Socratoots—No, because she's always blowing him up.—Pittsburg News.

POP AND THE PEACH.

The Boy Saw Them, and His Camera Did the Rest.

There was no denying that he was a bright boy. Indeed it was that very fact that made the old gentleman nervous when he saw him looking at him so intently.

"Say, pop," said the boy at last, with that look of reverence that is born in a boy and assiduously cultivated later.

"Well?" returned the old gentleman.

"Saw you down on the beach during the bathing hour this morning," explained the boy.

"Very likely," replied the old gentleman as calmly as was possible under the circumstances.

"Mom had a headache and couldn't leave the hotel, you know."

"I recall it," said the old gentleman, beginning to scowl.

"Saw you sitting up on the beach with that peach from New York in the light blue bathing suit," persisted the boy.

"Oh, I guess you must be mistaken, Willie," suggested the old gentleman. "You mistook some one else for me."

"Oh, I guess not," returned the boy cheerfully. "She's the one mom said ought to be ashamed to wear such a suit into the water."

"I know the one you mean, Willie," replied the old gentleman conciliatingly, "but I guess you didn't see me with her."

"You guess again," retorted Willie. "I saw you on the beach with her, and afterward I saw you out in the surf, jumping her over the waves. Oh, I guess I didn't make any mistake! I'm just going up stairs to develop the pictures."

"The what?"

"Pictures. Had my camera down on the beach this morning, you know. Oh, you don't know how funny you looked, pop! I'll bet mom'll roar when she sees these."

"Where—where are the pictures now?" asked the old gentleman anxiously.

"In the camera," answered the boy. "Haven't taken the roll of film out yet. By the way, pop, you ought to have a camera. Lot's of fun when you learn how."

"Yes, I guess you're right, Willie," returned the old gentleman. "I've been thinking it over and I don't see how I've worried along so long without a camera. You don't want to sell yours, do you?"

"Oh, I don't mind. I want to get a bigger one anyway. I'll tell you what I'll do, pop. You get that big one for me that you refused to buy yesterday 'cause it cost too much, and you can have mine."

Somewhere at the bottom of the ocean at this particular seaside resort rests a camera tied to a bar of iron, while a small boy with a good head for business is amusing himself with a new one just about twice its size.—Chicago Post.

The Lesser Evil.

"Those Pumpernickel boys beat Bannaker," remarked Gowanus to me the other morning. "Not long ago their pa and ma became kind of frightened at the prevalence of smallpox in their neighborhood, and so they concluded to let Arty and Joey spend a month or two with their Uncle William and Aunt Rebecca, who had no children of their own and had always wanted to have the dear little boys come and visit them.

"This morning old Pumpernickel showed me a letter they had received from Uncle William. I just forget the first part of it, but the last sentence went this way: 'Please take the two young rascals away and send along the smallpox instead.'"—New York Sunday World.

At Last.

"Henceforth," she exclaimed, "you shall be to me as a stranger!"

Her husband was fairly mad with joy. He could not speak. He could only fold her to his bosom again and again, taking care to unfold her each time, of course.

At last, then, the constraint and distrust that had subsisted between them was to be no more.—Detroit Journal.

Easily Comprehended.

American Boy—Papa, what's an absolute monarchy?

Papa—A country ruled by a king whose authority is unlimited. His word is law, and the people must do his bidding. Do you understand?

American Boy—Oh, yes, a sort of political boss.—New York Weekly.

Well Looked After.

"Brooks," said Rivers, "you ought to do something for that cold of yours. A neglected cold sometimes leads to serious consequences."

"This cold of mine isn't neglected," crossly answered Brooks. "Five or six hundred of my friends are looking after it."—Chicago Tribune.

Handicapped.

"I couldn't get a policy from that insurance company."

"Rejected?"

"Yes. I don't ride a wheel, and all pedestrians are now considered extra hazardous risks. As I'm nearsighted in one eye they wouldn't take me at all."—Detroit Free Press.

In Chicago.

Insurance Agent—You want the policy made out in favor of your wife? Her name, please?

The Victim—Don't you think we'd better leave the name out? It will save so much trouble from time to time, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Too High Priced.

"Little boy," said the kind gentleman, "I hope you do not read those pernicious dime novels?"

"Naw," said the little boy, "not when I kin git bully good stories fer a nickel apiece."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Solid.

Mrs. Slimdiet (to new boarder)—That is poundcake, Mr. Starver.

New Boarder (carefully hefting a piece)—What did you pound it with?—New York Weekly.

Uncle Eben's Philosophy.

"Hit am er unfawchuit fack," said Uncle Eben, "dat de more reason a man hab fuh indignation de less comfort he's gwinter git out of it."—Washington Star.

Two Branches.

"Jumper is going to try the gold cure."

"Keeley or Klondike?"—Chicago Record.

On His Vacation.

He kicked and he swore,
He ripped and he tore,
But it did him no good, don't you see.
His brain was quite small
Or he wouldn't at all
Have touched the wrong end of the bee.

—Philadelphia Inquirer.

THE DEBT CANCELED.

"Sound Money" Campaign Contributions Repaid.

HISTORY OF AN INFAMOUS CRIME.

The Tariff Bill Was Made Solely In the Interest of Monopolies, Without Regard to Anything but Their Gain—Formulated Before the Election.

On the face of the record the tariff bill, which has received the president's signature, was prepared by the committee of ways and means and was passed by the house 13 days thereafter, and then passed the senate 67 days after that. Of course this cannot be the whole history of such a prodigious measure. The clerical work of copying such a bill could scarcely be performed in three days. In point of fact Mr. Reed, who could not, of course, have been the speaker of a house which had not come into existence, appointed the committee of ways and means in the autumn preceding, and that committee were engaged during the fall and winter months in the preparation of the future bill to be introduced into the future house.

The real history of this bill would have to start even farther back than the events above narrated. There was a national election held in the preceding November. To carry that election for the grand old party more money was required than had ever before been expended in the history of parties in this nation. Another thing also was needed—namely, an idea to catch the popular imagination. The idea pitched upon was "sound money." The real thing desired by the class who carried the sinews of war was a complete overthrow of the tariff laws and their adjustment to the private necessities of these people.

If there is in human affairs such a thing is moral certainty as distinguished from the certainty that has absolute physical proof behind it, it is certain that the price demanded and given for the means to carry last year's election was the conversion of the taxing power from the people to the hands of the few whose lobby in Washington has secured the spoils of this great victory. The bargain was struck, the funds were contributed, the rostrum was covered by an array of talent for "sound money" which for quantity and ability has never been equaled in any election, the victory was won, and early in the winter of last year McKinley, Reed and the committee to be began to prepare for the delivery of the goods.

The Dingley bill was formulated during the months between the election and the meeting of the special session of congress. The bill bears Dingley's name. Its makers were the contributors to the last campaign fund. For the first time in the history of protectionism a tariff bill has been passed without any pretense that it is made for American "industries" or "American labor" or the "home market" or any of the fine things which of old excited the imagination of reasonable patriots. There was no debate touching any of these things that used to enter into the tariff. The schedules were wanted by the friends of the "advance agent of prosperity," and they were yielded. That is the whole history of it.

It would be absurd to discuss the economic phase of a performance of this sort. That it will do anything with the national revenue nobody can affirm. We have got the tariff, and we must accept it for better or for worse. With all the history of bargaining and sale it cannot be as bad as the uncertainty of the past year. The ability of this healthy, rugged people to carry great burdens of wrong and error is wondrous. We shall now move on to a little activity in business because we all are hungry and naked and must supply these needs, whatever it costs.—Detroit News.

Despoiling the People.

The Republican majority in congress not only voted for discrimination in favor of one citizen over another, but in favor of an oppressive monopoly over all citizens. Instead of protecting the people from spoliation it grants to the despoiler of the people fresh opportunities for spoliation.

When the people see the power of the government thus abused to turn them over to the spoliation of a monster monopoly, is there cause for wonder that profound discontent agitates them? When, just as the country is emerging from a period of distress, the people see millions legislated by congress into the pockets of rich monopolists, is it strange that millions feel the sting of injustice? —St. Louis Republic.

How to Make Pineapple Tapioca Pudding.

Wash through several waters a teacupful of either flake or pearl tapioca. Soak in a quart of cold water overnight. When ready to prepare, place the tapioca with the water in which it soaked in a granite kettle on top of stove. Cook until clear, add a saltspoonful of salt, 2 teacupfuls of granulated sugar, a small pineapple grated or half a can grated pineapple and cook for half an hour. Stir often to keep from scorching. Place in serving dish, beat whites of 3 eggs very light, add gradually 4 tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar, pile on pudding, place in oven with door open for 10 minutes, then close the door and let brown. A meringue will never fall if allowed to remain in oven with door open for several minutes. Serve pudding cold with cream.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER And JOBBER

120 LAWRENCE STREET.

All orders promptly attended to.

CURRENT EVENTS

ANNUAL VISITS EAST.

WESTERN FARMERS WHOSE HEARTS TURN TOWARD THE OLD HOMES.

Pennsylvanians Appear to Be the Most Attached to Their Eastern Birthplaces—A Party of Them Bought Ninety-five Tickets to Chambersburg, Pa.

This is the time of year when the east and the west come close together in the annual or biennial visit to the old home made by those who have found new abiding places on the prairies. It is the dream of the people of the plains to go "back east" on a visit, and when the harvest is over and it is known whether the corn crop is going to be heavy or only fair, and when the wheat is assured the trip is taken.

But it is doubtful if the possessor of a private car enters it with more smiling face or with brighter anticipations than do those excursionists got aboard the train to go a-visiting back among those with whom their early lives were spent. It means a dip into the enchanted past of their youth, and they fondly hope that they will find everything as they left it—or as they think they left it—when they departed for the prairie homes that they have made almost as beautiful as the old ones. That is the secret of the annual migration and the thousands of dollars that the western people spend on trips back east rather than on outings at the mountains or at the seashore. Few of the farmers and farmers' wives take or desire any other recreation than this trip. Said a plain, motherly woman on the east bound train the other day: "I told John—he's up in the smoking car—that I would rather go home an see the old schoolhouse than to go to California with the excursion. He rather wanted to go with 'em, but I jest wouldn't do it. We've been west six years, an haven't been back east but once, an it is time we was doin it again. Of course things won't be jest as we left 'em—they wasn't the other time—but it does me good to talk it all over an see the girls I went to school with, an everybody." That is the principle of it all—to take oneself back to the days of youth and live over the times that were so delightful then and seem far more so now in retrospect.

The Pennsylvanians are perhaps the greatest visitors in the west. There is among them a family affection that is some reflection of the sentiment of the fatherland, and especially is it seen in the emigrants who have that strain in their blood. The agent of a Kansas town railway station was made aware of this one day recently, two years after the emigration of the Quakerlike sect of River Brethren from the Pennsylvania hills to the plains of Kansas. They went to Kansas with their money in their pockets. It was estimated that when the first colony left for the west members had $500,000 in cash with them. One day the agent saw a large party come into the station. Soon one of them came to his window and said:

"I want to know what is the fare to Chambersburg, Pa."

"Thirty-four dollars, spot cash," was the reply of the agent, who thought there was some plan to get a free ride.

"That is all right," replied the man in the broad brimmed hat. "We will take 95 tickets."

While the agent stared, he laboriously counted out $3,230 in small bills, as if a collection had been taken, as indeed it probably had. The whole party went back east for a visit, and since then there have been thousands of dollars more spent at that station every year for the same purpose.

There is in the average westerner's heart, for the first few years of his residence on the plains, a determination that he will, as soon as his ship comes in and there has been amassed a fortune, return and be happy in the land of his youth. As the years go by he loses this feeling, and the visits that he makes to the eastern states intensify the satisfaction with the west that has come to be a part of his maturer nature. He realizes the difference between the ways of his fathers and those of the new generation, and after a few years of life in the breezy west is satisfied nowhere else. Of course he does not think all this. He believes that he would be supremely happy if he could go back. He dreams of the old home and the old friends, forgetful that the latter are mostly in the west like himself, while the home is owned by strangers. Some day he finds that he can go and see it, and when he has done it he comes back, grateful that his lines have been cast in the places that are so pleasant.

The pilgrimage will last until the end of fall. Then it will turn westward, and the tired men and women—mostly the latter, however—will be pouring through the transfer depots laden down with packages of sassafras from the old farm, with canes cut from the grove by the brook and with remembrances for the children.

This visiting is a good thing for the west and for the east. The former is able to present the truth of its conditions to sympathetic listeners, and the latter learns many interesting facts about western life that do not get into the papers. It would be better if the east would make more visits out west. Maybe it will some day. —C. M. Harger in Chicago Times-Herald.

Scrubbing by Electricity.

The electric machine for holystoning the deck of a ship has found its counterpart in an electrical appliance for the scrubbing and mopping of floors. The new machine is fashioned very much after the model of a lawn mower. The operator pushes it along, and three revolving brushes turning at the rate of 400 times a minute, make short work of cleaning the dirtiest floors. A mopping adjustment can take the place of the brushes when necessary. The machine is actuated by a small electric motor which it carries. This motor can be attached to the street or other circuit wherever there is an incandescent lamp. The brushes cover a space 24 inches wide, and the motor develops one-half horsepower. The inventor says he can sweep and scrub 15,000 square feet in three hours, which is less than one-third of the time usually required when the same area is cleaned by hand. The machine also renders possible a great reduction in the amount of help required.

New England Leads In Manufactures.

Mr. Mulhall, the British statistician, states that no country can vie with New England in the matter of manufactures, the value of the output of which represents $319 per inhabitant, while in Great Britain it is $115, in Belgium $53 and in France $71. In 1850 the annual value of manufactures per inhabitant in Great Britain was $111, and but $4 more in 1890, while during the same period in New England it rose from $104 to $319. This shows that British manufactures during 40 years have but little more than kept pace with the population, while those of New England are three times as great per inhabitant.

TRAIN PASSED OVER HIM.

A Boy Whose Skull Is Partly Rubber Loses a Leg.

Sixteen-year-old Frank Haughawont, who lives with his parents at Asbury, on the Jersey Central railroad, was kicked in the head by a mule some months ago. His skull was fractured, and the hospital physicians said that he would not live more than a few hours. At the end of a week he was alive, and the physicians trephined his skull, removing several pieces of bone. Rubber was placed over the exposed parts of the brain. The wounds healed, and the boy recovered.

After being discharged from the hospital Haughawont developed a strange passion for racing with the railroad trains that passed his home. He would sprint along the track by the side of freight trains with great speed. Sometimes he would grab the hand iron on the cars and run alongside until the train slowed up at a watering station, a quarter of a mile away.

At 7 o'clock the other morning, while he was sprinting down the track with a tight hold on the hand iron of a freight car on a fast train, he ran into a pile of stone ballast. He was thrown under the train. Twenty-eight cars passed over him. He was found sitting up between the tracks looking at his right leg, which had been cut off below the knee.

"Go tell pop that I have lost a leg and must go to the hospital," he said coolly to a track walker who ran to him.

He was taken to the Emergency hospital at Somerville, N. J. It was found that his left leg was broken and badly crushed. It may have to be amputated.—Exchange.

A RACE TO THE ALTAR.

An Eloping Pair Outrode an Angry Brother.

Dr. Samuel Delaney Hicks, a prominent physician of Washington, and Miss Lena Speer, daughter of State Treasurer J. W. Speer of Georgia and a niece of Judge Emery Speer of the Eastern district United States court of Georgia, were married the other day after many trials and an exciting chase.

Dr. Hicks first met Miss Speer at Virginia Beach. It was a case of love at first sight. They quietly went to Norfolk and secured a license, suppressing the fact from the newspapers, but could find no minister to marry them.

The story finally got out and was telegraphed far and wide. It was seen by Miss Speer's brother, John Speer, in Atlanta. He decided to try to stop the marriage and left at once. It was a race against time. He arrived at the Beach in the morning, but just as he stepped from the train Miss Speer and Dr. Hicks mounted their bicycles and pedaled with great speed to Lynn Haven Bay, where they persuaded Rev. Dr. Robertson to make them one.

Brother Speer learned of their departure and hired a team, but the bicycle won, and when he arrived the pair had been married. He was angry at first, but calmed down and offered congratulations.

It is said the bride's parents objected bitterly to the match because Dr. Hicks is a divorced man.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

GOT MARRIED FOR FUN.

Eight Young People Afterward Find It a Reality.

District Judge Hamilton of the Eddy district recently issued an order expunging from the records in the county clerk's office of Eddy county, N. M., the marriage record of two couples, serious victims of a mock marriage. Testimony in the case of two other couples was being taken before the district attorney, with a view to asking the judge to issue a similar order.

The episode which entangled these eight young people in the matrimonial net has kept the people of Seven Rivers at a high pitch of excitement for weeks past. While at a dance J. E. Hawley, Thomas Wilson and two other young men got into a matrimonial banter with their respective sweethearts and decided to have a mock marriage. They called upon a patriarchal looking man in the assembly to perform the ceremony, which was done with due solemnity, and when it was done it turned out that the man who performed the rites was a duly qualified justice of the peace from an adjoining precinct.

The girls became alarmed. Their parents hurried them home, and next day certificates of marriage were duly filed by the justice in the county clerk's office. Then the parents of the girls took legal advice and filed suits to have the mock marriages annulled.

President's Portrait to Be on Bills.

There is a plan afoot to put a handsome portrait of President McKinley in the hands of nearly every citizen of the United States. The president, it is said, is not aware of the plan, as the intention is to surprise him.

His features, in fine, have been chosen by the treasury officials to adorn some denomination of the new series of treasury notes on which the bureau of engraving and printing has for some time been engaged.

Now the treasury is hunting high and low for a portrait that shall show the president at his very best. The quest began some time ago, and New York was the first place applied to.

Recently Claude M. Johnson, director of the bureau of engraving and printing at Washington, forwarded a request to Sarony, of Fifth avenue, for copies of all the latest photographs that had been taken by him.

Sarah Ellen.

The languid air is laden with the odor of the roses,
The burly bees are busy in the tassels of the corn,
And down the pasture pathway, where the placid pool reposes,
A man and maid are wooing in the musk of early morn.
The dewdrops flash their diamonds on the fingers of the clover,
A haze of floating amber hangs upon the distant hill,
While from a little window where wild gourd vines climb over
A voice of pent up anger is calling with a will:
"Sarah Ellen! Oh, Sarah Ellen!
De hogs am in de gyarden!
What's dat no 'count niggah, I'd lak to know?"

Higher up the saffron sky the sun is slowly streaming,
The thrush trills gayly from a tree far down upon the creek,
The honeysuckle avenues with insect life are teeming,
And from the cups the humming birds their morning nectar seek.
Far down the sun besprinkled road beyond the greening pasture,
Astride a bag of corn, the boy is riding toward the mill,
And still the lovers bill and coo, unmindful of disaster,
And still the voice is calling with an energetic will:
"Sarah Ellen! Oh, Sarah Ellen!
De hogs am in de gyarden!
What's dat no 'count niggah, I'd lak to know?"

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ZYNO

The Great Mexican Blood Tonic

35c. FOR LARGE $1 BOTTLES.

Unequalled for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Mexican King of Pain. Stops all Pains. 25 CENTS.

Mexican Worm Lozenges Removes all Worms. 25c.

Mexican Herb Ointment For Piles, Cuts and Burns, 25c.

For sale in Lowell only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 Central Street.

SHOW CASES

We have taken the agency of Judkins' Show Cases, and if you are in want of a

SHOW CASE

call and see our assortment.

Show Case Glass a Specialty.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

63-67 MARKET STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 152 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 40 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 10, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 813 Bridge Street, Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Stront & Kinsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SCHOOL SHOES

May seem a little early to mention, but money saving is ever of interest to the wise. For the children, that were $1.25 we are closing out at 85c. a pair. Ladies' Russet Button were $1.50, to close at $1.15. Ladies' Oxford in russet or black, regular price $1.50, now $1.10. We warrant every pair.

N. B.—These goods won't last long at these prices. Buy now and save money.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON STREET.

HOUSE LOTS ON THE EMERY LAND

Over the new Moody Street Bridge, 6025 feet from Old Postoffice, latest improvements

Low Prices. Easy Terms.

INVESTIGATE.

A. J. RYAN, Agent

Room 25A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office) Fifth floor, take elevator. On the land every afternoon.

Trunk Manufactory, 72 Middlesex Street,

(Old Wooden Building.) All orders promptly attended to and work delivered to all parts of the city.

P. F. DEVINE Prop.

Lowell High Grade FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

70-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. [illegible]

Bottler, Nos. 98 and 102 [illegible]

Telephone [illegible]

MORE GOLD SEEKERS OFF

Two Steamers Leave Victoria With Passengers for Klondike

A Heavy Royalty on Mining on the Canadian Side—A Gold Commissioner Appointed for Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 16.—There were in Victoria yesterday close upon 1000 men of every class and from every part of the world who were wildly anxious to get started on the long trip to the new Eldorado. These men had tickets which will carry them to Skagway Bay on the big collier Bristol or on the steamer Islander, both of which sailed yesterday. The Bristol was fitted with bunks and stalls for horses from the bottom of her hold to the top of her cabin deck, and every bunk and stall is occupied, close upon 500 men going on the Bristol, and just as many horses and mules. Even the big collier is filled up, the feed for the animals and the outfits for the men taking up an immense amount of space.

The Islander has just as big a crowd, but much of the space on her is taken up by a contingent of mounted police, their horses, dogs and outfits. They realize that they have a winter's trip before them before they reach Dawson City, and are taking dogs and sleighs.

The horses will be taken as far as possible, and, when they are of no more use, will be killed and used as food for the dogs. A few of the men are going up with the idea of purchasing cheap outfits from men who have become discouraged and are turning back, but most of them are well provided and all are taking pack animals, they having in this respect taken the advice of men who went before and have written of the great difficulty in securing animals or Indians to pack their supplies across the pass.

W. W. E. Canovan of Ottawa, who was a member of the Canadian boundary survey, in which capacity he learned much about Alaska, left on the Islander. Mr. Canovan is going to look over the ground for the Klondyke Placer, Mining and Prospecting company of Bradford, Paris and Ontario. This company will send out a large party in the spring to prospect and work claims in the Canadian Yukon.

GOVERNMENT'S TITHE.

Klondyke Miners Must Pay 10 and 20 Per Cent to Dominion Treasury.

Ottawa, Aug. 16.—The regulations formulated by the Dominion government covering the collection of a royalty on gold mined in the Yukon are published in the official gazette just issued. They are as follows:

"That upon all gold mined on the claims referred to in the regulation for the government of placer mining along the Yukon river and its tributaries a royalty of 10 per cent shall be levied and collected by officers to be appointed for the purpose, provided that the amount mined and taken from a single claim does not exceed $500 per week, and in case the amount mined and taken from any single claim exceeds $500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 10 per cent upon the amount so taken out, up to $500, and upon the excess or amount taken from any single claim over $500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 20 per cent, such royalty to form part of the consolidated revenue and to be accounted for by the officers who collect the same in due course.

"That the times and manner in which such royalty shall be collected and the persons who shall collect the same shall be provided for by regulations to be made by the gold commissioner, and that the gold commissioner be and is hereby given authority to make such regulations and rules accordingly.

"That default in payment of such royalty, if continued for 10 days after notice has been posted upon the claim in respect of which it is demanded, or in the vicinity of such claim, by the gold commissioner or his agent, shall be followed by the cancellation of the claim.

"That any attempt to defraud the crown by withholding any part of the revenue thus provided for by making false statements of the amount taken out may be punished by cancellation of the claim, in respect of which fraud or false statements have been committed or made; and that in respect of facts as to such fraud or false statement or nonpayment of royalty, the decision of the gold commissioner shall be final."

COTTON CROP PROSPECTS.

New Orleans, Aug. 16.—H. M. McNeil, the well known cotton statistican, has issued a circular on the growing crop. After referring to the correctness of his estimates made in July, 1894, of the crop of the season, Mr. McNeil says: "At this moment for this year, the promise is equal to any previous year in every state but Texas, and on the present acreage, even allowing that Texas should fall short of her maximum production per acre by 1,000,000 bales the, cotton outlook is for a crop of at least 9,750,000, with 500,000 to 1,000,000 within the range of possibilities. This figure of 9,750,000 is really very conservative, for a product per acre outside of Texas equal to 1894-95 would give 7,350,000 bales, and a maximum for Texas would be 3,950,000 bales, from which, allowing 1,000,000 off, you would have a crop of 10,000,000 bales. The crop is now so far advanced from recent rains and heat that it will reach maturity and be independent of frost at an unusually early date, and should be soon have good rains in Texas, her crop also would be near perfection, and the possibilities for the total crop would then be something enormous."

STORM AT ATHOL.

Athol, Mass., Aug. 16.—A severe thunder storm, accompanied by heavy wind, struck Athol about 5 p. m. yesterday, damaging property and obstructing travel. The duration of the storm was very brief, but the wind was cyclonic in force. The outbuildings of D. F. Procter, on the Orange road, were demolished, and a grove of large pines near his house levelled to the ground. The road leading to South Athol and Orange was rendered impassable by falling trees. In town several accidents resulted from horses being scared by falling branches. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Derby, with a friend and little son, were driving through Main street when a limb, broken from a pine tree, struck their horse, rendering him unmanageable. The ladies jumped from the carriage, which was upset by the wind and the horse's actions. Mrs. Derby was rendered unconscious through fright, but none of the party sustained serious injuries.

POM KWANG SOH CREMATED.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The body of Pom Kwang Soh, the former Korean minister to this country, whose death occurred here last Friday, was yesterday cremated according to the expressed wish of the deceased, and his ashes placed in the keeping of the present minister, Chin Pom Ye. Later they may be returned to Korea. Yesterday afternoon the body was taken from the Fourteenth street residence, where it had lain in state, and conveyed to Lee's crematory on Pennsylvania avenue, followed by a long line of carriages containing personal friends and prominent members of the Blavatsky branch of the Theosophical society, of which Mr. Soh was a member. The brief and simple funeral services were conducted by George M. Collin, president of the society.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Gertrude Tompkins, wife of Eugene Tompkins of Boston, died very suddenly of heart failure yesterday aboard the steam yacht Illawarra, which arrived at this port Saturday night. Mrs. Tompkins had been in apparently good health until within a few days, but nothing serious was expected. She arose as usual and went to the cabin and laid down, and a few minutes later was found by her husband laying on the floor dead. The remains were taken to Boston last night by special train.

NEW 12-POUND HAMMER RECORD.

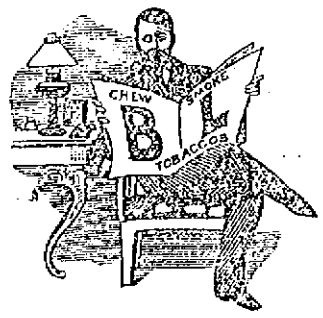
New York, Aug. 16.—Thomas Flannagan, a brother of James Flannagan, the champion hammer thrower, threw the 12-pound hammer 163 feet 4 inches at the Catholic club games at Baldwin park, Jersey City Heights, yesterday. The largest authentic throw of this missile previously made was 149 feet, at the class games of the University of Pennsylvania last spring.

WELL KNOWN TRAVELING MAN.

Deering, Me., Aug. 16.—Charles O. Lord, aged 62, a well known and successful traveling man, died suddenly Saturday. Mr. Lord commenced the shoe business in Lewiston under the firm name of Lord & House in 1866. In 1876 he entered the employ of A. F. Cox & Son of Portland, where he continued as a traveling salesman until his death.

MAINE AGRICULTURAL REPORT.

Augusta, Me., Aug. 16.—The 29th annual report of the secretary of the Maine board of agriculture, Hon. B. W. McKeen, is ready to send out. It contains 21 fine cuts of scenery, showing model farm surroundings, etc. Cuts are also given showing farm implements of most approved patterns. The report contains 600 pages. Practical road improvement is a feature, and the secretary has given much attention to the chemistry of meats and their cooking. The work of the Maine agriculture experiment station is embraced in 180 pages of interesting and instructive matter. The volume concludes with the detailed report of the work of the State Pomological society for the year ended. The report is one of the most comprehensive and instructive gotten out by the board.



After Work

keen satisfaction and solid comfort comes with every pipe or chew of

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TOBACCOS

"World's Fair" cut plug smokes about right.

STRIKING MINERS

Depressed by Rain and Injunctions

PLANS OF LEADER PARTHY BROKEN UP

Evictions From Company's Houses Begun.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—A leadened sky and fitful showers contributed to the feeling of depression which existed at the miners' camps and Turtle and Plum Creeks yesterday. The men huddled together under the commissary tents and, having nothing else to do, put in the time smoking and discussing the strike in all its phases. The spirit of aggressiveness, however, has largely died out. The same grim determination to stick it out until starvation brings defeat or victory is apparent, but there are no propositions to attain their end by force or to go contrary to the sheriff's orders.

There was no marching yesterday. This has been the usual custom at all the camps of Sundays, but even if it had been otherwise the strict orders of the strike leaders would have prevented them. Sunday has usually been used by the men to do missionary work among the working miners. None of them attempted to see any of them, however, and kept severely away from the company houses.

The march into Westmoreland county will begin as soon as the injunction is settled in court. Much anxiety is expressed as to the outcome. The men stake everything on their ability to show the right to assemble and march on the public roads.

There was a large mass meeting at Plum Creek. About 1000 strikers and 20 miners from the Plum Creek mine were present. Speeches were made by President Ratchford, Samuel Gompers, James H. Sovereign and the local leaders. The meeting was orderly and there was no interference from the deputies.

Evictions from the company houses have begun. One family has already been evicted and their household goods are on the roadside near Centre. It is probable that more evictions will take place today.

WATCHING FOR ANARCHISTS.

New York, Aug. 16.—The Times says: In obedience to the orders of Immigration Commissioner Fitchie of this port the immigration inspectors yesterday made special search among the cabin and steerage passengers of La Bretagne for Paianas and Tarrida Marmol, Spanish anarchists, who have been ordered to leave Europe since the assassination of Canovas, and are expected here. The inspectors said at the barge office last night that they were sure neither of the men was on La Bretagne, or any other vessel which arrived here. If they come they will be taken to the barge office and held subject to the decision of the commissioners. They will be sent back unless they can establish in the courts their right to land. Several men suspected with good reason of anarchistic sentiments have been quietly deported during the last few years, and none of them resisted. Since 1893 the rule that anarchists must return to the ports they sail from has been enforced here, but whether this action will be sustained by the courts is doubted by the commissioners themselves. An attempt was made in congress 14 years ago to enact a law forbidding the admission of anarchists and nihilists, but it was abandoned because the labor organizations made an outcry against it. Since then the immigration officials have applied the spirit of the law, depending on the discretion given them by the present law. They rule that people who are opposed to governments of all kinds and ready to overthrow them by violence are not only "undesirable persons," but are likely to become public charges, because their methods of life and speech tend to cause them to be arrested and imprisoned.

ROBBED HIS EMPLOYER.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 16.—W. S. Grant of Providence, who was employed at Bochteries' bakery at the pier, left town Friday and is charged with taking $100 belonging to his employer. The police, who have been looking for him since, located him in Saunderstown, where he was captured yesterday. Thirty-two dollars of the stolen money was returned.

TWO STORMS MET.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 16.—Two terrific thunder showers met here at noon yesterday, and the result was nearly a cyclone and a cloudburst. Two yachts at anchor in the harbor were swept from their anchorage out into the bay, and Captain Allen, in a small catboat, was blown ashore. It was quite a phenomenon, the wind blowing from the east and west at the same time.

MAUSERS FOR MEXICAN ARMY.

Mexico City, Aug. 16.—General Francisco Z. Mena, secretary of communications and public works, has been commissioned to go to Berlin and personally receive from the manufacturers 26,000 Mauser rifles and 10 rapid-firing guns, with which the Mexican army is to be equipped.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

ASSAULT ON BACHELORS

Charlotte Smith Thinks They are Morally Unfit for Office

Hill, Quincy and Curtis Held up as Horrible Examples—Mrs. Smith is President of a Womans' Rescue League.

Boston, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Charlotte Smith has furnished the press with the following letter:

Boston, Aug. 16.

To the Chairmen of the Republican and Democratic City Committee:

Gentlemen—The Women's Rescue league wishes earnestly to protest to you and to the voters of this city against the renomination of Edwin U. Curtis and Josiah Quincy for mayor of Boston. There are many reasons why they should not be selected as the standard-bearers of your parties in the fall contest, which is to be entered upon in a very short time. Both Mr. Curtis and Mr. Quincy are bachelors, and the Women's Rescue league holds that no man can be a good, honorable and upright citizen and hold a position of public trust, conferred upon him by the honest citizens of Boston, who has not entered into the holy bonds of wedlock.

Bachelors have always been failures as chief magistrates and legislators in this and every other country for the reason that the morals of a city or country cannot be upheld except by one who is himself a benedict and fears all that is morally wrong.

Both your candidates are bachelors and bachelor politicians are narrow-minded, selfish, egotistical and cowardly.

David B. Hill of New York, who posed as the bachelor presidential candidate is a typical illustration of this class of men. He is morally selfish.

Therefore, it is about time to organize anti-bachelor clubs in this state. It should be the purpose of every young woman to look up the record of every man who is looking for votes, and, should his moral character be such that would unfit him for office, then his shortcomings should be the point of attack by the anti-bachelor women of Massachusetts. There are 47,000 girls between the ages of 20 and 29 years in this state who cannot find husbands as there is that number less men.

As to the bachelor politicians, they do not dare discuss the social evil question. We have too many temporarily married politicians on the market.

In conclusion we hope that these two aspirants shall not be given the nominations through your efforts, but you should relegate them once more to private life where they belong, there to lose the name they glory in.

Respectfully,
Charlotte Smith,
President Women's Rescue League.

ARMY OF HEROES

Reunion of the Soldiers of the Potomac

TO BE HELD AT TROY NEXT FRIDAY

Pres. McKinley Will be Present.

Troy, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The 25th annual meeting of the Army of the Potomac which will be held in this city Friday and Saturday is to be an event of more than usual importance, because of the presence of President McKinley, Vice President Hobart, Governor Frank S. Black and Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff. The parade will be a grand demonstration. The list of organizations which will participate is remarkably large, and the showing of the troops will be excellent. It is probable that there will be more than 5000 men in line.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the decoration of the city, and the streets will present a brilliant appearance. The military division of the parade will be composed of 1500 national guardsmen.

The president's party will arrive in Troy from Bluff Point Friday morning, and the program arranged is as follows:

Friday morning meetings of the various army corps. At 3 p. m. the parade, and at 5 p. m. a business meeting will be held in the city hall. Public exercises will be held at Music hall in the evening, at which addresses of welcome will be delivered by Governor Black and Mayor Molloy and the president of the society will respond. An oration will be delivered by Major C. A. Woodruff, U. S. A., and a poem by Captain Rossiter W. Raymond, U. S. V., will be given. President McKinley will also be one of the speakers.

SENATOR GEORGE DEAD.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 16.—The remains of the late Senator James Z. George, who died at Mississippi City Saturday, reached this city yesterday and were met at the railroad station by an immense crowd. A line of march was formed and the remains conveyed to the rotunda of the capitol, where they lie in state under military guard. Immediately after the remains were placed on the flowery bier in the capitol the lid of the coffin was removed and a continuous throng of people passed in line to view for the last time the face of the dead senator. Today the remains of the late senator will be taken to Carrollton, Miss., for burial by the side of his wife, who died only a few weeks ago.

CHIEF ARTHUR APPLAUDED.

Providence, Aug. 16.—The meetings of the Brotherhood men in this city were continued yesterday afternoon in Music hall by a meeting for all men in the train service, both union and non-union. It was well attended and extremely enthusiastic. A statement by Chief Arthur caused a great applause. He answered a question as to his opinion on federation. Said he: "So far as the engineers are concerned they put themselves on record at their convention in St. Paul. All you have to do, if you want federation on any road in this country, is to vote for it and you grand chief will approve of it."

HON. A. B. WRIGHT'S FUNERAL.

North Adams, Mass., Aug. 16.—The arrangements for the funeral of Congressman Ashley B. Wright, who died Saturday, have not yet been completed, but the services will probably be held tomorrow, with the interment at Hinsdale.

WILLIS BURIED.

Taunton, Mass., Aug. 16.—Brief funeral services were held here yesterday over the remains of Herbert A. Willis, the Charlestown convict. The body was interred today.

PRES. McKINLEY

Attended Church With His Party Yesterday

WITNESSED A SHARP ELECTRIC STORM ON CHAMPLAIN

A Dress Parade of Infantry This Week.

Bluff Point, N. Y., Aug. 16.—President McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Mrs. Alger and Master Hobart comprised the presidential party which attended service at the Trinity Episcopal church yesterday.

After the service was over the president held back, evidently wishing to mingle with the congregation in going out of the church, but the people also remained standing in their pews, seemingly unwilling to precede the presidential party in going out of the church.

The president remained indoors after his return to the hotel. He was an interested observer of the great electrical storm which visited the Champlain valley in the afternoon.

The president and party will witness a dress parade of the Twenty-first infantry at the garrison today, when regimental colors, the gift of Vice President Hobart, will be presented by Garret A. Hobart, Jr.

On Wednesday evening a military ball in the president's honor will be given at Hotel Champlain.

HER BURNS WERE FATAL.

New York, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Elizabeth Callinor, otherwise known as Bessie Jackson, the soubrette, who was mysteriously burned on Saturday morning in a West Thirty-third street boarding house, died yesterday from her injuries at a hospital. Mrs. Mary Ann Patterson, the boarding house mistress, who was said to have thrown a lighted lamp at the young woman, was held for further examination by the magistrate at the Jefferson market police court. In her dying statement to Coroner Hoeber, Mrs. Callinor denied that Mrs. Patterson had caused her injuries, and intimated that she was accidentally set on fire by a cigaret. Mrs. Callinor came to this city from Boston four months ago.

FIGHTING AGAIN IN INDIA.

Bombay, Aug. 16.—A telegram from Cherat says that sharp fighting was heard Saturday evening in the direction of Fort Shabkadr. There is great excitement at Peshawar. The women and children who have been in the cantonments at Cherat have gone into the Murree hills, northwest of Rawalpindi.

First class job printing at this office.

PARSONS PILLS

Best Liver Pill Made

Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts; five $1. Pamphlet free. L. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its great power. It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick, sensitive sufferers. Internal and External. It cures every form of inflammation. Pleasant to take dropped on sugar for colds, coughs, cramps, harm, bruises, all soreness.

I am ninety-one years and nine months old, was born September 17, 1706. I have been a standard bearer for Johnson's Anodyne Liniment more than fifty years. Have found no for it ever since. I have found it superior to any other. Mrs. Wealthy L. Todkin, East Corinth, Me.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free. The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents. Six bottles, $1.00. I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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All Grocers Sell It.

Cleans Everything.

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THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
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EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes one's a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent everywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

Honest Value for Your Money

WE HAVE THE BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Our stores are filled with shoes which we are selling at lower prices than any other store in Lowell.

Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
Ladies' Serge Congress, 49c.
Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring Heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
A Good Wearing Ladies' Shoe, three different styles, 98c.
A Splendid Bargain in Children's Shoes for 65c. and 75c.
An Excellent Wearing Shoe for Boys for 85c.
The Men's Shoes we sell for $1.00 are worth $1.50.

It will pay you to look in our windows if you are coming down street today. We are constantly putting in small lots of shoes which we sell below cost.

WE GIVE TRADING COUPONS.

Boulger's White Shoe Stores

115 CENTRAL and 292 BRIDGE STS.

CATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE RECORD IS BROKEN

All other offers in this line are nothing when this one is considered.

W. F. Trumbell Will Sell a LARGE WALNUT UPRIGHT PIANO FOR $98.00

Stool, Cover and Book are included. Who can say that Trumbell does not lead in great bargains. Come to-morrow if you will have this fine Piano for almost nothing.

101 Westford St.

Is the Place.

WHEN YOU ARE THIRSTY

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Associate Building, 322 Merrimack Street.

SAMUEL ORR, Manager.

An Arizona City Adopts Henry George's Theory.

The first town in the United States to adopt the single tax idea as embodied in the writings and beliefs of Henry George is Prescott, Ariz. The initiative and referendum, single tax and female suffrage would seem to be a curious combination to be adopted by a

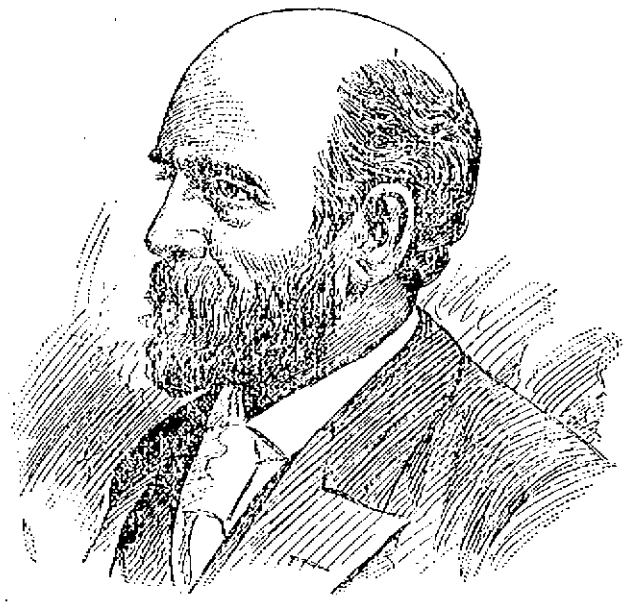
WILLIAM O'NEIL, MAYOR OF PRESCOTT.

municipality in Arizona, but all three have been accepted by Prescott, and all preliminaries necessary to carrying into operation the three plans for political advancement have been arranged.

All this has been commenced in a spirit of good natured political experiment upon the part of the citizens of Prescott, they having assured themselves that through the experiment no loss can result to the municipality. More than to any other cause the experiment is due to the persuasive powers of the mayor, "Bucky" O'Neill, otherwise William O'Neill, the perpetual candidate of the Populist party in Arizona for the office of delegate in congress and an enthusiastic believer in the initiation and ability of the people to rid themselves of existing political evils. Bill O'Neill is the only Populist concerned in the change. The town is strongly Republican in politics, and the complexion of the city council is the same, though mayor and council were elected on a nonpartisan basis.

With the sanction of the city council, one of O'Neill's first acts on assuming magisterial rules was to appear before the territorial legislature with the draft of a bill applying to cities of 3,000 to 4,000 inhabitants and permitting the adoption of the three ideas noted. The bill, as it could concern only Prescott, went through the legislature quietly, and it is doubtful if a majority of the members knew what they were voting on.

William O'Neill, the mayor of the town, is well known on the Pacific



HENRY GEORGE.

coast as a writer of short stories with a wild western flavor.

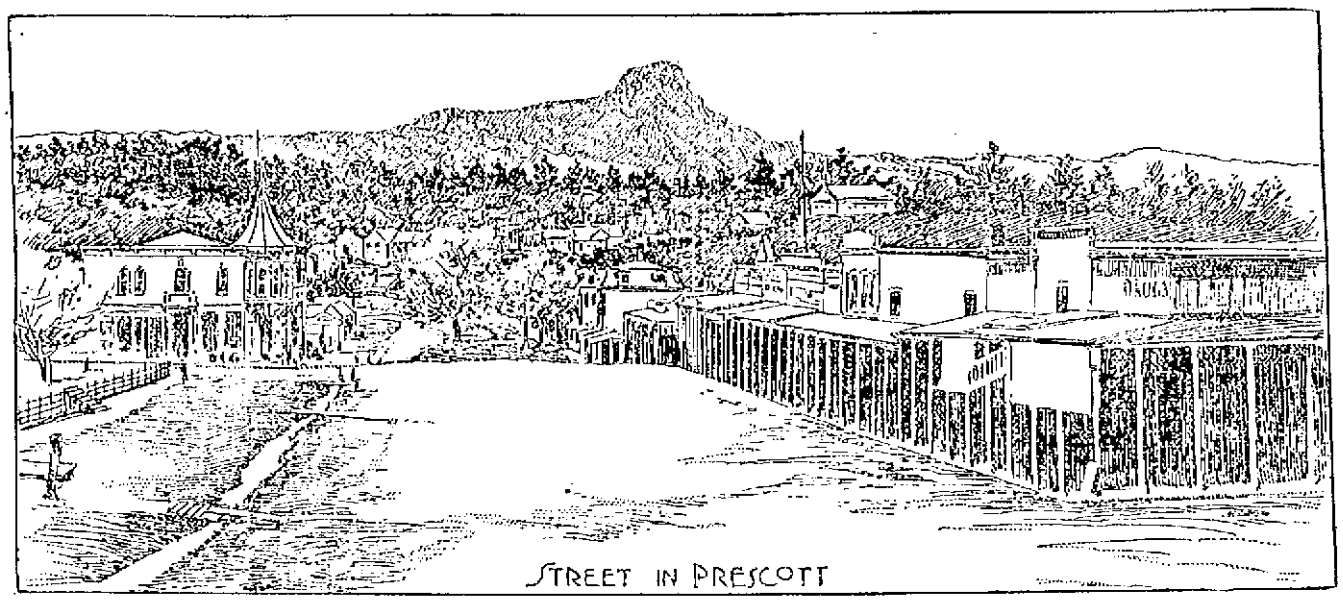
On the Monday following the suggestions contained in a message from the mayor the Prescott city council began the single tax movement by imposing a tax of $2 on every lot in the city, whether improved or unimproved, the idea being to abolish licenses, with one exception, and to gradually increase the tax on lots until all improvements and personal property are exempt from municipal taxation. The single exception on licenses is to be the saloons, which licenses, it is proposed, shall be raised to something like $1,000 per annum. This move is supported by all of the better class of such resorts.

The mayor's message, which also recommended a street tax on male citizens of $2 per annum, said in relation to the single tax recommendation that the present method of taxation involved on the part of some residents payment of taxes on four different bases—namely, a tax on his lot, a tax on his building, a tax on his stock or tools and a license tax. "Through this system," the message continues, "in addition to the risks and loss through failure or misfortune in business, the industry and energy of this class of men, who, by building up a business or industry, add to the prosperity or wealth of the community, are taxed fourfold to the real estate speculator's once, although it is the work of the commercial and industrial classes that alone gives value to any lot in Prescott. Take from Prescott its commercial and industrial interests, and every lot within its limits would be valueless. It is therefore but right that these interests and the men engaged in them should be as fairly treated as is possible in the way of equitable taxation."

Prescott is the county seat of Yavapai county, and that county embraces one of the richest gold regions on our continent. Of course this is saying a great deal, but it is quite true. The largest single nugget of gold ever discovered was picked up in Arizona and weighed out $3,600, and the territory numbers within its borders some of the richest mines in the world. The names of Wickenburg, Congress, Harqua Hala, Pine Mountain, Hillside, Jerome, etc., are known everywhere as having produced countless millions, and nearly all of them are in the county of which Prescott is the local capital.

Yavapai county is, however, not only a vast mineral belt, but is also a splendid stock country, and its agricultural capabilities, not yet fully developed by any means, are rich and susceptible of sustaining a large population. The valleys of Verde, Williamson, Lynx, Date, Chino and other creeks, also the Agua Fria river, only await the conservation and utilization of the waters of their streams to become prosperous agricultural communities, as they are now, most of them, wealth producing from precious ores. During the winter months these people of Yavapai make a warm resort of Phenix, where they enjoy the mildness of May during the coldest months, and then, during the heated season, they lie in tents to the mountain heights or to Prescott to spend the summer.

Prescott nestles in a vale of surpassing beauty, among high hills of volcanic make, and Granite dell, not far from town, is as picturesque a spot of upheaved rocks as can be found anywhere. The place is well cared for, is lighted by electricity, owns its own waterworks, has several public school buildings, numerous church edifices, one first class banking house, the Bank of Arizona, and one establishment where insolence and usury are practiced, much to the injury of local interests. There are several good hotels, an artificial ice manufactory, two daily newspapers, a trotting park and a Chinese laundryman in almost every other house in town.



STREET IN PRESCOTT

Historic Reminiscences of Prof. Morse, the Inventor.

Sixty years ago this month Samuel F. B. Morse was wrestling with a great invention. Like Jacob of old, he would not let go until a blessing was won, and he did not let go until he had made a

PROFESSOR MORSE.

successfully operated telegraph instrument, using a code of letter signs which is the accepted standard today.

Like many a great man of the past and present, Morse began his life in the Old Bay State and not very far from the gilded dome of the statehouse.

Samuel Finley Breese Morse was born in what was known as the old Edes mansion on Main street, Charlestown, nearly opposite Chapman street and a short distance below Thompson square. The old house has an interesting history and, aside from being the birthplace of the distinguished inventor, is also renowned as being the oldest house in Charlestown and the first building erected after the destruction of the town, June 17, 1775.

At the time of the birth of Professor Morse his father, the Rev. Dr. Jedediah Morse, had accepted the hospitality of his friend and parishioner, Thomas Edes, while the parsonage on Town hill was being erected. The visit was prolonged by several delays, and during this time the birth of his first child, Samuel F. B. Morse, occurred. The latter was born in the front chamber of the second story of the house. Over the window of that room there is now a marble tablet which marks the event in the following inscription:

"Here was born Samuel Finley Breese Morse, 27 April, 1791. Inventor of the Electric Telegraph."

There is another marble inscription on the four story brownstone house 5 West Twenty-second street, New York, which states that the inventor spent the last years of his life there in the enjoyment of his well earned honors and died there in 1872. The building is shortly to be torn down to make room for one of the modern skyscraper office buildings, and in a few weeks laborers will probably commence the work of desecration.

The mansion in Charlestown was the home of the late Captain Robert Ball Edes and was built by his great-grandfather, David Wood, Sr., soon after the reoccupation of the town, on the site of his former place of abode. The former home was burned in the general destruction of the habitations on the day of the battle of Bunker Hill. The estate on which the house was originally erected was in the possession of Robert Chalkeley previous to the year 1656.

On his death the property was sold by his widow in 1676 to Mr. Josiah Wood and remained in the possession of the Wood family for nearly two centuries. At the close of the war of the Revolution it passed into the hands of Thomas Edes and descended to Captain Robert Ball Edes.

The tradition that the mansion was erected before the Revolution probably referred to that owned by Colonel David Wood, Jr., which stood just south of the Edes house, which was then occupied by his father, David Wood, Sr. It is said that Colonel Wood's house escaped the general destruction of June 17, 1775, and was occupied during the siege of Boston by a British commissary.

The old house is interesting both from a historical standpoint and as a relic of colonial architecture. During the present century it has undergone a change that has deprived it of much of the attractiveness that it must have originally possessed. When it came into the hands of Thomas Edes, Jr., in 1818, it had a much different appearance from that of today. It was then described as being built of wood, three stories high, the upper story low and set back a few feet from the street. From the sloping roof rose four of the large chimneys common at that time. The roof was surmounted in the center by an ornamental railing inclosing a space several feet square. The front door was on Main street and in the center of the dwelling. A low wooden fence of neat design inclosed the estate, and on either side large elm trees afforded shade.

With the rapid growth of the town changes were made in the old house to accommodate its owners. The lower story was utilized for business uses and enlarged by extending it to the street. The trees and the fence disappeared as space became more valuable, the railing and two of the large chimneys on the roof were removed, and the interior was remodeled to some extent to allow room for another family.

But, despite the changes made in various parts of the house, the general exterior remains much the same. With one exception it is the only house of the same style in Charlestown.

Rev. E. G. Porter at a recent meeting of the Massachusetts Historical society read a paper on "The Morse Tablet at Rome," which is affixed to a house in the Via del Prefetti. Mr. Porter also said:

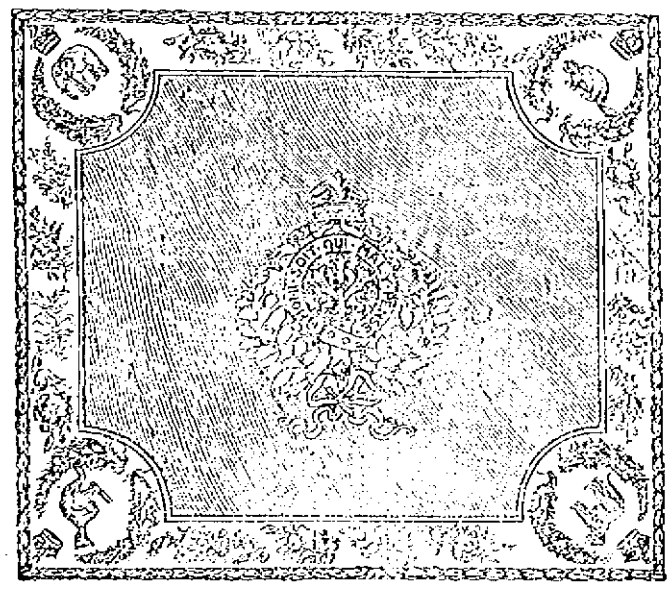
"The tablet does not say where Charlestown is, not even in what country, but as New York is mentioned it is readily assumed that Charlestown is somewhere in that part of the world. It is interesting to know that Morse's first work after leaving college was a somewhat ambitious study of the 'Landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth,' painted in his father's parsonage on the hill and forgotten for more than half a century when it was found, with the artist's name on the back of it, amid the rubbish in the attic of the city hall at Charlestown.

"It was brought down and hung in the mayor's office, and it may now be seen on the walls of the Public library in the same building. The canvas is about 5½ by 4½ feet. There are two prominent figures. One, partly enveloped in a cloak, stands apparently in the prow of a small open boat. The other, on the right, is a fine, tall figure, with belt, sash, drawn sword, leather breeches and high top boots, wading in the water. Between them two men are dimly seen in the boat, one of them pointing toward the shore."

WHERE MORSE WAS BORN.

THE IMPERIAL CARPET OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

The royal carpet, which was first used by Queen Victoria at the great state ceremonies at Buckingham palace in commemoration of the sixtieth year of her majesty's reign, originated with Princess Mary Adelaide, duchess of Teck, who has taken the very greatest interest in every detail of the design, which is symbolical of the strength, dominion and unity of the empire over which her majesty reigns. It is the combined gift of her royal highness, the Duke of Teck, their family and some 60 counties represented by lady secretaries of the British Silk association, promoters of British industry. The ground of the carpet is of the richest crimson, on which are found lighter shades of the same, the Tudor rose and the star of India. In the center is the garter, of royal blue and gold, surrounding the monogram "V. R. I." and surmount-



THE QUEEN'S CARPET.

ed by the crown, from which flow two ribbons bearing the dates 1837-1897. This central device is supported by a magnificent chaplet of laurels. The four corners represent, respectively, India by the tiger, Australia by the kangaroo, Canada by the beaver and South Africa by the elephant. Each animal is supported by a chaplet of oak, symbol of the mutual strength of Great Britain and her colonies, and surmounted by the crown of imperial supremacy. Connecting these corners and intwined by a broad ribbon of blue are the rose, shamrock, thistle and lotus on a ground of ivory color, the whole framed in with a band of oak leaves in gold on ruby. The make is real axminster, so that machinery was dispensed with, and each of the 4,262,000 stitches has been tied by hand.

THE NATION'S LIBRARIAN.

Mr. John Russell Young, the new librarian of congress, is probably best known as the author of the book entitled "Around the World With General Grant."

It was during his residence in London in 1877 that Mr. Young was invited by General Grant to accompany him on his famous tour around the world. In the two years he passed in the constant companionship of the great soldier was laid the foundation of a friendship only interrupted by the death of General Grant. Mr. Young wrote many brilliant articles describing the scenes and incidents of the tour and afterward revised and published them in two large volumes.

Mr. Young began his newspaper career at the age of 16 years, when he became a copy holder to the proofreaders on the Philadelphia Press. He was soon made a reporter, and his advance in his chosen profession was so rapid that before he was of age he was one of the editorial writers. When the editor of that journal, the late Colonel John W. Forney, was elected secretary of the United States senate, he took Mr. Young to Washington with him as his private secretary. While engaged in that capacity Mr. Young continued to write for The Press, and when the battle of Bull Run was fought he was present in the capacity of war correspondent and won no little credit by his description of that engagement. He remained with the Army of the Potomac as a correspondent until after the battle of Williamsburg, when an attack of typhoid fever compelled him to return to Philadelphia. Succeeding his recovery Mr. Young was appointed managing editor of the Philadelphia Press.

In 1872 he accepted an editorial position on the New York Herald and took up his residence in Europe, having charge of its foreign news service and serving The Herald in Paris and London as well as on the European continent.

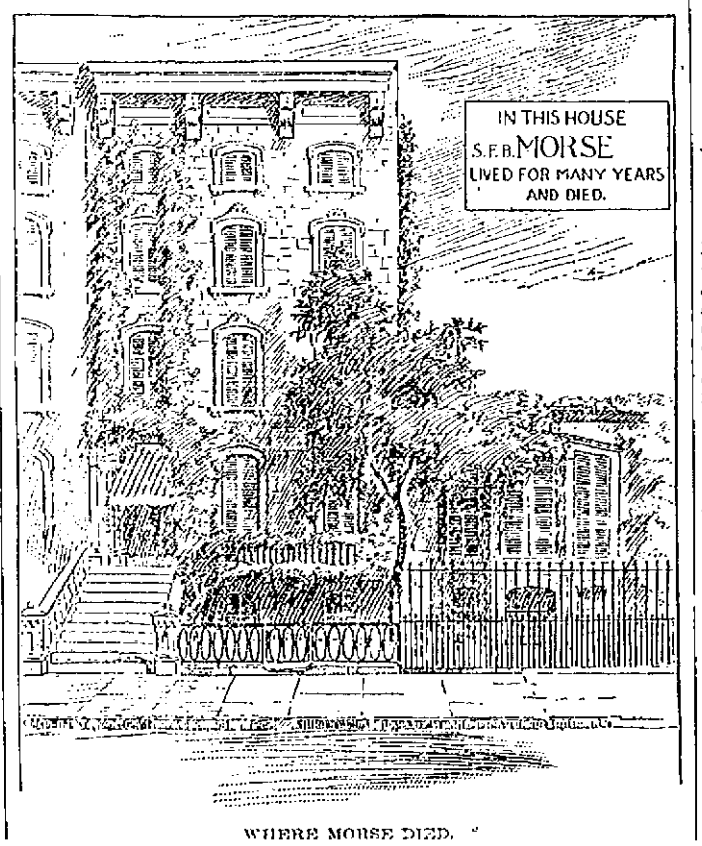
In 1882 he was appointed minister to China by President Arthur.

Under the reorganization of the executive staff of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company made by President A. A. McLeod in 1892 he was appointed fourth and afterward fifth vice president, but resigned when the company went into the hands of receivers in the following year.

Ainsworth R. Spofford, recently librarian and now assistant librarian of the Congressional library, was appointed to that position by President Lincoln in 1864.

Mr. Spofford is one of the most remarkable men to be seen in Washington. He is 64 years old, tall, thin and nervous as a spaniow. His manners are those of 50 years ago. His bows, his waves of the hand and his accurately measured courtesy are not affectations and are in sharp contrast to the grating brusquenesss of some of the overbearing one session congressmen who ostentatiously walk into the library and in a loud and disturbing tone that echoes all through the silent corridors demand a certain volume to be immediately brought to Congressman Soandso in the house of representatives, sirrah.

The prodigious memory of Librarian Ainsworth Spofford, his remarkable ability to locate any book among the hundreds of thousands under his charge and his familiarity with the contents of most of them are the basis for many good stories.



WHERE MORSE DIED.

NEW YORK TO BE A CITY OF LUTHERANS.

Greater New York will be the greatest Lutheran city in the world. The figures are as follows: New York—churches, 34; communicants, 15,991; Sunday school members, 13,653; value of property, $2,010,000; Brooklyn—churches, 39; communicants, 16,169; Sunday school members, 13,003; value of property, $1,705,000; Staten Island—churches, 4; communicants, 749; Sunday school members, 410; value of property, $50,000; Long Island—churches, 9; communicants, 1,361; Sunday school members, 1,058; value of property, $100,000; total—churches, 86; communicants, 31,273; Sunday school members, 28,241; value, $3,895,000.

In Jersey City and other places across the river within 5 miles of the city hall of New York are to be found, in addition, 14 churches, 5,455 communicant members, 5,635 Sunday school members and church property valued at $105,000. This gives a grand total for the territory within 10 miles of the city hall of 100 churches, 39,728 communicants, 33,879 Sunday school members and property valued at $1,000,000. There are also 1 orphanage, 3 hospitals, 6 immigrant missions, 2 homes for the aged and 1 deaconess home. The gospel is preached in three places in 8 different languages.

A PRECOCIOUS BOY PREACHER.

The Rev. John E. de Merritt is the youngest ordained minister in the world. He lives at Newport, Neb., with his parents, who are in very reduced circumstances. Though he has been attracting attention for some time as a most precocious child, the most extraordinary ability of the youth as a pulpit orator was not suspected until recently, when he commenced to participate extensively in revival work.

The boy was born in a dugout near Broken Bow, Neb., Oct. 4, 1885. He attended the Sunday school at Broken Bow and began his religious life in the early part of his tenth year. It was first by talking to some children in a cellar under a store in Broken Bow. He began preaching to the older people in the Baptist church of that place the same year.

The boy's father is a merchant in a small way and not able to educate the child as the little fellow's wonderful talent warrants. The parents appreciate thoroughly what might be accomplished by the infant preacher if he were given the opportunity to secure a higher education. The boy is very economical, saves every cent given him for his services and purchases books.

He has read the Bible through no less than three times and is very well acquainted with all passages of importance. Some one gave him a few volumes of Biblical Commentator Clark's works, and with these he studies out all doubtful clauses in the Bible and prepares his sermons. He never speaks from notes, and his whole delivery is of an extemporaneous nature.

REV. JOHN E. DE MERRITT.

CURRENT EVENTS

AN ALASKAN PIONEER.

Professor Lindeman, After Whom Lake Lindeman Is Named.

Lake Lindeman, often erroneously spelled Lindermann, marks one of the stages on the overland route to the Klondike goldfields. It is there that the gold hunters stop to build boats with which to navigate the Yukon. This lake

PROFESSOR E. C. LINDEMAN.

was named in honor of Professor E. C. Lindeman, a veteran scientist, mineralogist and explorer who is now living, as he has lived many years past, in Denver. Professor Lindeman is 67 years old. Forty years ago he traveled extensively in Alaska and British Columbia, visiting many of the localities which are now swarming with fortune hunters and whose names have within the last few months become familiar to every newspaper reader in the country.

It was in 1856 that he first saw the Yukon. He was then a member of a large exploring party, many of whose members left their bones in those frozen, desolate wastes. For 17 months he traveled about the country, reaching a point nearly 1,000 miles north of the lower Yukon navigation. Even at that early day it was known that there was gold in Alaska and a noted Russian scientist had so reported to his government, but it seems that his report was given but little attention. Professor Lindeman himself found many specimens and picked up nuggets of gold at the foot of Katrin hill, fully 800 miles north of the Klondike, a spot which it is doubtful if any other white man has ever visited since. Subsequently he made other trips about Alaska and knows the country thoroughly.

The professor advises prospectors to carry with them enough condensed food to last for a year, and he says that it is possible to prepare food in such a way that 50 pounds will be sufficient. He always prepared his own provisions and is willing to give any miner directions so that it can be done at home. Professor Lindeman has also visited the goldfields of South Africa and Australia. He is a native of Pennsylvania, but acquired his education and his knowledge of minerals at European universities.

WOMAN'S CUBAN LEAGUE.

A Philanthropic and Patriotic Organization of Washington Women.

A little more than two months ago a small band of Washington women organized a society for the purpose of extending material relief to the thousands of suffering women and children in Cuba. The organization is known as the Woman's Cuban league, and already the movement has become national in scope, for plans are being formed to plant branches in every city in the union. The object is to raise funds that clothes, provisions, medicines and skilled nurses may be sent to the oppressed, war stricken and suffering patriots.

The league has been incorporated and chartered for humanitarian purposes. It is strictly nonpartisan and nonpolitical, and among its members are many women of prominence in various parts of the country. The officers are all residents of Washington. Most of them are more

MRS. CLARA BELLE BROWN.

or less known in public and social life, several of them being newspaper women of marked ability.

Mrs. Clara Belle Brown, the director general of the league, is a clever writer, and as a musician, song writer and lecturer shows that her talents are of no ordinary quality. Mrs. Brown is of southern birth, but her father was a colonel in the Union army.

Her interest in Cuba is as inherent as her love of liberty. She is a skillful organizer, and much of her power is probably due to personal magnetism. She is of striking appearance, her eyes being black and her hair a silvery gray.

Mrs. D. Lincoln, vice director general, is better known in Washington by her pen name of Bessie Beach. She organized the Woman's National Press association and was for eight years its president. Mrs. Alice Lee Moque, the adjutant general, is a well known newspaper woman. Mrs. Martha C. Hunt, treasurer, and Miss Mabel Clayton, secretary, are both prominent in Washington society.

Women Stevedores.

Women load and unload vessels in some of the Japanese ports.

LAWYERS TALK SHOP

WILL DISCUSS NEW LAWS AND LEGAL PROCEDURE.

Preparing For the Annual Convention of the American Bar Association at Cleveland—An Impressive and Important Gathering—Some Interesting Features.

The American Bar association holds its annual convention this year in Cleveland. The sessions will begin on Aug. 25 and will be continued on the 26th and 27th.

This is one of the few national conventions where deliberations are really of national importance. The association numbers among its members practically every lawyer of note in the country, and as most of our lawmaking is done by lawyers these conventions often exert a powerful influence in directing legislation. Even congress listens with respect to suggestions from the American Bar association, and state legislatures are generally ready to accept advice from it, though not always. Not only lawyers, but judges, including the justices of the supreme court, are members of the association.

It can readily be seen, then, what a great gathering of legal talent these conventions summon. Often there are distinguished guests from abroad, and on several occasions the lord chief justice of England has been in attendance. Lord Russell was the guest of honor last year at the Saratoga convention, and he addressed the association on the subject of international law and arbitration.

For many years the conventions were held exclusively in Saratoga, but about seven years ago the custom of holding the gatherings in various large cities

JAMES W. WOOLWORTH.

was inaugurated. Boston, Detroit, Milwaukee and other cities have welcomed the lawyers, and now Cleveland is to be visited. The membership is not large, only about 1,600 names appearing on the roll, but these members are the foremost legal lights in the land, the lesser luminaries being connected with state bar associations. The attendance usually averages about 500 members, but the sessions are open to all lawyers.

The chief feature of the convention is always the address of the president. This takes the form of an exhaustive review of the legislation of the year just past in congress and in the state legislatures. It is usually a most instructive and valuable article to the preparation of which each succeeding official must give a great deal of hard work. This makes the office of president no sinecure, and according to the constitution of the association a new president must be elected each year.

The address this year will be made by President James M. Woolworth of Omaha, who has practiced law there for over 40 years, and who is regarded as one of the leading lawyers of the west. He is a native of New York state, where his father before him was an eminent lawyer and a well known educator as well. President Woolworth was graduated from Hamilton college at the age of 20 and began practicing law at the age of 25. He had every promise of success in the east, but preferred to go west. He settled in Omaha in 1856. He became city attorney, was elected member of the legislature and for a time was actively interested in politics, but he did not allow this to interfere with his law practice. He aided in framing the state constitution. Like his father he took an interest in public education and served as regent of the high schools of Omaha.

As an author and writer on legal subjects Mr. Woolworth has become widely known in his profession. He has published several addresses on education and social science, and his work along these lines has won him recognition from various colleges. From Racine college he holds the degree of LL. D., from the University of Nebraska L. H. D., and from Trinity college, Toronto, D. C. L.

The American Bar association has been in existence since 1878, when, in August of that year, a body of delegates representing the state bar associations met in the courtroom of the town hall at Saratoga and took the first steps toward perfecting a national organization. Benjamin H. Bristow of Kentucky was the first president. A constitution was adopted at the first convention, the opening article of which stated that "the object of the association shall be to advance the science of jurisprudence, promote the administration of justice and uniformity of legislation throughout the Union and encourage cordial intercourse among the members of the American bar."

The organization has a president, one vice-president from each state, a secretary, a treasurer, a council composed of one member from each state and an executive committee. Besides this the president annually appoints the following committees, each composed of five members: On jurisprudence, judicial administration and remedial procedure, legal education and admissions to the bar, commercial law, international law, publications and grievances.

S. C. SCHENCK.

A BALLROOM SENSATION.

Countess Ancaster Proclaims the Degeneracy of the Modern Dance.

The Countess of Ancaster, who has created a dog day diversion and stirred up the society people of two hemispheres

COUNTESS ANCASTER.

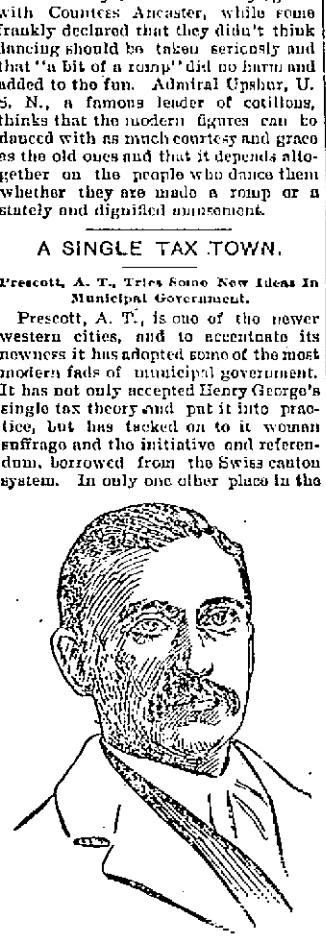
by declaring that the modern dance has degenerated into a graceless romp, is a lady to whose opinions the fashionable folk of London will pay no little attention, for her daughter is no less a personage than the wife of the queen's equerry, General Sir Henry Ewart. It is doubtful, however, if the Americans who attend the hops at Bar Harbor, Newport and other fashionable watering places will value the opinions of the mother-in-law of the queen's equerry as highly as they should. And this is sad indeed.

The countess protests that old fashioned courtesy has gone the way of the minuet and the way the stately quadrille is now going. Others have probably made the same comment, but they did not make their criticisms from the vantage point of a high social position such as she occupies. It is somewhat remarkable, though, that even the Countess of Ancaster should cause such a flutter. No sooner had her words been cabled to America than the society reporters of the metropolitan journals were sent scurrying among the social leaders to find out what they thought of her remarks. Many of them heartily agreed with Countess Ancaster, while some frankly declared that they didn't think dancing should be taken seriously and that "a bit of a romp" did no harm and added to the fun. Admiral Upshur, U. S. N., a famous leader of cotillions, thinks that the modern figures can be danced with as much courtesy and grace as the old ones and that it depends altogether on the people who dance them whether they are made a romp or a stately and dignified amusement.

A SINGLE TAX TOWN.

Prescott, A. T., Tries Some New Ideas In Municipal Government.

Prescott, A. T., is one of the newer western cities, and to accentuate its newness it has adopted some of the most modern fads of municipal government. It has not only accepted Henry George's single tax theory and put it into practice, but has tacked on to it woman suffrage and the initiative and referendum, borrowed from the Swiss canton system. In only one other place in the



MAYOR W. O. O'NEILL.

world has the single tax system been given a trial, and that is in a New Zealand colony.

The adoption of the single tax idea in Arizona is due almost to the enthusiastic efforts of the mayor of Prescott, William O. O'Neill. Mayor O'Neill has been for many years one of the celebrities of the southwest. As a Republican he has held a number of offices, among them that of adjutant general of the state. He was mayor of Yavapai county in the memorable days of the Pleasant valley war, one of the bloodiest feuds which ever raged in that section. He was elected mayor of Prescott, however, as the leading exponent of a political theory with which the citizens had decided to experiment.

Prescott has been under the single tax system less than two months now, so the results cannot yet be fairly judged. Thus far there has been no complaint from the taxpayers, and the new system promises to furnish all the revenue needed for municipal purposes. A uniform tax of $2 is levied on each city lot without discrimination as to value. Besides this a street tax of $3 is levied on each male citizen, but this is intended as merely a temporary measure. The only other tax levied is one of $1,000 each on saloons, and the proprietors of the most prominent drinking places favor it. The experiment is an interesting one to watch.

Thirty-five Centenarians.

Massachusetts has been counting up its centenarians and finds the number to be 35. Tobacco and regular grog were not the preservatives in these cases, for all but five are women.

THEY BOTH DENY.

Senators Stewart and Jones Contradict a New York Newspaper Story.

Senators Stewart and Jones each denies the interviews published about them in a New York paper: Although Senator Stewart has ventured upon the ground of the Wall street bulls and bears a number of times within the last few days, he denounces the published statement that he has been speculating and declares it is one of a series of falsehoods that are always told about him when he comes to New York.

"I never buy or sell a share of stock in this city," he said, "and I do not intend to. I did not say that all a man has to do is to go into Wall street, go to sleep and get rich. I stand by old issues. I did not declare that the time has passed for these issues and that we must turn to face new ones; neither did I advise my friends of the west to stop talking silver, as has been suggested.

"Prosperity is here—there is no doubt of it—but do you realize that this prosperity results from the adversity of others? In all North America there are good crops. In the rest of the world the crops are poor.

"The United States is the granary of the world. Of course this means for farmers higher prices, for railroads increased business and bigger dividends. Let our crops be poor next year and crops abroad be good and we will return to old conditions.

"Me stop talking of silver!" said the senator. "That would be to stop advocating that which will insure permanent prosperity. Now is the time to talk silver. In prosperity is our greatest hope of winning. Better times bring independence. Success removes the shackles from downtrodden men. Last year men were the slaves of the plutocrats. Hunger drove them to sell their votes or submit to dictation. Prosperity will make them independent, and they will vote according to their judgment, and that will be for silver."

Senator Jones likewise denies the reported interview in this way:

"There is a boom. Confidence has been revived to some extent. There is more work than there was and capital is becoming interested in projects which a few weeks ago it would have been afraid of. But with all these things there is no actual change in conditions. The immediate surroundings of the boom of today are those of the depression of yesterday. Let me say, and say it clearly, that there can be no real prosperity until we have a scientific currency; until the supply of money is gauged by the demand. Without this prosperity will prove a delusion."

"What do you think of the continued fall in the price of silver?"

"I think it is perfectly natural. When there is no demand for a thing, its price usually declines. Silver has been demonetized here and now Japan is on a gold basis. Besides this, there has been a falling off in the purchases of silver by eastern countries. Every country that had a trade worth talking about has felt the hard times. The eastern countries use silver money and most of our purchases are paid for in that metal. It comes to the same thing."

A WARNING TO MINERS.

If the Rush Is Stopped Now, There Will Be No Starvation.

The warning sent out by Secretary of the Interior Bliss brought this response from P. B. Weare, head of the North American Trading and Transportation company:

"I congratulate and thank you for your official warning to people rushing to the Yukon-Klondike mining country at this season of the year.

"We are making gigantic efforts to get food into the country and shall have a large amount at Dawson; also at the mouth of the Tanana river and at the mouth of the Yukon. We will have four sailing vessels and two steamers at the mouth of the Yukon as late as Oct. 1.

"There need be no starvation if the stampede is stopped now. If more people go in than can be taken care of, they can go down the river and come out on our steamers and sailing vessels, or winter at the provision depots at lower river points.

"We are building five steamboats at Fort Get There, St. Michael's Island, this winter, and a heavy force of builders will be there. They are a good class of people, but it is important that a commissioner be there."

Classifications In Geology.

A most interesting series of discussions will take place before the international geological congress, which is to hold its seventh annual session in St. Petersburg Aug. 29 to Sept. 4 ensuing, the subjects to be considered by the congress being general principles of international importance relating to geology. Among these subjects as announced will be discussion as to whether geology shall adopt the artificial classification, founded solely on historical data, based on the changes of physical geography or fauna, and not on the accidental limits of various divisions called after the name of the country where they have first been determined. It is also expected that rules will be drawn up to be followed definitely in the introduction of new terms in stratigraphical nomenclature. Another question, regarded as of equal importance, is that of petrographical nomenclature—that is, some positive and well understood agreement as to the principles.

Under the Sea to Ireland.

A scheme which is interesting British capitalists and engineers is the building of a railroad between Scotland and Ireland under the Irish channel. It is proposed to construct a tunnel 82 miles in length, 24 of which would lie under the sea. The cost of such a road is estimated at £10,000,000. The promoters of the plan think that a profit of 2 or 3 per cent would be paid to the investors.

A Love Song.

Far away in a sunset town
Are the flowers blooming fair,
And the world looks up and the sky bends down,
But the fairest rose in that sunset town
Is a girl with golden hair.

O rosebud sweet;
O flower fair,
O blue eyed maid
With golden hair,
There's one to think of thee!

Far away in the crimson west
Do the song birds' voices rise,
And the world is glad and the people blest,
But the sweetest bird in that dreamland west
Is a girl with deep blue eyes.

O song bird sweet,
O flower fair,
O blue eyed maid
With golden hair,
The world shall sing of thee!

—Joseph W. Humphries in Atlanta Constitution.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE STORY TELLER

LADY FLORA'S GARDEN.

I love to watch my lady flit
Among her garden's quaint trim plots,
Her tresses match the sunflowers' gold,
Her eyes the blue forgetmenots.

A very flower among the flowers,
She hath the same unconscious grace,
Just watch her as the sunshine falls
Upon her blossom of a face.

Oh, happy rose that at her waist
She doth with her girdle bind
Thrice happy pinks she tucketh close
Beneath her little, dimple chin!

While butterflies that she declares
Are dead flowers' souls drift to and fro,
And solemn bees on thrift intent
With their sweet burdens come and go.

The pansies' wistful faces seem
To brighten at her sunny smile.
The sweet peas nod their heads to her
In their own easy kind of style.

In sooth, it is a goodly sight,
This garden with its trim, quaint plots
And Goddess Flora in its midst
With eyes like the forgetmenots.

I love my lady at her work,
I love her in her hours of rest,
But when I see her among her flowers
I think I love my lady best.

—M. Holderwick Browne in Kansas City Star.

THE BLUE HOUSE.

Here is the story that my Uncle Jean, who died recently, used often to tell me:

You know, he would say to me, that my business called me often to the four quarters of France. I noticed on one of my journeys, near the outskirts of Dijon, which is called Blaisy Bas, a little cottage of strange aspect and of still more strange color.

The first time I noticed it—it is fully 40 years since then—it was at a stopping of the express train. In the garden in front of it a little girl was playing with a doll, a child of about 10, very fair and rosy, dressed in a dainty spring dress and with a blue ribbon in her hair. She was very pretty. I was not happy that morning. Business had not gone well, and I was returning to Paris sad and preoccupied. This sudden vision in the tiny garden calmed me. Was it the beautiful day, the charm of this little girl and the beautiful country that I was looking at? I said to myself, "One must be happy to live here; no sorrow, no weariness." And I envied the little girl her childish carelessness and gayety.

But the train started to move. At the same time one of the windows of the house was opened!

"Lauriné!" a voice called.

And the little girl went in. Lauriné—the name was pretty, and an hour afterward in the silences of the journey I thought of it again, and I saw once more the child, the doll, the garden and the little blue house. Then all was jumbled together, grew faint and was forgotten, the more because for a long time I had no business in that part of France.

I went often to the north of France or to the east, now to Lille, now to Nancy, and you understand I had other things to think of. About ten years passed thus, when one fine day I set out for Marseilles, and on my return the old memories returned to me. I took the night express in order to pass through Blaisy-Bas in the morning. It was still there, the blue house, of a well faded blue now, and, moreover, it seemed to me that it had a less well cared for, less well kept look than formerly, but in the garden a tall girl was seated. She was very fair and with a pink ribbon in her hair. It was Lauriné. I recognized her at once. Near her was a young man, very prepossessing and animated, her fiance without doubt, and around them was the same smiling calm, the same peace of mind.

I was positively quite happy, quite moved myself, and when again the train started I leaned from my window and, waving my hand, nodded my head and cried:

"Farewell, Mlle. Lauriné!"

The young girl looked at me quite astonished. Then the young man. They burst out laughing, and still from my window I watched them waving their handkerchiefs at me. I was delighted.

Year after year passed. I was nearly always on the Marseilles road, but busy, very busy. Each time I was forced to gain an hour or two by taking the fast express that passed Blaisy-Bas in the night without stopping. At last one day, less busy than before, I took the evening train which stops at Blaisy-Bas in the morning. How many years had passed since that little scene in the garden when I had seen Lauriné with her fiancé? Twelve, or perhaps 15 years, I don't remember.

This time, when the train stopped in front of the little station, there was in the garden only a small boy, with unkempt hair, playing with a great dog stretched on the grass. Was I not to see Lauriné?

I was already quite sad, when the little boy began to call:

"Maman, maman, the train!"

Then a lady stepped out of the house. It was certainly she, a little less fair, but nevertheless I recognized her at once, and looking at her quite tenderly I discreetly raised my hand to my hat. She answered my salutation a little surprised. She was indeed always the same, as simple and amiable as her own life. On departing, to mark my passage with a little souvenir, I tossed an orange to the child in the garden, and saw it roll down the terrace followed by the big dog.

Then came the most eventful period of my life. It was a short time after this that I made my great journey to Turkey—so eventful, so full of sudden changes, that today, after so many years, I seem to speak of a dream. How many ups and downs I had before I made my little fortune! It was down there, you know, that I was shipwrecked on the Black sea. You can imagine if in that life I thought often of Blaisy-Bas and the blue house. Ah, well, on the sinking ship, in that ominous hour when I was separated from death only by a plank, it was still that memory that crossed my mind as clear and precise as in the first hour. I said to myself: "My poor Jean, this will teach you to travel around the world. If you had been willing to live quietly, like your friend Lauriné, in some blue house under the sun of Burgundy, such things as this would not have happened to you either."

I escaped nevertheless, and I have often told you how. You know of the Holland ship that passed, as though by a miracle, at the end of two days, when my strength was spent. At the end of 15 or 20 years—you see, at my age one forgets the exact dates—I returned to France, and after passing several days in Marseilles I took for the last time the train for Paris. I had never been ambitious, and the little money I was carrying home would suffice for my old age. This was then my last journey, the end of all my adventures.

At 5 o'clock we arrived at Blaisy-Bas. Can you believe me? My heart beat as if it would burst, and I confess that I was not so moved when a few hours later I met my own family. Near the station the blue house appeared as before in the sunlight. By a singular coincidence I thought all at once of my shipwreck in the Black sea. It must have been thus that day, calm and indifferent as ever, while out there in my last hour I thought of it, but the train was stopping just in front of it, and I saw in the garden under the arbor, surrounded by children and grandchildren, an elderly woman, not really aged, but with bands of silvery hair under a large cap.

It was Lauriné! No one would have known her but me. Not one minute was I in doubt. And in a flash I saw her again as a child, playing with her doll, then as a girl, then as a woman, now as a grandmother, always different, yet always like herself. This time I regretted bitterly that I must go away. I knew that I would never pass this way again, and I wanted to stop a moment to speak at least to this old friend of 40 years whom I did not know. Chance favored my wish. A slight accident happened to the engine. They told us we would have an hour at least to wait. That decided me.

I advanced almost trembling to the gate. I tell you I was never so moved. I was never timid, however, and I had just seen some tough times among the Turks. At last I rang. The gardener opened the gate. I told him that I wanted to speak to the elderly lady in the arbor. He told me to enter, ran to tell the lady, and she came.

The next minute Lauriné was near me, and I know no longer what to say to her. It was she who broke the silence.

"What is it, monsieur, to which I owe the honor of your visit?"

Timidly I asked, "Do you not know me?"

"No, indeed, monsieur."

"But I know you well. Just think, it is a long time that I have known you. I saw you as a child, playing with your doll in this garden. I was the man, you must remember, who said good day from the car window when you were betrothed, and later, quite a little later, it was I who threw an orange to the little"—

The good lady looked at me quite frightened. She had at first receded several steps, taking me no doubt for a madman. Then, reassured by my good old face, she answered quite sweetly:

"You are certainly in error, monsieur, my family and I have lived in the blue house only about a year."

I was stupefied. "You—are—not—Lauriné"—

"Lauriné! I do not know what you mean. We have no one here by that name."

It seemed as though I dreamed. As she walked away I asked:

"Pardon me, madame, one more question. Who lived here before you did?"

"Before us? An old man, a bachelor. He lived here ten years."

Bowing ceremoniously, she took me to the gate and closed it behind me. I found myself in the tiny streets of Blaisy-Bas, quite confused, my heart heavy, as though after some misfortune. I wished, however, to inquire about the matter, quite sure that there was some unheard of mistake, some strange coincidence. I questioned the guard at the station. He knew nothing, being new in the country, but he directed me to an old man, the oldest in the village, who lived quite near the station, just opposite the blue house.

He gathered together his thoughts.

"Lauriné—let me see—Lauriné. I don't remember"—

"But the lady I saw in the garden about 15 years ago, rather plump and having light chestnut hair. She had with her a little child and a great dog."

"Ah," said he, "with a great dog. Wait a minute—with a great dog. Oh, yes, that was the wife of the comptroller. She was from Macon, Mme. Gilamet, but her name was not Lauriné. I remember well, for I was over there a great deal. Her name was Francoise."

I was dumfounded.

"But look here, monsieur, think back about ten years before. A young girl, fair also; tall, with a blue ribbon in her hair, who was there with a tall, dark young man, her fiance."

The old man thought and thought. At last he called his wife, a little old woman, with bright eyes and a determined step, who seemed to have a good memory. We told her our discussion.

"Oh, that was Mlle. Stephanie, the daughter of the contractor, a tall girl, with a ribbon. Certainly, that was she. She married a merchant from Dijon, poor girl, and they are separated. She lives with her parents up there at Somberuon, and is very unhappy." I felt my head swim. The hour was over and the train was ready to start.

"But Lauriné," I exclaimed, "but Lauriné. I saw her when she was quite small and heard her name. It seems to me I see her yet playing with her doll in the garden."

"Why, monsieur," began the old lady, "why didn't you say that at first? You speak first of a woman, then of a young girl, and at last of a child. Yes, I recall her. I have my faculties yet," she said, with pride. "Lauriné? Yes, that is it, but you speak of a long time ago. It is no less than 40 years. A little blond, the daughter of the druggist. They were relatives of ours. We lost her just as she was finishing her tenth year, poor thing, in the same year in the month of May."

Just the year and month in which for the first time I had noticed the blue house. A few days at most after I had passed through, and I for 40 years had followed her life.

At this place in his story my uncle always became sad. He would pass his hand two or three times across his forehead and would say slowly: "You see, my boy, my story is of no importance, and yet it is the whole of life. To live happily in one delusion we must not examine them too closely, nor open our eyes too wide, nor descend too far into the depths of things."—Translated For Short Stories.

Who First Opened a Sunday School?

Robert Raikes has been much belauded as the originator of Sunday schools, but when he was a small boy, with all his philanthropies in the future, a neighbor of his living 12 miles from his native city was quietly holding a Sunday school on her own account. On a white marble slab in Finxley church, among other records of Catharine Bovey's life work, there is a mention of this:

"How far her bounty extended was best known to herself alone, but much of it appeared to her honor and God's glory in frequent distribution to the poor, and especially the charity schools round about the country, relieving those in prison and delivering many of them out of it, in contributing to churches of the English establishment abroad as well as aiding several at home, in clothing and feeding her indigent neighbors and in teaching their children, some of whom every Sunday by turns she entertained at her house and condescended to examine them herself."—Longman's Magazine.

WANT COLUMN.

LOST (?).—ON COBURN STREET SATURday. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to 93 Coburn street.

A 1 STORAGE FOR PIANOS, CARRIAGES furniture, safes. J. McDonald, 30 John street; C. H. Frost, 120 Central.

WANTED—TWO MEN FOR PERMANENT situation. $24 per month. Call at 34 Central street, Room 1. F. J. R.

STORE AND TENEMENT TO LET.—257 and 129 Merrimack street. John Whitty.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at Sun office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 80 Market street. John W. Kinnan, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

BARN TO LET IN BELVIDERE. APPLY at 6 Everett street.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 78 Chestnut street.

LADY WITH GOOD REFERENCE TO work at home in spare time. Can make $3 to $12 a week. No books or canvassing. Work light and respectable. Permanent position to right party. We furnish work and teach you free. Send 10c for sample and instructions. The Carter Chemical Co., 120 So. Second St., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—A VICTOR BICYCLE IN good order. Will sell for $20. Inquire at Sun office.

GENTLEMEN—REMEMBER THE CHEAPest place to have your clothing cleaned and repaired is at L. W. Baldwin's, Room 9, Associate Building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.

FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET. A frame cottage house in good repair. Must be sold on account of sickness. Price, $1550. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF GOOD boarding and lodging houses at different prices and different locations. Some of them will be sure to suit you if you are looking for anything in that line. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—ON JUNE STREET, NEARLY new cottage house in first class repair, large lot of land, all modern improvements. Price only $1900. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or brilliant painting rooms. Apply at Legault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

LADIES, CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—NEAR LAKEVIEW AVENUE 7-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—TO YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—ON SHAW STREET, GOOD 5-room house in first class repair. Good workshop, lots of land. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—7 MILES FROM LOWELL. A good farm of 160 acres; good barn, fine house, lots of fruit. If you want a farm this will suit you. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dowse', Central street. A. Morse', Gorham street, pharmacists.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

MANAGER—COMPETENT MAN TO MANage distributing point for manufacturing concern; salary $1200 per year and percentage; $500 cash required to partly cover stock carried. Address W. L. Mason, Copley Square Hotel, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—PARTY LOOKING FOR BUSIness where small capital safe as in government, will bring large returns. Call and investigate at 189 Middlesex street.

WAGONS—A HIGH GRADE DEMOCRAT and grocery wagon and covered square wagon made to order, will be sold be ow cost; also good second-hand democrat. 69 Robbins street.

LOST—A GREEN PARROT. THE FINDER will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Sun office.

TO LET—FLAT IN THE NEW "BELLEvue" apartment house, No. 137 Stackpole street, fitted with all modern conveniences. Finest location in the city.

THOMAS EARLEY'S SOAP—EVERY LADY in Lowell should give it a trial. Washing made easier than the old way.

HOUSE GIRL WANTED AT 234 FLETcher Street.

WANTED—TEN MORE LADIES TO TAKE orders for Thomas Earley's soap. Call A. R. Pelletier, Brooks House, Tyler street after six.

LOST—A ST. BERNARD PUP, ABOUT TEN months old. Last seen on Middlesex street. Reward at 324 Market street.

LADIES—DO PLAIN NEEDLEWORK AND sewing at home. $1.50 a day; no humbug, two months' work guaranteed; stamped envelope for particulars. Wilday and Hutton, Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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PETER WATSON'S

Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your house. Parties and weddings specialty.

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285 Central Street.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 43	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 25	7 40	6 25	7 51
6 43	7 55	6 45	§7 30
§7 05	8 12	7 55	9 10
*§7 20	8 10	*8 30	§9 16
*§7 21	8 16	*9 00	§9 35
§7 34	8 50	9 15	§10 25
*7 45	8 57	*9 30	10 07
§7 50	8 65	10 00	11 15
*8 00	9 47	10 45	11 58
9 15	10 50	11 30	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 56
11 00	12 01	*1 00	§1 56
§11 42	12 25	*1 15	1 57
§12 16	1 05	2 00	3 04
1 40	2 50	*3 00	§3 40
3 00	4 25	3 47	5 03
*§3 47	4 30	4 14	§5 37
*§4 02	4 45	4 47	6 55
4 25	5 33	*5 00	5 45
§5 22	6 15	5 34	6 35
6 41	7 10	5 47	6 57
*§6 22	7 05	6 14	7 30
§7 40	8 30	*7 30	§8 05
§8 40	9 42	*8 00	§8 38
		10 15	11 31
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§1 20	8 10	2 15	§3 05
§7 28	8 15	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§4 23	5 32	7 36	§8 14
§5 55	7 00	8 00	§8 38
		9 00	10 05

Western Division

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 05	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 40
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 58	3 40	4 56
2 30	3 43	4 25	5 45
2 55	4 02	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 25	6 01	7 13
5 10	6 42	6 35	7 48
6 15	7 26	9 10	10 37
7 00	8 16	11 15	12 10
9 25	10 56		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 03	1 20	11 45	12 05
4 16	5 25	5 00	6 26
5 30	6 55	8 10	9 10
8 45	9 56		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

ɪɪ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

A RED HOT TEA STORE.

We have made our store red hot. "Call and see it," with the way we have hustled out the tables with a pound of 60 cent tea. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 65 Merrimack st.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central st.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 556-3.

There is considerable criticism on the manner in which Rogers street is being constructed.

Do you want grain of the crop of '96? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, will sell you some.

Church street, at the corner of Warren, is a dangerous spot for driving, the roadway being worn away.

Former operatives of Faulkner's mills say preparations are being made to again start the machinery.

The telephone or postal card will reach Rourke & Sullivan and bring you the best coal at the lowest prices. Tel. 556-3.

The Boston & Maine has recently put down a couple of miles of new rails between East Billerica and Wilmington.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

Foresters' gala day will be held on the Fair grounds next Saturday, when there will be a long list of sports including a dog race, a horse race, and foot races.

Congressman Knox, Mayor Courtney, Speaker Bates, Secretary Sessions, and Rev. W. A. Bartlett are expected to be speakers at the annual dinner of the Middlesex North Agricultural society.

Charles E. Goulding and Harry J. Corwin, who have been doing Scotland and England and a bit of the continent on bicycles, returned home on Wednesday and dropped into the routine of business life again.

At the next meeting of the overseers of the poor, it is expected that some action will be taken on the transfer of the woodyard from the city farm to the former location and the establishment of a city distribution station. There is said to be opposition to the proposed transfer.

Miss Abbie C. Morrow of New York city, editor of the Sunday School lesson expositor, "The Illustrator," will be at the Branch Street Tabernacle Sunday, Aug. 22. Owing to her ability and distinction as a bible student, the church will hold an afternoon meeting in her honor on the date named at 2.30 p. m. to which everybody is invited. Pastors and Sunday school teachers are requested to take notice.

PURCHASED MARBLE SHOP.

Messrs. John Meehan and Patrick J. Mahan, two well known stone cutters, have bought out the business formerly conducted by the late James Mahan, at 1091 Gorham street, opposite the Fair Grounds, where they will be pleased to meet their many friends who used anything in the line of granite and marble monuments, head stones and curbings. Both gentlemen are experienced workmen and any orders left to their care will be promptly and carefully executed.

MAN UNCONSCIOUS

FELL FROM A STAIRWAY ON TILDEN STREET.

Fred Willets, residing on Middlesex street, was found in an unconscious condition on Tilden street Saturday night. There is a stairway leading down to a yard that runs off the street and Willets fell down these stairs and was injured. The ambulance was called and he was taken to St. John's hospital.

It was found that no bones were broken, so he was taken to his home.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Members of Manchester Unity, Odd Fellows, held their excursion to Nantasket Saturday. Many went down on the special train at 7.40 a. m., and dinner was partaken of at the Ocean View. Mr John Dean was general manager of the affair, and there were special committees from each of the five lodges, the Excelsior, Integrity, Wamesit, and Merrimack Valley, and Victoria lodge, the women's branch.

The members of the Florence club and their lady friends enjoyed an outing at Long Pond yesterday.

A new Good Templar lodge to be known as Highland lodge will be instituted in the vestry of the Highland M. E. church at 8 o'clock this evening. The grand secretary, Mrs. Sarah A. Leonard, will conduct the ceremony, assisted by Past Grand Councillor Hector Turnbull.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

WITH THE POLICE

Violations of Law Reported by Officers

DRUNKEN MAN FOUND LYING ON TRACKS

Several Teams Stolen—A Stone Throwing Case.

Thomas Reagan, while passing through Williams street, Saturday night was struck on the head with a stone thrown by a Pole. He was taken to St. John's hospital where Dr. Ricker took three stitches in the cut, which is over the eye. It was reported at the time that Reagan had been stabbed but such was not the case.

A Pole giving his name as Michael Chiesle was arrested later in the night and according to his story he and others were sitting on their door steps when a shower of stones were thrown at them. Reagan happened to be coming along at the time and he was taken for one of he offenders.

ALLEYS BROKEN INTO.

Investigation shows that at the break of Les Miserables bowling alleys of which Edward Hunt and James Hesslan are under arrest, about 50 pairs of bowling shoes were stolen in addition to a large quantity of bowling chalk.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

Officer John Walsh found a man named Fred A. Blodgelt lying intoxicated on the railroad tracks near the Thorndike street depot Saturday night. Had the officer been a minute later Blodgett would have been killed, for a train rushed by immediately after he had been pulled off. He was taken to the police station.

STOLE A RIDE.

George Dale, a wanderer, took a horse and carriage from Moore street Saturday night, and drove down town before he was caught. He was arrested.

ANOTHER TEAM STOLEN.

Patrick F. Greening telephoned to the police station last night that his team had been stolen from Summer street, where he had left it. He gave a description of it and later it was found in the possession of Thomas McCabe. The latter explained that Greening's son was driving the horse before 1.30 o'clock and had invited him to ride. McCabe did so, and the two went to McCabe's house on Lawrence street. Last night, he claimed, he took the team down town to buy something to drink, and was arrested. The horse was taken to Peabody's stable. Later in the night Patrick F. Greening, the owner, called at the police station, but unfortunately for himself, he carried a jag with him and was locked up.

TWO BROTHERS FIGHT.

Lawrence and Thomas Scilley, living on Lakeview avenue, were arrested by Officers Swan and Fitzpatrick Saturday night while fighting. They were arrested for drunkenness and on the way to the police station, one of them broke the twisters.

NASHUA MAN ARRESTED.

Henry Charan, a Nashua man wanted for abandoning his child, was arrested Saturday by Inspector Allen and Officer J. A. Walsh. He was sent to Nashua.

FOUND A SATCHEL.

Officer J. B. Crowley found a satchel containing a number of useful articles at the corner of Prescott and Merrimack streets Saturday.

POLICE COURT—PICKMAN, J.

Twenty drunks.

Thomas Cox received three months in jail.

Alice Murtagh was awarded a six months' scholarship in jail.

Minnie Willoughby was more unfortunate, as she got an entire year in jail.

George Dale, the young man who purloined a horse and carriage and drove down town was sent to jail for six months.

Probable cause was found in the case of Edward J. Hunt and James H. Hesslan, who were charged with breaking and entering Les Miserables alleys, and they were held in $400 each for the grand jury.

David O'Hara, the man arrested for illegal keeping, was found guilty and fined $65. He appealed.

Robert Donohue was in on the charge of bastardy preferred by Margaret Toohey.

DO YOU SNEEZE?

The Season of Agonizing Hay Fever is at Hand.

Going away this summer?

To avoid hay fever?

Don't do it!

Stay at home.

And sneeze?

And suffer?

With red and smarting eyes, stinging nasal passages and burning throat.

Not at all.

Use California Catarrh Cure.

Use it only.

Use it often.

Use it morning and evening.

Use it as often as you have to.

And avoid hay fever.

California Catarrh Cure is the greatest reliever of hay fever and the greatest cure.

If you want proofs we will refer you to cures.

Mr. Joseph A. Rand, a Newburyport man, says, "I was troubled for many years with catarrh and hay fever. I doctored lots for it, but for all the money I spent I got no help. My head troubled me much, and I was kept constantly spitting and hawking. In the summer on the 20th of August, I always had hay fever, which lasted until the frost came. These attacks always left my catarrh much worse, and at last I had about all the symtoms of the disease. As I said, all the doctoring I spent money for did me no good; but by great good luck I heard of California Catarrh Cure, and better luck, I used some. The first bottle relieved at once and did me an immense amount of good. It cleared my head and kept it clear, made my throat feel all right, and was pleasant to take too! I kept on using it right through the summer, and it helped my hay fever wonderfully. It relieves at once and thorough use will cure the worst cases. I am glad to recommend it, it has done so much for me."

C. C. C. is sold by all druggists, 50 cents, nearly three times as much, $1.

Pillosophy.

Of making many pills there is no end. Every pill-maker says: "Try my pill," as if he were offering you bon bons! The wise man finds a good pill and sticks to it. Also, the wise man who has once tried them never forsakes

..Ayer's Cathartic Pills..

VALUABLE ART WORK

BEAUTIFUL COPY OF MURILLO'S PICTURE UNVEILED YESTERDAY AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

The Morning Citizen has the following in reference to the beautiful picture, the unveiling of which was announced by the Sun to take place last evening:

Worshippers at the church of the Immaculate Conception yesterday were pleased to see over the door leading to Stackpole street a magnificent oil painting in a heavy gilt frame. The subject of the work is seen so frequently in prints and engravings that few failed to recognize a lifelike copy of the celebrated "Immaculate Conception" by Murillo, and it was greatly admired by all.

Just before the vesper service the picture was blessed by the rector, Rev. William D. Joyce, O.M.I., as all objects of use or ornament in and about a Catholic church are by prayer and ceremony set aside or dedicated to religious purposes. After the rosary, Fr. Joyce explained the presence of the picture and told something about the original. This famous product of the brush of the great Spanish artist now hangs in the gallery of the Louvre in Paris, where it is constantly surrounded by artists engaged in making copies of it. It was taken from Seville in Spain by Marshal Soult in the peninsular war, and on the dispersal of the belligerent troops the collection was bought and placed in the Louvre where it has since been the object of interested attention from artists and laity alike. It is called the "Immaculate Conception," but could as well be taken as a representation of the assumption, which feast was celebrated yesterday.

The copy in the church, Fr. Joyce said, was the work of Mr. Timothy O'Shea of Limerick, Ireland, whose fine portrait of Fr. Garin is the leading and most valued ornament of the Oblates' community house. Mr. O'Shea had sent it hither to be disposed of but the fathers were so impressed with its excellence that they decided to retain it for the church, feeling sure that the congregation would gladly assist in its purchase to further beautify their magnificent temple. The time has arrived when something may be done to embellish the church and to make it not only the most beautiful of local churches, but one of the finest in the United States. Already the picture has been seen by several Lowell citizens familiar with the original, who have pronounced it not only a fine copy but one which presents the spirit of Murillo's art most faithfully. Especially is this true of the cherubs, which are above and below the figure of the Madonna forming the centre of the painting. They are admirably drawn and artistically painted. Fr. Joyce said the picture would doubtless draw many lovers of art to the church and none can fail to be pleased with so faithful a copy of one of the great paintings of the world.

The picture is 9 feet by 7 in size, including the frame, and the canvass itself is a trifle larger than the original. There is no question of the fidelity of the work as a copy, and none whatever of its value in the enrichment of the church. The Catholic church has always promoted art in its varied forms and in Europe especially its churches are filled with the works of the most famous painters and sculptors in Christendom. In this beginning of the work of decorating its walls with the masterpieces of the brush, the church of the Immaculate Conception has followed the example and practice of the church since the days when the burial places of the Christians in Rome were adorned with religious paintings.

KLONDIKE PARTY

OF FRENCH-AMERICANS TO BE ORGANIZED.

It is said that about 30 French-Americans of this city are talking of organizing a party to go to Klondike. Napoleon Cossette will start for the gold fields in the spring.

MAGUIRES ACQUITED

OF THE CHARGE OF MURDER BROUGHT AGAINST THEM IN IRELAND.

James and Thomas Maguire, who formerly lived on Market street in this city, and who, while on a visit to Ireland, were arrested in Belfast, charged with the murder of William Fenniston a cattle dealer, have been acquitted and are now on their way to America.

CHILD'S BODY REPORTED FOUND.

A man notified Officer Libby yesterday that in crossing Central bridge he saw the body of a child, apparently 4 or 5 years of age, floating down the river. The officer went down the bank for some ways, but could find nothing.

Clearance Sale

of Summer Goods to make room for

NEW FALL GOODS.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York, Importer and Tailor,

NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET.

LOWELL.

They Build Their Own Convent.

Mme. Constance Maltman, whose house and grounds are on Grimes hill, about a mile above the St. George ferry station at Staten Island, N. Y., is having two brick buildings erected on a portion of her property. These buildings are to form the cloistered retreat of a new order of the Visitation and are the gift of Mme. Maltman. She and her daughter Marie will enter the convent as members of the order, and it is said that she will give nearly all of her property as a dowry to the sisterhood. This order is one the members of which live in seclusion from the world, making vestments, offering prayers and sometimes teaching. They never leave the walls of the convent.

Mme. Maltman has lived here since 1870. Her husband was a manufacturer of glassware and pottery in Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussia.

The new convent buildings are to be finished about Nov. 1, and the women will be received into the order by Archbishop Corrigan.

HOW IT SPREADS.

People Are Talking All Over it—Report Comes From Central Street.

How it spreads!

Can't keep a good thing down.

Ever notice how good things are imitated

Better the article, more the imitators

Fortunately the public have a safeguard.

Praise can't be imitated.

And true praise takes root and spreads.

Claim is one thing, proof is another.

Claim is what the manufacturer says

Proof is what the people say.

Lowell people say:

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Cure all kidney ills.

Hundreds of citizens testify to this.

Here is a case in point.

Mr. Mark Walsh of 128 Central street says:

"I fell from the third floor with an elevator, on which was a safe. I was taken to the hospital with some broken ribs, recovered, and returned to my employment. Kidney trouble developed, a bad backache, followed by painful urination, a tendency to gravel. If sitting, it was next to impossible to rise, so great and acute were the pains. I felt that I should put myself under the doctors, but before doing so, I read of Doan's Kidney Pills, and what they were doing in Lowell and sent to Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and got a box. I took them as directed and was helped at once. I now have no trouble of any kind, my back is all right, the urinary difficulty is entirely corrected, and it was Doan's Kidney Pills that did it. I am recommending them highly and you may send any one to me, and I will tell them my experience. If they helped me, they will help them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box. For sale by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

VISIT OUR NEW CHIROPODY AND MANICURE DEP'T.

THE "BUSY STORE."

REMNANTS! – REMNANTS!

Grand Clearance Sale of Remnants of Dress Goods, Silks and Wash Goods at a discount of from 25 to 75 per cent. off from former prices.

DRESS GOODS.

In lengths suitable for Ladies' Waists and Skirts, suitable for Children's Dresses and Cloaks. We have made them up into three lots which are three of the biggest Bargains ever offered in Lowell.

Remnants of 25c, 39c and some 50c Dress Goods, for **19c a Yard**

Remnants of 50c, 75c and some $1.00 Dress Goods Novelties and Plain Blacks and colors, for **29c a Yard**

Remnants of 25c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Dress Goods Novelties and Plain Blacks and Colors for **49c a Yard**

SILKS! SILKS!

Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **29c yd**

Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **39c yd**

Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **49c yd**

Remnants of Colored Silks, Fancies, **69c yd**

WASH GOODS and COTTONS

Remnants of Standard Shirting Prints, **3 1-4c Yard**

Remnants of Standard Zephyrs Ginghams, **7c Yard**

Remnants of Woodhall Ginghams, **5c Yd**

Remnants of Outing Flannels. **5c Yard**

Remnants of 36-in. 10x12½c Percales. **8c**

Remnants of Organdies, **5c**

Remnants of Organdies and Fancies, **9c**

Remnants of Brown Cotton, yard wide, **3¾c**

Remnants of Lonsdale Cambric, **7½c Yd**

Remnants of White Lawn, yard wide, **7c**

Remnants of 8-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **14c**

Remnants of 9-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **16c**

Remnants of 10-4 Sheeting, full bleached, **17c**

Remnants of almost everything for almost nothing.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Did you ever hear of Remnants of Boots and Shoes? We've got them.

Remnants of Ladies' Fine Vici Kid Oxfords, with Lenox Toe, worth $3, for **$1.19**

Remnants of Ladies' Oxford Blacks and Tans, all sizes, only **49c**

Remants of Ladies' Vici Black and Tan Oxfords for **89c**

Remnants of Ladies' Patent Leather Oxfords, also Canvas Oxfords worth $2.00, for **69c**

Rem's of Boys' Russet Leather Shoes **73c**

Remnants of Children's Kid Button Boots (green) for **39c**

Remnants of Misses' Russet and Black Oxfords, for **49c**

REMNANTS! REMNANTS! REMNANTS!

AT THE BUSY STORE.

☞The Only Dry Goods Store in Lowell GIVING TRADING COUPONS. We touch the Button Monday A. M., at 8.10 O'clock, and the Remnants are Yours for the Asking, Bring your Pocketbook, however.

YOURS MUTUALLY—THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.—BIG DEALERS

A Grand Sale of

LINENS!!

Bought direct from a prominent importing house the week before the new tariff went into effect. This is a special opportunity for hotel and restaurant keepers, housekeepers and all others who can appreciate good offerings at very low prices, we can save you from 10 to 50c. on the dollar.

TABLE LINEN.

Our line of Table Linen comprises some of the very best weaves, designs and qualities. Every piece of Linen in our store will be marked at an especially low price during sale. 37 1-2c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 23c.; 25c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 33c.; 50c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 39c.; 62 1-2c. Half Bleached Table Damask at 49c., this last one is fully 72 inches wide; 75c. Silver Bleached Table Damask at 59c.

SPECIAL.

5 pieces Full Bleached Table Damask, extra fine quality and worth $1.50 a yd., at $1; Napkins to match, 5-8 size $2 a doz., 3-4 size $2.75 a doz.

TURKEY RED TABLE DAMASK.

33c. quality at 21c., 37 1-2c. quality at 29c., 50c. quality at 37 1-2c., 75c quality at 55c.

TABLE COVERS.

All of our Fringed Table Covers, white, red and fancy bordered, to be closed out at prices to suit purchasers.

CRASH.

8c. Bleached Linen Crash at 5c., 10c. Bleached Linen Crash at 7c., 12 1-2c. Bleached Linen Crash at 9c., 17c. Bleached Linen Crash at 12 1-2c.

TOWELS.

1 lot of Bleached and Unbleached Turkish, also Fringed Cotton Towels, at 5c. each.

About 100 doz. of pure Linen Huck Towels, in either fringed or hemmed borders, actually worth 20c., at 12 1-2c. each.

1 lot very fine fancy Damask Hemstitched Towels, worth 37 1-2c., at 25c. each.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

STUPENDOUS

CLEARANCE SALE

Of Our Entire Stock of Shirt Waists, Tailor-Made Suits, Light-Weight Jackets and Capes.

We have created for Friday and Saturday selling values that will stand unchallenged for all time to come, as marvels in contemporary merchandizing, for absolutely LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES are reached where highest perfection is attained in tailoring of ready-to-wear garments. A purchase here can never be wrong, for your money back if you are not absolutely satisfied.

SHIRT WAISTS.

We have marked down our entire stock to prices that are mere fractions of the original cost, a special lot today is 10 dozen of up-to-date Waists in a broken assortment of sizes, goods that sold this season from $1.00 to $2.50, your choice

☞ **At 59c. Each.**

SILK WAISTS.

We offer for today and tomorrow about 3 dozen Foulard and Taffeta Silk Waists, red, navy, green and plum, in coin spots, stripes and scroll patterns, made with white laundered collar and soft cuffs, they are Waists that have sold this season from $5 to $6.50, your choice

☞ **At $2.95 Each.**

Visit Cloak and Suit Department today and tomorrow, it will pay you.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

At prices less than ever before quoted. Sterling values that will never be duplicated. Eton, Blazer, Reefer and Fly Front Suits, thoroughly well made and perfect fitting, many suits that can be worn all through the fall and winter season at prices ranging from

☞ **$6.75 to $12.00 Each.**

LIGHT WEIGHT JACKETS.

Values today and tomorrow that eclipse all previous bargain giving, Kersey Jackets, Covert Jackets, Scotch Mixtures, Broadcloth Jackets, all stylishly made, lined throughout with fancy Taffeta Silks. They are necessary articles of wearing apparel for beaches and mountains, also for wear at home mornings and evenings and constantly through the fall season up till the month of November. Extraordinary values from

☞ **$2.89 to $9.75 Each.**

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.